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## Editor

Bruce Sawford
Technical Editor
David Tebbutt
Regular Contributors Guy Kewney, Sheridan Williams, John Coll, Sue Eisenbach, Malcolm Peltu. Mike Knight, Dick Pountain
Consultants
John Coll, Mike Dennis, Charles Sweeten, Patrick Sutton, Michael James, R.W.Davy, David Hebditch, Sheridan Williams, Dr. Stephen Castell, Dr. D.J.Hanc
Advertising Manager Stephen England
Group Advertising Manager
Richard Howell
Production Manager
Dick Pountain
Art Director
Paul Carpenter
Art Assistants Jimmy Egerton, Julia Davies


Cover Illustration Hunt Emerson

## Typesetter

Jane Hamnell
Published by Sportscene Publishers (PCW) Ltd., 14 Rathbone Place, London W1P 1DE, England. Tel: 01-637 7991/2/3. Telex: 8954139 A/B 'Bunch' G. London
Copyright notice
Personal Computer World is published by Sportscene Pubishers (PCW) Ltd. © 1979 Felden Productions. No

## SEE YOU AT THE SHOW! The 2nd Personal Computer World show

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Because of the foregoing, it is necessary to add that the views expressed in articles we publish are not necessarily those of Personal Computer World. Overall, however, the magazine will try to represent a balanced, though independent viewpoint. Finally, before submitting an article, please check it through thoroughly for legibility and accuracy.

Subscription rates: Britain $£ 8.00$ for 12 issues, USA $\$ 20$ for 12 issues (surface mail), Continent and elsewhere $£ 9.80$ for 12 issues. All prices include postage and packing. Supplies to specialist shops can be arranged by negotiation direct with the publishers.

Dr. Chris' Evans, psychologist and computer scientist, died of cancer early in October following a period of indifferent health. Although having been at the forefront of computer science for many years, it's doubly tragic that this should have happened at a time when Chris' was due to attract far wider recognition with the television serialisation of his best-selling book, "The Mighty Micro". With his interests firmly centered around the man/machine interface, his flair and energy are sure to be greatly missed. The staff of Personal Computer World extend their sympathy and condolences to his family.

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- Hex and directory hander $\star$ ASMBLE - full 2802 pass assembler. $\star$ HDT - Hex
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builder $\star$ COPY - disk to disk file copier $\star$ DUP - disk


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5 = *ENTER A/C PAYABLES
6 = ENTER/UPDATE STOCKS REC'D
7 = ENTER ORDERS REC'D
8 = EXAMINE/UPDATE BANK BALANCE
9 = EXAMINE SALES LEDGER
$10=$ EXAMINE PURCHASE LEDGER
11 = EXAMINE INCOMPLETE RECORDS
12 = EXAMINE PRODUCE SALES
WHICH ONE (ENTER 1 TO 24)

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$\qquad$
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| Printer <br> Feature | Integral Data 440 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Tally } \\ & 1200 \end{aligned}$ | Lear- Seigler 300 | Texas Instruments 810 | $\begin{gathered} \text { Centronics } \\ 779-2 \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 96-character ASCII set, upper and lower case | YES | OPTION | YES | OPTION | NO |
| Software-selectable character sizes | YES | NO | NO | OPTION | NO |
| Throughput, lines per minute <br> @ 10 char,/line <br> @ 132 char,/line | $\begin{array}{r} 275 \\ 42 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 100 \\ 40 \end{array}$ | Data not available | $\begin{array}{r} 440 \\ 64 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 130 \\ 21 \end{array}$ |
| Parallel and RS-232 serial interfaces standard | YES | NO | NO | NO | NO |
| CRT screen buffer | OPTION | NO | OPTION | NO | NO |
| Footprint ( $\mathrm{W} \times \mathrm{D}=\mathrm{sq} . \mathrm{ft}$.) | 1.37 | 3.45 | 3.18 | 3.58 | 2.44 |
| Weight (Ibs.) | 20 | 64 | 50 | 55 | 45 |
| Forms length control | YES | OPTION | YES | OPTION | NO |
| Full dot plotting graphics | OPTION | NO | NO | NO | NO |
| Unit Price + VAT, P \& P | £585 | £1,500+ | N/A | £1450 | £995 |

Comparison data from manufacturers' current literature for 60 Hz operation.

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[^1]Newsprint (now incorporating What's New) is where Guy Kewney reports the happenings of the micro world. Product news, rumours, gossip, prediction and speculation. . .read Newsprint and stay ahead of events.

## Aquack one?

It sounds like one of those old-fashioned quack cure-alls that relieves constipation, removes tar from teeth, dissolves kidney stones and cleans your spectacles. It's a $£ 200$ kit that uses either the Zilog Z80, or the Texas 9980 micro, and you can pull out one chip and replace it with the other, whenever you like.

My attitude is if it's true, I want one. There are few enough opportunities to get a cheap computer based on the TI chip family; the least expensive I know of is a board made by a Birmingham firm Brandauer, based on the 9900, a chip which has a full 16-bit data and address bus. It's really meant for the system builder, not the amateur (by this I mean you need an expensive terminal to get anything into or out of it). At the same time, there are so few Texas users that I'd be nervous of buying a computer that used only that chip. where would I go for help when things got stuck? And so, the option of the much more common Z80 attracts me.

So much for attitude, but what is it we're talking about? According to the preliminary specification it's a big board, a "double double Eurocard", with the processor section on one side, and the TV scanning circuit and keyboard interface which together provide input and output, on the other. You can cut this side off, and put the processor side in a standard Eurocard slot, says the designer.

If you don't cut it off, this side provides a display on a standard TV, and reads from a standard typewriter qwerty keyboard. On the TV side, it gives 16 lines of 64 characters, with a modulator described as 'on-board channel 36 wideband UHF'

Data is stored on/or retrieved from an audio tape recorder. The designer has modified the Kansas City computer users' tape standard (CUTS) to transmit in 64 byte blocks, with error checking. This is very important, although it does kill the possibility of compatibility on software or data from other systems.

So much for the more
interesting points of the boring detail. The designer also provides preliminary information on a similar level about software and memory mapping.

The really interesting bit is, how does he do it? From the fact that he recommends buying two forty-pin central processor sockets, both 'multiple insertion' types at $£ 7.00$ extra, you can safely deduce that he does not expect to plug the chips into the same socket. Just as well; it wouldn't work!

Yet, even allowing for the fact that the 9980 has a restricted data bus only 8 bits wide, rather than the full 16 bit bus of its big brother the 9900 , there are fundamental differences between the Zilog and the Texas central processors.

For example, Texas provides an on-chip communications register unit which gives direct serial communications to outside teletypewriter devices. Can a system which is built round the Z80's need for universal asynchronous receiver/transmitters (UARTs) also accommodate a chip with a CRU output?

But hold it, you say: why are these questions appearing in print?. . .don't they know the answers?

No, not yet. The designer is one B.B. Leather of 1 Willow Way, Loudwater, High Wycombe, Bucks HP111JR. He has no traceable telephone, and our letter pleading for a chat had not reached him at press time.

By the time you read this, the mystery will have been resolved. Watch this space!

## Asyouwere <br> We described the Philips

 MDCR as a diskette in the September issue. It is, of course, a cassette - a minicassette, in fact, as Philips rep Vic Drayton has been quick to tell me. He also points out that the bare device includes only read-write and motion control circuitry; software is needed for search ability, and a bit of logic for phase encoding; It is now available from two distributors: Swift Sasco of Gatwick Road, Crawley, tel: Crawley 28700; and Tekdata Electronics of Feder-ation Road, Burslem, Stoke-on-Trent, Tel: Stoke 813631. It will be visible at Compec, the Wembley show, in a Pelco displayed Aim 65 system. Thank you, Vic.

## Sybextraining system

From America, the publishing company Sybex has 'published' a computer. It costs $\$ 300$, and from that you can safely deduce that in the UK it will cost quite a bit more than £150.

Making this computer, (which uses the 6502 microprocessor) different from any other 6502 micro, is the fact that it is sold as a self study training system. Packaged with the machine - it looks astonishingly like a Sym 1 are two books and two cassette tapes. One book is Programming the 6502, published by Sybex, and my friend Robin Bradbeer of the North London Poly tells me it is a good book. The other is a 6502 Applications book, also published by Sybex. On one tape, there is software, and on the other, a voice (probably human) giving instructions on how to use the board.

I'm afraid, on the basis of this information, I can't tell you why you should buy this package, rather than getting hold of the books separately, and buying a $£ 75$ Acorn which can be built up into a Eurocard system. If I hear of reasons, I'll print them.
Sybex is at 2020 Milvia Street, Berkeley, California 94704.

## Memoryaid



## Intel's 2118S

A memory chip from Intel just another 16 K RAM, it would seem - is in fact being offered as a boon for the memory designer. The part is called the 2118 , and it contains 16 K bits, each addressable separately and singly. That means you need eight chips to make a useable memory for a machine with an 8-bit data bus, and you get a minimum of 16 K bytes.

What makes it special, says Intel, is "It is the first 16 K by 1 (ie singly selectable bits) RAM to operate with a single 5 V power supply and to offer very low levels of power with 150 mW drawn in operation and 11 mW on standby". It is voltage and pin compatible with future 64 K bit RAMs, so boards designed with this will carry four times the memory - that is, at least 64 K bytes - when the 64 s are out. But not this year. Intel also says that this chip is designed to work with its 8202 dynamic RAM controller, which makes it as easy to use as static RAM


Sybex training system

## Tandy trick

Cramming 117,740 bytes onto a Tandy diskette with capacity for 89,600 is a trick done by software from AJ Harding (Molimerx) by the simple expedient of deciding that all the information on a Tandy diskette is BASIC (and therefore is not truly eightbit hexadecimal code, but upper case ASCII - which can all be stored in six bit codes, not eight). Together with this new product, a new word: "as with the regular system this buffer can be configurated as you wish". One can only offer sympathisement. Details from Bexhill (0424) 220391.

## Floppy Power

Power supplies for floppy drives are not included in the average computer kit. You can make up one, or you can buy one, now, from HAL computers of Weybridge tel: Byfleet (09323) 45421.


Floppy PSUs

## Owl's lisp

A new language? LISP is that, and costing $£ 40$ from Owl Computers it's probably a worthwhile experiment. Devotees claim that it's not so much a high level language as an assembly language for a high level machine, plus software to make your computer imitate that high level machine. Owl's version runs on the Apple II; it is supplied on disc or cassette, occupying 6 K bytes of code, with a 44 page manual for a 16 K byte or larger computer. Two demonstration programs are included.

It is aimed at "hobbyists who want hands on experience of the fundamental language of artificial intelligence research", amongst others. Owl is in Bishops Stortford, on 027952682.

## Mass erase

You may never need to erase 104 programmable memory chips under ultra-violet - in fact statistics seem to show that most users of this form of read-only storage do just that - read only. Nonetheless, it may be worth your while knowing somebody who can cope with 104 at a time, because you may want to erase a u-v-e PROM that is soldered to a large board. That board will fit inside the big 100T PROM eraser now marketed by Microsystem Services. It's a fair bet that anybody who shells out the cost of a 100T will welcome the chance to recoup a bit by running an erasing service occasionally so if we hear of a sale - to a careless manufacturer of big EPROM systems who has to call back several thousand faulty boards, - we'll let you know. Meanwhile, back to the sunray lamp and guesswork timing.

## Friends of Pascal

People take languages very seriously, and nobody likes to hear his mother tongue insulted. Not surprisingly, then, the language Pascal found itself amply provided with friends when a slightly negative comment was made by Abacus, about the package as supplied by the University of California at San Diego. (UCSD).

Oddly, Derek Rowe of Abacus was not attacking Pascal; he was announcing that it was available on a system he sells - the TEI system. Rowe's original comment was apparently designed to please Pascal freaks: he said that in the UK the demand for Pascal is very tentative, and that he found this reluctance rather disappointing.

He then blotted his copy book by warning the unwary that UCSD Pascal is not really suited for the amateur until it has been processed from its raw state into a purpose built package for a particular machine. Some exception has been taken! Those who 'speak Pascal' already, long to
see others doing so too, and get very annoyed at anyone who seems to doubt their missionary zeal.

Yet the warning is worth repeating. What Rowe was trying to say was simple: if the inexperienced, BASIConly programmer gets hold of the UCSD package, he won't have a clue how to select and tailor those portions that are dependant on the logical shape of your own computer.
"Most people who are looking to Pascal to give them a step up from BASIC are not systems programmers." Rowe said, "and if they were, they wouldn't be looking to Pascal, but to assembler. I think all serious programming should be done in assembler."

UCSD has now handed over the marketing of its Pascal to Softèch, a US software corporation which is not required to be a nonprofit outfit (UCSD was having tax problems over the success of Pascal, it seems). It remains to be seen what shape the product will take in their hands, given a stronger marketing drive. Meanwhile, Abacus is at 62 New Cavendish Street London W1M 7LD.

## Offpeak cheek?

The whole basis of the micro revolution has been the fact that you can have your own microcomputer for less money than the cost of a share in a large computer. So it takes a special kind of nerve for a London bureau to announce an 'off peak' time sharing service - for hobbyists. The bureau, Computer Time Sharing Services (CTSS), is prepared to let you use its machine for about a pound per hour. Quote from George Hertz, manager of CTSS:
"At these prices, many computer hobbyists will find time sharing more economical: all a user needs to get on to our system is a terminal with an RS-232C or V24 interface, a modem or acoustic coupler, plus his telephone. All this can be rented, or it can be purchased for less cost than most hobbyist computers. Yet it gives access to a system that is very much more sophisticated. No
longer is data storage restricted by the limitations of cassettes or small floppy disks; the CTSS user can have many megabytes of online data storage for instant access."

All of which is very largely true. Exactly what it proves about the price of hobbyist systems in this country is probably unprintable. Until things change, CTSS is on 01-590 1155 .

## Switchto bits <br> A sub-miniature rotary

 encoder switch which will convert its ten positions into a four-bit binary code from 0 to 10 - or rather, from 0000 to 1010 - has been produced by Impectron. You could use it as a monitor select switch, or as the simplest form of direct input to a system. Alternatively you can set it so that when it points to 5 , it gives out 1100 instead, and so introduces a whole new series of bugs! Details on 01-992 5388.
## Solderless

Experimenters who do not rate their abilities as soldering operatives very highly will be pleased to see three 'solderless Breadboard units' from Lektrokit: two terminal strips, and one distribution strip. They have an adhesive on the back, or can be screwed down if you prefer. Details:
Reading (0734) 669116.

## Connections

Having brought Lektrokit's solderless breadboard, you can also buy a kit of wires to connect components together. Each kit has 350 wires, comes in a neat box, and has fourteen different lengths, insulated, bent over, and ready to push into the holes.

## Photo-save

Your computer has just output a screen full of data onto a television. You know that if you write it down, you will acquire at least one error, and you can't afford any kind of printer. What do you do? Well it may seem obvious.
you take a camera and photograph the screen. A special Polaroid camera costs £128, and the supplier, John Davidson of GDS Ltd, will sell you a special hood to cut out reflections, for around $£ 150$ - or he will give you free designs and let you build your own hood. Phone Cambridge (0223) 51645 for details.

## Starbores?

American software for Apple II computers is sold with a certain lack of style that makes it irresistible. Virginia company, Soft-One, has announced a two-volume package at $\$ 15$ for each, with over a dozen programs on each volume.

But do we need things like 'Clock - turn your $\$ 1200$ computer into a $\$ 5$ clock with this program' and 'Story Teller tells simple stories; you supply the characters and the subject matter. Each one different' and 'Starwars put the computer away Luke, and let the force be with you' and stuff? Yes? Somebody import it, then!

## Coloured acorns

A colour computer for under $£ 200$ can now be put together from Acorn parts. Some may think it almost impudent of Acorn's Chris Curry to announce a colour video display board for his $£ 65$ kit ( $£ 75$ built) and apologise for for the fact that it costs $£ 88$. Veterans of the hobby business may recall, somewhat wryly, that it was the PAL colour output board which Apple told us, here in Europe was responsible for its high price compared with the US price. (PAL is the system of colour television we have, and it is much better than the US system, which is NTSC that's all you need to know to enjoy the fight).

Acorn is 'cheating' a little by using the Mullard teletext chip for colour characters and graphics, and there is a hidden extra: $£ 12$ for a UHF modulator board to provide a signal that the aerial socket will be able to tune in to. It's not a lot of money, though.

Hidden extras are on the positive side too: the Acorn board can also give you a light pen facility.

## Quest micropad

For computer users who can't type, a hand-writing reader in the form of an intelligent writing pad has been announced by Quest. Originally the Datapad was a large minicomputer hidden under the table, watching the position and direction of movement of a pen on a pad. It was good, but the minicomputer cost several thousand pounds, and it didn't do anything with the information; it just turned it into the sort of output you would normally get from a keyboard.

Not surprisingly, the original Datapad did not take the world by storm. Its little brother may do. It has a microprocessor built into the pressure sensitive pad - the micro is the Texas 9900. It's a lot cheaper, and, says the Quest subsidiary which makes it, every bit as good.

Micropad recognises the full English alphabet, with alpha, numeric and special characters 'allowing for a wide tolerance in style and shape'. You need not interpret this as implying that it will cope with a scrawl, because it won't; there is a little display to show you what it thinks you have written, and that display isn't there just for show. It makes the occasional mistake even then. The Micropad also recognises where on the form you are filling in, you have entered data: so if the computer is properly programmed, you can enter (say) '33' under Age, '38 Bloggs Drive' under address, and the machine will interpret this correctly.

## Kits and bits

Kits and bits will be on show at the 'kits and bits' show, Breadboard ' 79 this Christmas. Last year, the first Breadboard attracted several microcomputer companies despite fears that it would prove to be the normal concoction of metal detectors and bad


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## Tis eo nalcioconpurien

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amplifiers, loved by electronics experimenters. This year the organisers, Trident Exhibitions, say over 90 exhibition stands will feature "'microcomputer systems, analysers, logic test accessories, hi fi amplifier kits, modulators, etc, as well as a variety of exciting construction. . . ." (oh well, what do you expect. . .) 'kits and TV games. . .visitors can construct their own lie detectors."

Trident, you should be warned, is a company with an uncanny knack of turning an exhibition into an astonishing success. The last one I know of was Compec (now owned by IPC).

At this stage, the alphabetical list shows Acorn, Commodore, Compshop, Crofton, Henry's Radio, Lektrokit, Lotus Sound, A Marshall, Microdigital, Newbear, Transam and Vero as the more obviously computing exhibitors. The dates are December 4 to 8, Tuesday to Saturday; and the location is Royal Horticultural Halls, Elverton Street, Westminster.

## Better BASIC structure

An 'extremely advanced' version of the BASIC language, called Structured Basic, is available from the big S100 specialist distributor, Comart. The company introduced this new software tool as a way of allowing programmers to write structured (good) programs, rather than unstructured (bad) programs.
Commands such as REPEAT, WHILE, IF...THEN...ELSE..., and PROCEDURE are believed to make clear program design easier: they do not make it inevitable, however, and you can write as badly structured a program as anybody - even using Structured Basic!

## Pascal for Elf

An unusual microprocessor, the RCA Cosmac 1802, has acquired a Pascal system through the Bicester firm, Golden River, which specialises in this device.

The micro is extraordinary in many ways: chiefly there's its use of complementary
metal oxide silicon technology. This takes very little current, and makes it possible to run quite large systems off a dry cell battery. It's also noteworthy for having an assembler language which makes Motorola and Intel assemblers look like voice recognition. The advantage of its fiddly assembler has always been that frighteningly efficient programs could be written, using only a little memory.

In the days when nobody could afford Cmos memory to go with the Cmos processor, that was an important advantage, and a Pascal system that needed 20 K bytes of memory would have been meaningless for most amateurs. Now, however, Cmos is much cheaper, and even more important, standard dynamic memory chips are being sold that use as little power. All this is good news for users of the cheap Elf system, and eventually, the availability of Pascal will be reassuring to them. Golden River is on Bicester 44551.

## Elf prices down

Most of the items in the Elf II range have now been reduced in price. The Giant Board is $£ 37.80$, the 4 K Static RAM board is $£ 75.60$, the ASCII Keyboard, £54.63 and the Kluge Prototype Board, $£ 13.82$. A video graphics board will be available soon, as will text editor, assembler and disassembler on cassette. Enquiries to HL Audio Ltd., 138 Kingsland Road, London E2 8BY (01-739 1582).

## DIY fibre optics

Do-it-yourself fibre optics for experimenters has been announced by Burr-Brown, the analogue to digital company in Watford. Two packages are available, each with sufficient parts to form a complete link with the addition of a power supply and TTL level signals. The difference between them is speed. Details on 0923 338337.

## Lookalike

Could Japan have struck.at the hardest nut of all, the TRS-80? Being the most common computer in the world, a Japanese imitation makes sense, and a Matlock based company, Lowe Electronics, may have found one. They call it Genie and expect to sell it for $£ 500$ without video monitor. Supposedly, it runs all TRS-80 software.

## Danish soft

Denmark's personal computer industry has software for us. From a company called Lisco Micro Data in Kolding, comes a package of languages including Focal, Tiny BASIC, and some applications, aimed at users of the 6502 microprocessor.

Gunnar List claims that his Tiny BASIC will run in 4 K byte systems on Kim-1 and Sym-1 from Commodore and Synertek, with a version for the Rockwell Aim 65 due out soon. Cost is $£ 12.30$ including


ELF II
tape and manuals.
Focal costs more - £13.20 for the standard language interpreter, $£ 17.60$ for the extended interpreter, $£ 4.70$ for a mini manual and $£ 9.40$ for a 'user manual'. My typewriter won't cope with the subtleties of the Danish spelling, but as near as I can manage is: Lisco, Aprilvaenget 6,6000 Kolding. The phone number is (05) 568682 .

## Fromthe Centre

A British system builder has joined the long list of American names offering systems based on the standard S100 layout. This is a $£ 3,000$ machine, so isn't for the user at home unless the user happens to have a generous employer.

The company, Computer Centre, is well known for the low prices it charges (especially on components such as memory boards) so it isn't surprising that boss Peter Norman has offered a 'basic kit form version for the scientific builder' at under £1,000.

The big machine is the OEM 2, with dual diskettes storing 2 million characters of data, a full 64 K bytes of internal memory, and built-in software including the well respected $\mathrm{CP} / \mathrm{M}$ operating system. This will allow the user to expand his external storage to 128 million characters without confusing the computer.

The basic kit version has only one diskette drive. Computer Centre is now in Swansea, at 9 De La Beche Street, Tel: 0792460023.

## Tape basic

Very probably, most people who move from tape cassettes to diskettes could manage quite well on tape, if only the data loaded into the computer or stored out onto tape, were less liable to be wrong.

Nascom software expert Tony Rundle, now with his own company, Starbase, has added an error checking system to the way that computer handles mag tape. It comes with the new version
of BASIC for the Nascom 1. only the Nascom 2, when it is available, will have BASIC as standard on the board. Rundle says that he was virtually forced to design a checksum cassette handling system because there was no other way of loading an 8 K byte program.

Tape Basic costs $£ 30$ from Nascom itself; Tony Rundle is prepared to help and advise from his address at Waxhouse Gate, 15 High Street, St. Albans, Herts AL3 4EH.

## From Japan

Diskettes from Japan are to be marketed in this country by a new company: DRG Business Machines of Weston-super-Mare. Both five inch minifloppies and full 8 -inch floppy drives are offered, data compatible on 8 -inch with IBM drives. Details of these and a controller for the 8 -inch, on 0934415398.

## Pleasehelp

Ian Litterick was astonished to find that when he was first infected with the desire to become a computer owner, there was nobody to ask about pros and cons of different systems. Ian, a consumerist by nature and by training, instantly wrote off to MPs and civil servants suggesting that here was a hole that needed to be plugged.
"If you want information on big computers," he noticed, "you go to the National Computing Centre and pay for it. But if you want information on a micro, the sort of money the NCC wants for giving help can be almost as much as the micro."

His idea is a national Microcomputing Centre; and by dint of being a lot more energetic than the rest of us, he has bullied the NCC into studying the idea, and providing money for the study. The Department of Industry provides half the cost.

Litterick is compiling the informed opinions of people with informed opinions. . .he has even asked me, for example. That can't be good enough. So, readers, please help with advice. What has
been most lacking when you were making your purchase decision? Would it help if the NMCC existed and put out a 'preferred specification' against which you could match your requirements, and compare prices? Send your opinions to PCW, or, if what you have to say is too harsh for our ears, to the NCC, which is at Oxford Road, Manchester M1 7ED.

## Pet sophistication

Pet owners usually go for the Pet in the first place because it has BASIC: after a while, they start wanting to do more sophisticated programming. The Pet Machine Language Guide, from Abacus Software in Michigan (not to be confused with Abacus Computers in the UK) is aimed at these ambitious people. Cost of the guide to us Britons is $\$ 8.95$.

Included are sections on using the Pet's input and output routines, clocks and timers, floating point, fixed point, ASCII number conversion routines, and other complex arithmetic functions. Payments by Visa card is accepted; Abacus is at PO Box 7211, Grand Rapids, Mich 49510.

## Cash in hand

It's competition time, and both Peterborough and the National Research Development Corporation have thousands of pounds ready to give away to those with bright micro ideas. Peterborough has a total of about $£ 40,000$ (that includes a free factory for a year in Peterborough). There are lots of details, musts and must-nots, all available from the organisers at Peterborough Council, and at the NCC respectively.

## Superbrain 2xZ80

Causing some interest amongst enthusiasts with $£ 3,000$ to spare, is a computer that uses two Z80 micros. The Superbrain, as it is called, uses the
second micro to control data coming in from the outside storage (two floppy disks) thereby speeding up the whole process.

The basic system is pretty big with a full quota of memory ( 64 K bytes) and a wide variety of output methods. It will talk to standard computer terminals using the V24 protocol, and will drive an ordinary S100 bus from its S100 output port. Software includes the standard CP/M operating system, so the whole CP/M user library should be accessible to the user. The supplier, Computrade, is on Leatherhead (03723) 77374.


Superbrain - 2XZ80

## Commatoyou

Comma Computers is now officially the name of Computer Marketing, the company which got itself known as a terminal supplier, and moved into micros by selling American ICS micro courses. News of micros with the Comma label has been given in the past, and the company felt that to have the same name for computer and company would 'give a clearer, crisper image to the combined operation'. It all arises out of Computer
Marketing's takeover of Micro Software systems in July; the Companies Registrar is blamed for the delay in changing names.

Comma managing director George Macfarlane has astounded his competitors in the terminal market with his willingness to stick his neck out; they speak of him in hushed tones because of his willingness to trust Decwriter's delivery promises; no doubt they will also shake their heads over his decision to sell the new Alpha Micro 16-bit system.

He says he plans to shift more than $£ 7$ million worth of micros and terminals in just over a year, '"and we are
celebrating the new name by announcing a novel microcomputer system called the Comma Copywriter". We look forward to seeing it, George, when can you bring it round?

## Supermicros, but when?

The supermicros, computers that would give us 'all the power of a middle sized minicomputer like Digital's PDP$11 / 34$, on one chip', are knocking on the door.

The most encouraging news is of Motorola's big chip, the 68000, now 'available' on an evaluation board costing $£ 1400$, The word 'available' is a wild exaggeration, of course, with around a dozen of these boards so far sold, and with the UK micro people proudly displaying chip number 1065. Obviously the machine is not yet available to just anybody, so when will it be?

The best bet, from the point of the private buyer, is that it will remain a rare beast for at least another year, maybe two. Again, from the private buyer's viewpoint, this doesn't matter a lot. The biggest restraint on any private system is not the power of the processor. It is a question of how much memory it can control - both internal, and external. The Motorola 68000 will be able to control some 24 M bytes of semiconductor memory. . .that's more internal storage than most private systems have disc storage. Couple a machine of that power, with its full quota of memory - or even a quarter of it - to a big, 50 M byte disc, and it will eat anything on the market for £30,000 today.

But the same could be said of the humble Intel 8080, if one were to spend a little time and ingenuity giving it memory management; with a 50 M byte disc, and a virtual disc storage system, to give the appearance of having more than the maximum 64 K bytes internal storage (a neat trick, and an old, well proven one), it too could eat most small business systems. The problem is not the speed at which the processor can process data, but the slowness


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with which data gets into it. A big, fast disc makes many times the difference of a big, fast processor.

That said, the signs are that inside two years, Motorola, Zilog and Intel will be able to offer chips (and support chips) with 16 -bit architectures that will be attractive to private users. Motorola's is agreed to be the biggest and best; many, however, have disagreed as to whether it was not overambitious, with its 68,000 transistors on an area of silicon measuring 246 by 281 mills. Is it just too small for today's semiconductor expertise?

The most convincing argument that says 'yes, it can be built' has just been produced by Rockwell. Rockwell had a design for a supermicro of its own; it was going to be a descendant of the 6502 , and it was going to be called the Super 65. Rockwell has abandoned Super 65 in favour of taking on the 68000. In exchange for the design, it will give Motorola its bubble memory designs.

Rockwell's decision tells us two things. First, it is convinced that it can make the 68000 , and so the prospect of Motorola making it itself becomes that much more tenable. (Ones and twos don't count; hundreds per day would barely be convincing.) Second, it tells us that Rockwell is equally sure that it has time to learn the recipe for the 68000 before Motorola has got it down to a fine art and can make them for $\$ 10$ each.

## Courses

A new micro consultancy which wishes itself to be known by personal computing enthusiasts is Microsystems Consultants. . .for the reason that they run courses based on the Rockwell Aim 65. The courses are approved by Rockwell agent, Pelco, in the UK.

Managing director Markus Moser says he would like to help companies "with little or no knowledge of microprocessor applications", to get them to take the plunge and develop ideas and projects. Moser says he is an engineer with a degree in communi-
cations, and has worked for large companies like SCM, IBM and Data General on mini and micro projects.

For details of the courses, ring Camberley 27417, and to take the plunge, contact Fleet 29627.

## IBM onthe move

"If there were any serious point to personal computing, then IBM would make a personal computer." Next time some computer industry know-all tries to put down personal computing as something for excessively open minded people - along with astrology and roulette systems - the comeback is a number: the 5105 .

This machine will be announced by Christmas, and available at under $£ 2,500$ by Spring - in America at least. So says the California market research group Creative Strategies International (CSI) in a report costing some $£ 500$.

According to CSI, this will be the specification of the Entry Level System, or 5105 (assuming IBM doesn't change the name to prove them wrong): that's 500 nanosecond cycle time, BASIC and monitor in read only memory, a minimum of 16 K bytes memory, built-in video with 960 or 1920 character screen, mag tape cartridge for bulk storage and slow printer built in.

Options will include a language called ACL in firmware, memory extensions to 64 K bytes or possibly 96 K bytes; diskette storage up to 2 M bytes; add on matrix printers and software, including word processing. A later option may be a 5 M byte hard disc - probably a mini Winchester.

For those who got lost somewhere in the middle of that, it would be a pick up and carry home system rather like the Pet, with a printer and a better quality tape drive, possibly a little more powerful, and certainly priced at the top end of the market for what it is. The add-on list would take the price to around $£ 10,000$, for a system that would apparently compete with others based on


## Sprint 5

the hobbyist, S100 bus, although at something of a price disadvantage. Software packages could give it an edge, however, for those needing something more than the IBM badge.

Final goodie: it may have an S100 bus adaptor.

## Get it right!

Last issue I said that a British Company, A J Harding (Molimerx), was responsible for Tandy software addition, Infinite Basic. How wrong I was! Freddy Nichols of Optronics (who also handles the product) tells me that in fact it was written in the States by Ron Johnson.

## At our show

Showing for the first time and where else but at the 79 PCW Show? - are systems based on the Microstar 1.2 and 2.4 megabyte modules. Access Data are the appointed distributors and the two micro computer packages will have full software backup for both word and data processing. For the stand demonstration, one will be showing the word processing capabilities of the 55 cps Qume daisywheel printer, the other will be programmed for data processing using a Texas 820 dot matrix printer.

Access Data Communications are at 228 High Street Uxbridge, Middlesex.


Personal Computer World is looking for a hard working Editorial Assistant to join its magazine production team.

Candidates for the post must:
*be able to write good English (often in a hurry)
*understand the jargon/implications of micro computing
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*maintain a sense of humour (most of the time!)
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London W1P 1DE

# BENCH TEST <br>  <br> <br> CHALLENGERC3-S1 

 <br> <br> CHALLENGERC3-S1}

At about the time that the 6502, 6800 and $Z 80$ were emerging as the "big three" 8 -bit microprocessors Ohio Scientific, Inc. began to advertise its solution to the problem of program portability. This was the Challenger CIII series - a range of systems centered on a novel MPU board which contained all those microprocessors and which could therefore utilize programs written to run on any one of the three. In designing this sytem, OSI have proved farsighted by predicting the decline in price of the actual processor chip relative to the accompanying hardware. To become really successful however, this scheme depends on the premise that people have a large number of assembly language programs which they need to transport from system to system. In the event, the arrival of BASIC (especially Microsoft's) and fairly widely implemented operating systems may have detracted from the original idea.
The Challenger III series offers a variety of memory sizes, peripherals and software configured around the basic board. Perhaps the most spectacular peripheral is the CD-74 74MB hard disc which comes with the top of the line system. Also catalogued are a voice I/O board, an $A / D$ and $D / A$ board, a multiplexing parallel board together with more standard serial and memory expansion boards. Also on offer are a variety of operating systems, starting with a simple DOS and graduating to a (not yet released) multi-user multiprogramming OS. CP/M is available, as are a Word Processing Package, Data Base Management System and a small business package.
The review machine, the S1 model, was a 56K RAM, twin floppy system with a Hazeltine 1410 terminal. Operating systems 65D, 65U, CP/M and application packages DMS (Data Base Management System) were provided on floppies together with most of the software documentation.

## BY SUE EISENBACH

## Hardware

The Challenger III model C3-S1 is housed in two cases, a light one containing the computer itself, and the other, heavier one, the disc drives. To open either box the cover has to be unscrewed. Both boxes are well ventilated. The computer has no fan and the operating instructions state that it should be run in an airconditioned room with $6^{\prime \prime}$ clearance for ventilation. The fan in the floppy disc drive is small and noisy; attached to the box, for some reason it clatters when it is running.

The outstanding feature of any Ohio Scientific C3 computer is its CPU board. Called the model 510, it contains three microprocessors, the 6502 A , the 6800 and the Z80. A software switching program is on the board so that choice of microprocessor is under program control. The PROM contains the 6502 and 6800 monitors as well as a floppy disc bootstrap. An RS-232 port, eight parallel lines and a clock (which supplies $4 \mathrm{MHZ}, 2 \mathrm{MHZ}$ and 1 MHZ signals) are provided.
The memory comprises two to four OSI 52016 K static RAM cards. The fourth is only half populated, giving a maximum of 56 K (as in the review machine).
The disc controller is an OSI


470 which can support 1 or 2 single or dual headed $8^{\prime \prime}$ floppy drives with soft sectored, single density recording format. Capacity varies from 230 K Bytes to 290K Bytes depending on the operating system used. The disc drives are Siemans FDD 120-8.
There were problems arranging the test. The machine came from Computerland in Birmingham and travelled by train and van to reach me. It hadn't fared well
during the journey. Inspection showed that not all of the PC boards were attached to the backplane of the computer. They could have been securely screwed down to the base of the box but this hadn't been done. After placing the loose boards back onto the bus and soldering up a few wires that had broken off in transit I turned my attention to the VDU. It failed to operate and investigation showed that a board was missing. Eventually, once equipped with a new VDU, the computer powered up successfully.

I experienced two hardware faults during testing. Firstly, the computer didn't always clear the memory when the reset button was pressed and secondly, when booting one of the CP/M discs, a few messages appeared on the screen and then the system crashed. This disc was however accessible (via the other $\mathrm{CP} / \mathrm{M}$ disc) from the other drive.

My overall impression of the hardware was of a cleverly designed MPU board enclosed in a rather fragile mainframe.

## System software

According to the sales literature, there are four operating systems for the Challenger III. The review machine was supplied with three:

OS-65D, OS-65U and OS-CP/M. OS-CP/M appeared to be a standard $\mathrm{CP} / \mathrm{M}$ running on the Z 80 .

The other two operating systems were written by OSI and ran on the 6502. OSI do not provide an operating system to run on the 6800 as the fourth (a business/ word processing system) also runs on the 6502 .

65D is OSI's simplest operating system. It runs on any Ohio 6502 disc configuration (including those of the Challenger I and II) and is monitor type software. I was given two versions, one with BASIC and assembler, and one without. The disc without BASIC was designed for facilitating the execution of 6502,6800 and Z80 machine code programs. It contains the operating system, a utilities package, I/O drivers and file handlers. The utility package provides software to use all three microprocessors. These include switches to the 6800 and 6502 monitors (in PROM on the MPU board), a Z80 monitor and Z80 and 6800 memory movers. For the 6800 there is also a MIKBUG simulator and 6800 LOAD and DUMP routines. MIKBUG itself cannot be executed on the C3 as it's not designed for such a large system. OSI explain how to alter MIKBUG programs for use under the OSI 6800 monitor and only provide the simulator for the execution of programs where there is no one available to do the alteration.

The utilities provided do not shield the user from the intricacies of data or processor transfers. To load 6800 or Z80 programs from dise the 65DOS must be entered, the utilities loaded, the program loaded and then the switch to the appropriate processor made. To save programs they must first be moved out of the way of the DOS, control switched back to the 6502, 65DOS booted in and finally the program saved. From


Disc drives unveiled. Notice the large opening in the back and small fan on the cover
the documentation supplied, I could see no way of accessing disc files using the 6800. (The Z80 can access disc files under CP/M).

The second 65DOS disc supplied booted in BASIC along with the operating system. The BASIC utilities supplied are not provided with a 'LOAD and GO' facility and have to be explicitly executed - e.g. to see the disc directory one types RUN "DIR", to create a file RUN 'CREATE'. There are two ways of saving a BASIC program. The first is to exit from the BASIC system and then PUT the program onto a specifically named track (overwriting anything that might be there) and return to BASIC. The second method is to create a file before typing in any program. When creating the file its size must be declared and, unlike the previous method, the new file will be placed in free space. The user then types in a program and saves it in the usual manner. If the program is larger than the space allocated, nothing will be saved. In addition to the BASIC this 65DOS disc had an editor/assembler. Unfortunately

## TECHNICAL DATA <br> CPU(S):

MEMORY:
KEYBOARD:]
SCREEN
CASSETTE:
DISC DRIVES:
PRINTER:
BUS:
PORTS:
SYSTEM SOFTWARE: LANGUAGES:

## 6502A 2MHZ

$68 \mathrm{~B} 00 \mathrm{2MHZ}$, (Sic)
Z80 4MHZ
$32 \mathrm{~K}-56 \mathrm{~K}$ STATIC RAM
HAZELTINE 1410
N/A
2 DRIVES, 1 OR 2 HEADS PER DRIVE
8" DISCS, SINGLE DENSITY

## N/A

OSI 48-LINE BUS
1 SERIAL, 1 PARALLEL, EXPANDABLE.
OS-65D, OS-65U, OS-CP/M, WP-1B
6502,6800 , Z80 ASSEMBLERS, BASIC,
EXTENDED BASIC, FORTRAN, COBOL
no documentation was provided for these so I could not evaluate them.

The other OSI operating system provided, called OS-65U, is a BASIC only system. In most respects it felt like OS-65D with the BASIC booted in. The data file facilities under 65 D are not as comprehensive as those under 65 U . Both however have random and sequential files; in addition 65 U has indexed sequential files and a FIND command.

The two operating systems are sufficiently similar that it is surprising that Ohio Scientific decided not to write one operating system with the features of both.

## Basic

Each operating system came suplied with a BASIC - 65D and 65 U BASIC occupy 9 K . This includes 8 K Microsoft BASIC and 1 K of OSI add-ons (primarily file handling). The CP/M BASIC occupies 19 K and is a slightly pared down version of 20 K (Altair) Microsoft BASIC. Microsoft's BASICs are the industry standard and are upwardly compatible. Unfortunately OSI's file handling facilities are not the same as those written by Microsoft. The BASICs running under 65 D and $\mathrm{CP} / \mathrm{M}$ have comparable features (using different instructions) while 65U's are more sophisticated. The Data Base Management is written in 65 U BASIC and utilizes its indexing instructions. For those readers with Pet experience 65 D and 65U BASIC should seem familiar. In fact PET BASIC is easier to use with its screen editing.
65 U BASIC contains a FLAG command which enables or disables a variety of system features, primarily error traps. Although there is no PRINT USING statement there is money mode output, which rounds to two decimal places with either left or right justification. File handling comprises: OPEN, CLOSE, PRINT\%, INPUT\%, INDEX and FIND. The INDEX is a pointer to a record in an open file which can be examined and altered. FIND searches from the current position of INDEX through the rest of the file for a given string (which can include 'don't care' characters). If found, INDEX points to the string; if not found it is set to $1,000,000,000$.

The CP/M BASIC is a language you would expect to find on a machine in this price range. It has in line editing, PRINT USING statement, IF. . THEN. . ELSE, AUTO line number and RENUM.

I would have preferred more expansive error codes on all three BASICs ("OM IN LN 100"); fortunately the messages are the same. The tables with the BASIC reserved words should illustrate the differences between the languages. OSI claim that the 6502 is a superior microprocessor . . . after running the benchmark programs I don't see much between them.

## Other software

Because CP/M runs on it, there is a large range of software available for the Challenger III. In particular, I was provided with two Microsoft compilers. . . one for 8080 Fortran IV and the second for Cobol-80. As these are completely standard (and good) software packages I will not describe them.

More interestingly, Ohio Scientific have written a comprehensive Data Base Management System designed to run under 65 U O/S and aimed at the small business-man with no computer experience. OS-DMS boots in the DMS menu which is the first of several, the whole system being menu driven. The utilities, which can be altered by the programmer, are listed in the table below and show how comprehensive this system is. For security, passwords can be placed on any of the programs in the system. Unfortunately, the system might cause difficulties for a person without computer experience as most input is not checked for legality before being accepted. It is not difficult (contrary to statements in the documentation) to type in an answer that seems reasonable - only to get "SN IN LN 75 ", with no obtious way of getting back to the DMS system. Even when inputs are checked the user is just requested to type in another response - no range of acceptable data is offered. Before the non computer user would feel comfortable using this system, routines are necessary that buffer the operator from the programs and a rewrite of the documentation is needed.

CP/M BASIC with 65U \& D marked U or D, B=Both

| Commands: |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| AUTO | CLEAR | CONT(B) | DELETE | EDIT |
| FILES | LIST(B) | LLIST | LOAD (B) | MERGE |
| NEW(B) | NULL(B) | RENUM | RESET | RUN(B) |
|  | SYSTEM | TRON | TROFF | WIDTH |
| Program Statements: |  |  |  |  |
| DEF(B) | DEFDBL | DEFINT | DEFSNG | DEFSTR |
| DIM(B) | END (B) | ERASE | ERROR | FOR(B) |
| GOSUB(B) | GOTO(B) | IF. THEN(ELSE) | LET | NEXT(B) |
| ON. . ERROR | ON...GOSUB | ON. GOTO(B) | OUT | POKE(B) |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { REM (B) } \\ & \text { WAIT } \end{aligned}$ | RESUME | RETURN(B) | STOP(B) | SWAP |
| Input/Output Statements: |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| KILL | LINEINPUT | LSET | NAME | OPPUT ${ }^{\text {Ond }}$ |
| PRINT(B) | PUT | READ (B) | RESTORE(B) | RSET |
| Arithmetic Functions: |  |  |  |  |
| $\mathrm{ABS}(\mathrm{B})$ | ATN(B) | CDBL | CINT | $\operatorname{COS}(\mathrm{B})$ |
| CSNG | ERL |  |  |  |
| INP | INT(B) | LOG(B) | LPOS | FRE(B) |
| POS(B) | RND(B) | SGN(B) | SIN(B) | SPC(B) |
| SQR(B) | TAB(B) | USR(B) | VARPTR | ( ${ }^{\text {( }}$ |
| String Functions: |  |  |  |  |
|  | CHR \$(B) |  |  |  |
| LEFTS(B) | LEN | MID \$( ${ }^{\text {B }}$ ) | OCTS | RIGHT\$(B) |
| SPACE\$ | STRING\$ | STR\$(B) | VAL(B) |  |
| Input/Output Functions: |  |  |  |  |
| LOF | MKD\$ | MKI\$ | EOF <br> MKS $\$$ | LOC |


| Extensions |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Both | 65U | 65D |
| IF..THEN | INDEX | EXIT |
| IF...GOTO | PRINT\% | DISK $!<$ STRING $>$ |
| WAIT | INPUT\% | DISK OPEN, <DEVICE $>,<$ STRING $>$ |
|  | FIND | DISK CLOSE, <DEVICE $>$ |
|  | FLAG NN | DISK GET, $<$ RECORD NUMBER $>$ |
|  | PRINT \$R,X | DISK PUT |
|  | PRINT \$L,X |  |

## DATA BASE MANAGEMENT SYSTEM PROGRAMS

Create New Master File
Create New Key File
Edit Master File
Load Key File From Master
Edit Key File
Dump Key File
Generate Mailing Labels From Master File
Master File Merge or Load Diskette Copier
Multi-File Multi-Format Report Writer
Multi-Conditional Report Writer with Statistical Functions
Multi-Conditional Statistical Package
Sort a File
Master File Record Inserter
Master File Record Delete and Repack
Inventory
Order Entry
General Ledger
Personnel
Payroll
Accounts Receivable
Accounts Payable
Query

## Benchmark

As well as running the Kilobaud benchmarks (see summary), I set up some disc tests.

These were run under OS-65U as Ohio Scientific state that this operating system provides the best file accessing facilities. All the files in these tests are 100 record files with 256 character records. Each record is composed of 8 fields (called A\$ - H\$). Tests 2 and 4 are designed to test the "randomness" of writing to and reading from files. If tests 2 and 4 take substantially longer to run than 1 and 3 then the operating system is probably using a sequential method for its random access. Test 1. Fill A\$ - H\$ with 32 "A"s each. Open a datafile; using a FOR-NEXT loop write to records 0 to 99 ; close the file. Test 2. As test 1 but writing the records to the file starting with the last record; that is the FORNEXT loop's step is -1 .
Test 3. Open "Datafile" using a FOR-NEXT loop, read each
record out of the file, close the file.
Test 4. As test 3 but reading from the file starting with the last record.
Disc test 1
19.9

Disc test 2
Disc test 3
Disc test 4
21.9
83.1

## Business potential

The Challenger III is designed for use both as an end user system for running application packages and as a development system. For either use probably its greatest selling point is its hard discs. No other personal computer system on the market offers the possibility of nearly 300 M bytes of on line storage. With a Challenger III, software can be designed or purchased for a floppy disc system and then run with hard discs as capacity grows.

## Business application

Looking at the Challenger III as an end user system, one ought to be able to run 6800,6502 and Z80 packages on it. Unfortunately Ohio Scientific supply virtually no system software for running 6800 code. So either 6800 system software must be purchased first to run 6800 application programs or those packages purchased must be written in machine code. In either case, as standard 6800 MIKBUG code will not execute under the Ohio Scientific monitor, it is a safe bet that 6800 programs will not run without the attention of a system programmer.

Moving on to the 6502, Ohio Scientific have written three application packages. The review machine was only supplied with their Data Base Mangement System. It is a comprehensive package with the nice feature of optional passwords for reading and/or writing protection from unauthorized users. Unfortunately I had no difficulty in crashing (both accidentally and intentionally) DMS so any potential buyer should expect to experience some problems when it is first installed. The other two packages that Ohio Scientific supply are a Word Processor and a Small Business Package. Bearing in mind that Ohio Scientific's software is of variable quality, I cannot recommend software I haven't seen. In any case, I have serious doubts about the usefulness of the Small Business Package. It was designed in


Inside the computer itself.

## Benchmarks

|  | CP/M | 65 U |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| BM1 | 2.3 | 1.7 |
| BM2 | 7.9 | 13.1 |
| BM3 | 21 | 21.6 |
| BM4 | 21 | 23.7 |
| BM5 | 22.5 | 29.2 |
| BM6 | 37.5 | 39.6 |
| BM7 | 59.6 | 58.3 |
| BM8 | 9.9 | 17.6 |

(processor timings in seconds)
America, for an American market where business jargon is different and VAT is unheard of.

Finally, turning to the Z80, the user should experience few problems. As CP/M runs on this microprocessor and most disc based British application packages run under $\mathrm{CP} / \mathrm{M}$, the situation is most satisfactory.

## Development System

The Challenger III as a development system follows a similar pattern. Again the lack of systems software for the 6800 makes it difficult to use. On the other hand, the Z80 under CP/M gives access to a wide variety of system software. Translators for BASIC, FORTRAN, COBOL, PASCAL, Z80 Assembler and 8080 Assembler are on the market together with their corresponding debugging aids.

Looking at Ohio Scientific's own system software for the 6502 the kindest thing I can say is that it is of uneven quality. I have my doubts about the reliability of OS-65U. It crashed regularly throughout the period that I used it. Normally I would put this down to faulty hardware, but the system did not crash under CP/M and on the whole they use the same hardware. (I suppose there could have been something wrong with the 6502 chip itself). It has a few nice features such as a password system and good file handling facilities (including indexing) under OS-65U. On the whole Ohio Scientific's BASICs are less sophisticated than one would expect on a disc based system. It is also
irritating to have three different BASICs each with its own advantages and disadvantages.
Summary
If a user either needs the large disc capacity or wants to run programs on more than one microprocessor, then the Challenger III has possibilities. If neither of these conditions apply, then the disadvantages inherent in the Challenger III probably outweigh its advantages. I cannot imagine the purchase of this machine for the developing or executing of 6800 programs. Ohio Scientific produce a less expensive range of computers, the Challenger II (6502 based only) for running their system software and Data Base Management System. There are a wide variety of other machines on the market that run under CP/M that are less expensive, more attractive and more robust.

## Educational potential

I have my doubts whether the hardware is sufficiently rugged to withstand student users. Also the large number of cabinet vents might lead to objects, such as pencils, "falling into the computer". A rack mounted version would be more secure against such accidents.

I was told that it was a good machine for education because it allows students to use a variety of microprocessors. However, for the price of a C3 one can purchase a CP/M system, a PET and a single board 6800 computer. Although this collection doesn't provide identical facilities, it probably provides those features of the C3 that students would utilize, with scope for more "hands on"' experience.

On the other hand, programming needs could well be met by the multi-user system with hard discs but again it is debatable, given the small BASIC, whether several stand alone computers would not provide a more reliable installation for the money.

## Documentation

The documentation provided by Ohio Scientific Inc. was of variable quality. The OS-CP/M manuals (System, BASIC, FORTRAN, COBOL), written primarily by Microsoft Inc., are thorough, paginated, indexed and filled with examples.

The documentation that OSI
write themselves is more difficult to praise. Several of the manuals supplied were photocopies of preliminary versions, but even their final efforts are not impressive. Pages are only numbered within sections and there are no indices. The manuals are both repetitious and incomplete. There are very few programming examples and most of those are fullsized programs that are rather daunting to scan right through for a single question of syntax.

OSI seem to have difficulty in finding the appropriate level for each type of manual. For example in the documentation for OS-DMS (the Data Management System that is "immediately usable for the untrained small businessman") there is a glossary of terms with definitions such as: "Index - the index is the virtual field address of an entry field, record or file". In the midst of a technical discussion about the memory, the OSI technical writer, in an outburst of enthusiasm says, " 520 memory is by far the finest semi-conductor memory available in computing, regardless of price, considering both its superb reliability and outstanding speed/power product".

On the whole, I feel a little tentative about reviewing a system whose characteristics risk being obscured by such documentation.

## Expandability

Probably the largest personal computer system advertised is the Challenger III. A C3-S1 can be expanded to a full C3-B system with 768 K bytes RAM, four 80 M byte Winchester hard discs and 16 communication ports. Also announced is a multi-user version of 65 U operating system.

## Conclusion

When the Challenger III was designed, there was virtually no software on the market. At that time, people producing software had to program in machine code and so had a thorough knowledge of the operation of their microprocessor. It was a clever idea to place all the major microprocessors on one board, so that all available programs could be run. Unfortunately for the designers of the Challenger III system, software developments in the micro
market have meant that programmers no longer need to learn machine code in order to use a personal computer. The overwhelming success of Microsoft BASIC, in which the majority of applications programs are coming to be written, means that the potential user who wants to fully exploit the C3 system will have to become more involved with the hardware than is necessary with other comparably priced systems.

My overall impression of the system was of a machine with some very clever ideas. However, I have the feeling that it was rushed into production, thus giving
a rather ragged feel to the package. In particular neither the OS65 D and U system software nor the overall documentation are up to the standards currently available in systems priced upwards of $£ 2000$. The 74 M byte hard disc system sounds promising but experience (with the Superboards) leads one to expect an element of delay between product announcement and eventual availability.
PCW would like to express its thanks to Computerland in Birmingham and the Byte shop in Ilford for the loan of equipment used in this test.

## Prices

CS-S1
C3-OEM
C3-A
C3-B
C3-C
520
OS-65U
OS-CP/M
OS-DMS With BASIC, FORTRAN and COBOL
AMCAP
WP-2
32 K dual floppy in 2 cases with OS-65D
32 K dual floppies in 1 case
48 K dual floppies, 16 slot rack OS-65U
C3-A with 74 M byte hard disc
£2998
む2998
£4251
£9985
$£ 7988$
£ 385
£ 160
£ 200
£ 600
£ 300
£ 300
£ 300

| FIRST IMPRESSIONS |  |
| :--- | ---: |
| Looks | $* *$ |
| Setting up | $* * *$ |
| Ease of Use |  |
| HIGH LEVEL LANGUAGES |  |
| BASIC (Ohio) | $* *$ |
| BASIC (CP/M) | $* *$ |
| COBOL | $* * * *$ |
| FORTRAN | $n / \mathrm{a}$ |
| PASCAL | $* * *$ |


| PACKAGES |  |
| :--- | ---: |
| Business | $* * *$ |
| Education | n $/ \mathrm{a}$ |
| Home | n/a |


| PERFORMANCE |  |
| :--- | ---: |
| Processor | $* * * * *$ |
| Cassette | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ |
| Disc | $* * * *$ |
| Peripherals | $* *$ |
| EXPANDABILITY |  |
| Memory | $* * *$ |
| Cassette | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ |
| Discs | $* * *$ |
| Bus |  |
| COMPATIBILITY | $* *$ |
| Hardware | $* * * *$ |
| Software | $* *$ |
| DOCUMENTATION | $* *$ |
| VALUE FOR MONEY |  |



MEMORY MAP UNDER 65D
DFFF
3178
2300
200
100
0

| Source File Work Space |
| :--- |
| OS-65D |
| BASIC or Assembler |
| 6502 Stack |
| 6502 Page Zero |

MEMORY MAP UNDER CP/M

| $\begin{aligned} & \text { B200 } \\ & \text { A900 } \end{aligned}$ | FDOS |
| :---: | :---: |
|  | CCP |
|  | TPA |
| 0100 | System Parameters \& bootstrap |



EUROC is a new simple to use, fast, powerful microcomputer system for business. It's British, the program tried and tested.

EUROC is already being talked about by bankers, accountants and businessmen. See it on Stand 642 at the International Business Show at the National Exhibition Centre, Birmingham from 23rd October to November 1st, 1979.

EUROC hardware is manufactured exclusively for Euro-Calc Ltd., by Plessey Microsystems Ltd. EUROC will be on permanent display at Euro-Calc's branches
at 55 High Holborn, London WC1 and at 224 Tottenham Court Road, London W1.

EUROC looks after your day books (Cash-Sales-Purchase \& Nominal). EUROC keeps your ledgers (Sales-Purchase \& Nominal). EUROC prints out your Statements and Remittance advices.
EUROC produces 8 vital REPORTS at your month end and to ensure you enjoy complete financial control. (I.E. Aged Debtors Report, Aged Creditors Report, Name and Address Report, Sales Analysis Report, VAT Report, Profit and Loss Report, Assets and Liabilities Report, Fund Report).

In addition optional Stock Control and Payroll programs will be available.
There are no hidden extras. EUROC's price of $£ 7,995$ ex. VAT includesHardware, Software, Initial Supply of Stationery and Binders - in fact everything you need to computerise your business including the 1st year's Maintenance Contract - nationwide service is undertaken by Plessey Microsystems Ltd.

For further information and trade-distribution enquiries, talk to Peter Ingoldby, Managing Director, Euro-Calc Ltd., 55, High Holborn, London, W.C.1., telephone 01.4053223 or Anthony Manton, Sales Director at Tottenham Court Road on 01-636 5560.

## THE 2nd PERSONAL COMPUTER WORLD SHOW 1-3 November 1979 West Centre Hotel, Lillie Road, London SW6 <br> Last year the vote was just David Levy takes charge of

 about unanimous. . The the first European MicroIst Personal Computer World computer Chess ChampionShow stood out above all ship - and what an enthralothers as Britain's major ling contest that promises to micro event of the year. be. 'Chess-nut' or not, don'tNow it's 1979 and forget to come by for David's although this time far bigger guns are being aimed at PCW's position of eminence, that in a way just makes us all the more determined to hold on to our first place. 'Bigger and Better' may be a hackneyed old phrase, but we are certain it will turn out to be an entirely apt description of The 2nd Personal Computer World Show.

We are happy to announce an over $50 \%$ increase in exhibitors this year - a sure sign of the continued growth of the micro industry. Indeed, so heavy has been the demand for site applications, the organisers have been forced to make special arrangements with the hotel to allow 'late-comers' to spill over into the foyer area.

Chess will again be a major highlight. Ever popular with the forces of the media, commentary of this titanic struggle between rival programs. By the way, the winning owner picks up a cheque for $£ 1,500$.

Of special interest, David Hebditch (who's also one of our Conference speakers) will be demonstrating communication between personal computers. The display will stand as the fruition of his 'On the Line' series in PCW in which, issue by issue, he has taught the rudiments of this exciting new activity. Will McLuhan's concept of a 'Global Village' be finally realised?. . . talk to David

and see what he thinks.
No PCW show could ever be complete without its accompanying 3-day Conference and this year's forum, with its carefully structured programme of subject matter, brings together some of the most skilled and knowledgeable speakers in their fields. Essentially the Conference breaks down into three main areas of interest. Day One caters for the businessman, Day Two for the industrialist and Day Three, the hobbyist.

Briefly, Day One looks at a businessman's decision to buy a micro, some possible uses for it, some first hand experience from a real user and, finally, an indication of the sort of return one might expect from the investment.

Next, the Conference switches tracks to look at the uses of microprocessors in the industrial environment.
their place on the production line, their incorporation into the products themselves, the highly work-efficient world of the industrial robot and, to end, a session dealing with that thorny and emotive subject, the impact of micros on labour relations.

Day Three is 'hobby' day. First of all there'll be an overview of the current micro market, and that'll be followed by a look at the practicalities of dialling up other machines. The Conference then heads its way into the world of exotic peripherals and, to close, it strays across the Sci-Fi/Real Science border for a close-up investigation of the innards of fun robots.

Whatever else, The 2nd

Personal Computer World Show is intended to be a family occasion. Usually that means, 'dad, bring along the kids and show them what it's all about'. . . in this case it probably means, 'kids, bring along your parents and show them what it's all about'!

There'll be machines on show, books and magazines for sale, packages being demonstrated, consultants consulting, advisers advising; in fact, you name it and - if it's anything to do with micros - it'll be there. If you've never ever attended an exhibition like this before, The 2nd Personal Computer World Show is the one you simply cannot afford to miss. . . SEE YOU THERE!

## GENERAL INFORMATION

## Venue:

West Centre Hotel, Lillie
Road, London SW6
Hours:
10:00-19:00 Thursday 1st
November
10:00-19:00 Friday 2nd
November.
10:00-17:00 Saturday 3rd

## November

Admission (Show):
£1.00 (advance booking), $£ 1.50$ at the door.
Admission (Conference)
Thursday \& Friday - £45 plus VAT
Saturday - £14, VAT inclusive.
(Both the above prices include entry to the show)

## Access:

Underground to either Earls Court or West Brompton (Beware, the latter station is closed on the Saturday). Also buses $-30,74$ and 74 b .

> For telephone bookings or enquiries call the organisers~ Montbuild Ltd All exhibition and conference enquiries to Anne Reynolds 01~4860067

ACCESS DATA
47
COMMUNICATIONS LTD

## \& PRODUCTIVITY

## UNLIMITED

228 High Street,
Uxbridge, Middx
0296624887
A hardware supplier and a consultancy have teamed up to provide a complete service to the prospective micro buyer. The companies specialise in Microstar with Qume or Texas printers.
They offer business analysis advice, guidance and software packages which they will customise if necessary or they will write a bespoke system. They provide hardware and software support and are planning training courses.

| ACT PETSOFT \& | $41 \&$ |
| :--- | ---: |
| PETSOFT SOFTWARE | 49 |
| SUPERMARKET |  |
| P.0. Box 9 |  |
| Newbury, Berks |  |
| 0635 201131 |  |

This company specialises in servicing the needs of PET users. They sell a wide variety of software packages including business, games and training. They also sell PET peripherals and add-ons such as disc drives, memory expansion and plug. in programmers tool kit.
On show will be a well-stocked PETSOFT software supermarket, demonstrations of their packages including a non-stop presentation of their PETACT business system. They will be showing their 800 K PET disc drive and their new stock control system written for use with this drive.


#### Abstract

APPLIED DATA A9 EDUCATION SERVICES

\section*{LIMITED}

\section*{Suite $\mathbf{5 0 4}$,}

Albany House, 24 Regent Street, London W1R 5AA 01-580 6361 This company specialises in educational packages designed for Apple, PET and Tandy machines. On show will be their floppy disc based Little Genius self-instruction courses plus BASIC courses for the various machines.


## B\&B CONSULTANTS

A15
124 Newport Street,
Bolton, Lancs
020426644
This company sells hardware, software, support and training. They specialise in ITT 2020, Tandy, PET, Computhink and TECS equipment. They can hook up 2M Bytes disc storage to a PET if required. Their own packages include: Stock control, sales ledger, purchase ledger, nominal ledger and invoicing. A personalisation service is offered. Software is guaranteed and a hardware maintenance service can be provided.
At the show they will have their PET and TECS equipment running demonstration programs.

## Ilford, Essex

## 01-518 1414

This company sells a range of hardware and software, both off the shelf and tailor made. They sell about 20 different machines. They also provide a software service through their sister company - Computer Aided Systems which has been in the software business for 10 years.
On show will be a number of their more substantial systems aimed at the businessman. A range of financial and business packages will be demonstrated.

## CS MICROCOMPUTERS <br> A16 <br> 460 Cowbridge Road East, <br> Cardiff <br> 0222565012

This company provides hardware and software to your requirements. They cover England and Wales. Their speciality is in the North Star Horizon although they will provide other machines if required. They offer their own packages for collecting agencies, wages, stock control, sales statistics and word processing.
Meet them at the show, discuss your needs and see their hardware and software in action.

## COMPELEC ELEC- 31,32 , <br> TRONICS LTD <br> 14/15 Berners Street, <br> 36

## London W1

01-636 1392
This company provides both hardware and software backed up by comprehensive support services. They sell both to end users and OEMs. The packages offered are designed so that the person totally without experience can customise them in a few days. Applications are: sales ledger, nominal ledger, purchase ledger, order processing and invoicing; stock control; payroll; personal records and fixed assets. These all include 3 days training. Special business applications covered are: estate agents, insurance portfolio management and mailing lists.

They will launch two new products at the show a $1 M B, 64 K$, VDU printer system and a word processing package which will also run their application software. They will also be showing Altair 300 systems - multiuser with 10 MB hard discs.

## COMPSHOP LTD <br> 14 Station Road,

C3
New Barnet, Herts
4412922
This company claims to be the largest discount microcomputer store in Europe. They stock Exidy, ITT, Compukit, TRS80 and PET products. They also sell software packages from PETSOFT, A.J. HARDING and APPLE. They have a service company called Compucare.
They will be demonstrating their basic range of machines and selling COMPUKIT UK 101. They will also be demonstrating colour add-on boards for this machine. The Video 100 and Hitachi monitors will be on display.

COMPUTER BOOKSHOP
3
Temple House
43-48 New Street,
Birmingham B2 4LH
021-643 4577
A wholesaler of microbooks to the microcomputer industry, Computer Bookshop sells books from 8 or 9 publishers. They are the sole Sybex distributor for the UK.
A wide range will be on show including Sybex's books and cassette courses. They will also be bringing about 20 new books from Addison-Wesley.

## 3D DIGITAL DESIGN

$8-9$
\& DEVELOPMENT
43 Grafton Way,
London W1P 5LA
01-387 7388
3D are microprocessor interfacing specialists for industrial, medical and educational applications. They quote for custom interfacing packages which include both hardware and software.
On show will be their serial and parallel printer interfaces for the new Sharp $M Z-80 K$, a wide range of industrial interfaces e.g. Analogue/Digital converters, Relay drivers and Numeric Control tape preparation packages for PET.

## DATAC LIMITED

A13
Tudor Rd, Altrincham,
Cheshire WA14 5TN
0619412361
Datac call themselves "The Printer People". Indeed, that is their speciality. They also sell floppy dise drives.
They will be showing most of their printer range and flexible disc drives. Printers on display will include: DB80 an 80 column bi-directional sprocket feed matrix impact printer; 310 series, low cost 20 column printer which can be panel mounted or free-standing; and the 240/410 series of $16,20,32$ and 40 column printers.

## ELECTRONIC BROKERS <br> A5

LIMITED
49/53 Pancras Road,
London NW1 2QB
01-837 7781
This company specialises in the sale of secondhand computer equipment. The equipment is fully refurbished and offered with a warranty and full service backup.
They will be showing a range of low cost ASCII keyboards and accessories, floppy disc drives, monitors, papertape equipment and VDUs.

## ENSIGN LTD

51 \&
13-19 Milford Street,
52

## Swindon, Wilts <br> 079342615

Information not available at time of going to press.

## EQUINOX COMPUTER

$45 \&$

## SYSTEMS

Kleeman House,
16 Anning Street,
New Inn Yard,
London EC2A 3HB
01-739 2387
This company sells systems to scientific, business and educational users. The systems comprise hardware and system software and they offer a country-wide back-up service. They are well used to multi-user, multitasking systems incorporating hard discs.
On show will be their Horizon series 5000 and $8000, C P / M$ based with $51 / 4$ " and $8^{\prime \prime}$ floppies, printer and VDUs. Software will include BASIC, FORTRAN, COBOL, PASCAL, ALGOL, Assemblers, Text and Word Processing.

## A.J. HARDING

39
(MOLIMERX)
28 Collington Avenue
Bexhill-on-Sea
East Sussex
0424220391
This company is one of the largest software suppliers for the TRS-80. Most of the packages are business and utility programs although they also sell some games. Their other activities include consultancy and custom design of systems.
They will be selling their more important programs at the show but, most of all, they will be there to meet their customers - both existing and prospective.

## HEATH (GLOUCESTER)

4

## LIMITED

11B Bristol Road,
Gloucester GL2 6EE
045229451
Two years ago in the USA this company introduced 8 -bit computer kits to hobbyists - this led to a lot of business interest so they moved on to readybuilt business systems based on the 16 bit DEC 8/11.
Systems on show will be the WH89-a $16 \mathrm{~K}, 2 \times \mathrm{Z80}$, integral disc plus VDU and the $H 8$ - an 8080A based machine with an H19 intelligent VDU. A lowcost printer, the WH14 will also be on show.

## ITHACA INTERSYSTEMS <br> 34 <br> (UK) LTD

58 Crouch Hall Road,
London N8 8HG
01-341 2447
This company provides full technical and marketing support for Ithaca dealers throughout Europe. They sell a full range of IEEE S100 boards to OEM users.
They will be launching their DPS1 IEEE S100 mainframe computer, a PASCAL/ $Z$ compiler, a single board computer, a 16 K static RAM board and an I/O board. In addition they will be showing a full range of S100 boards such as Z80 CPU, EPROM, video disc controller etc. .

## KATANNA MANAGE-

## 2 Roughtons,

Galleywood,
Chelmsford
Essex CM2 8PF
024576127
This company provides complete computer systems. They will install packages or tailor-made systems on any equipment although they do specialise in Tandy. They provide staff training and on-going post-sale support. They also sell a number of packages - both business and pleasure.
On show will be a range of software including the Apparat NEWDOS, their own packages and Tandy Business Systems. They will also have on the stand the Modata DSC-2 with 1.14 M Bytes of floppy disc storage, a Hazeltine VDU and a choice of printers.

## KEEN COMPUTERS <br> APPLE DEALERS

$13-$
18
c/o 5B The Poultry
Nottingham NG1 2HW
0602-583254
This is a network of companies comprising the Apple distributor and six dealers. They all specialise in Apple and its related hardware and software products.
They will have a 'hospitality area' at the show and will be presenting all normal Apple systems plus hard discs, speech recognition and synthesis, $A / C$ controllers, supercolour for home TV, Business and games software and a hardware driven PASCAL.

## L. P. ENTERPRISES

C10 \&
C12
8-11 Cambridge House,
Cambridge Road,
Barking, Essex IG11 8NT
01-591 6511
This company distributes and retails books, magazines and microcomputer software. The software is supplied on cassette or floppy discs. Emphasis is on system software, applications and games packages.
On show will be a wide range of products. Specific items on show will be the Wordstar word-processing system and the new Cromemco Series Three operating system. This operating system is multi-user (up to 16), multitasking for any $Z 80$ with $64 K$ RAM and interrupt handling facilities.

## LEXICON TRANSLATORS A10 <br> \& ELECTRONICS (UK) LTD

Stewartson House,
691 Seven Sisters Road,
London N15
01-802 7970
This company markets the LK3000 "your personal computer". This can be used as a computer or as a terminal. Different applications are contained on plug-in modules. There are 9 different language translators (with more to come), a calculator module, a computer terminal module, a user-programmable module and information modules.
At the show they will be exhibiting all the modules, including a Winter Olympics information modute containing details of previous Olympic records. This also includes a stop watch facility.


## LIFEBOATASSOCIATES A3

## 30-32 Neal Street

## London WC2H 9PS

Information not available at time of going to press.

## LONDON COMPUTER

43
## STORE

43 Grafton Way
London W1P 5LA

## 01-388 5721

This company specialises in microcomputer based systems for business users and software houses. They market and distribute the Pegasus - a Z80 based micro built by the National Multiplex Corporation.
On show will be a 10 M Byte hard disc, a 2.4M Byte quad density $8^{\prime \prime}$ floppy disc drive and a low cost 80 column printer suitable for PET, Apple, TRS-80 etc. . .

## LYNX COMPUTERS LTD <br> A19

## Rotherglen,

Gerrards Cross Road,
Stoke Poges,
Bucks SL2 4EJ
Fulmer 2572
This company serves "software cottages" around the country. They provide Apples to system writers who, in turn, produce systems to their clients requirements. These systems are then publicised and distributed to the other cottages by Lynx. Lynx themselves are also a consultancy.
On show will be 3 Apples. One with a daisy wheel printer attached for an embryo word processing system, another demonstrating standard commercial packages, the other demonstrating a stereo music synthesiser.

## MBM (MICROCOMPUTER <br> 38 <br> BUSINESS MACHINES) <br> 4 Morgan Street

London E3 5AB 01-981 3993
This company is a wholesale distributor of the entire Ohio range. They offer engineering and back-up support. They also offer software - tape and disc based.
They will be showing the CI, CII and CIII. The CI will be cased and will include an extension board and a floppy disc drive. The CIII will come with a 29MB hard disc plus business and database software.

## MEGAPALM LIMITED <br> "Downderry"

Halton Road
Nether Kellet,
Carnforth,
Lancs LA6 1EU
0524733801
A small flexible software consultancy who cover the whole spectrum of preand post implementation activities. They do consultancy work, systems analysis, system design and program writing especially for the first-time user. They hold dealerships in Commodore and Computhink products and software packages. They run short resi-
dential courses in programming and allied topics.
They will be exhibiting a small business system at the show.

## MICRO COMPUTER <br> 25 <br> <br> CENTRE

 <br> <br> CENTRE}314 Upper Richmond West,
London SW14
01-876 6609
This firm offers PET based systems, either small applications for large businesses or large applications for small businesses. They offer a service from advice to designing and programming complete systems. They also sell standard packages which they are happy to customise. They supply PETs, Computhink products and any other PET peripherals.
On the stand they will be meeting clients, selling their range of hardware and software and demonstrating their business package.

## MICRODIGITAL LTD A22- <br> 25 Brunswick Street <br> A24 <br> Liverpool L2 0BJ

From hobbyist kits to full scale business systems they supply hardware, software, support, books and publications. As well as selling packages they develop their own and are happy to custombuild to your requirements. They also offer a hire service - the cost of which is deducted from purchase price.
At the show will be books, a reed relay controller board for Nascom, some of their smaller systems and maybe even a surprise new computer???

## MICROSOLVE COMPUTER 6 <br> SERVICES LTD <br> 125-129 High Street <br> Edgware, Middx <br> 01-951 0218

This company offers a complete service encompassing hardware and software sales. They will conduct business investigations, design systems and produce solutions. They specialise in 3 machine ranges - Apple, Microstar and Alpha Micro - plus, of course, the usual range of add-ons,VDUs, printers etc.
At the show they will be demonstrating some of their business packages.

## MIKE ROSE MICROS

42

## 67 Nova Road,

Croydon,
Surrey CR0 2TN
01-688 6013
This company specialises in consultancy, training and programming services. They think that systems should be matched to a businessman's needs, and to this end they offer business analysis, hardware recommendations, system design, programming, an implementation service, training and full post implementation support. They will also arrange hardware support on behalf of their clients.
Meet them at the show. They will be happy to talk to prospective clients for their consultancy and training services.


## NEWBEAR COMPUTING <br> STORE LTD <br> 12

40 Bartholomew Street,
Newbury, Berks RG14 5LL
063530505
They concentrate on the following machines: DPS1, Cromemco Series 3, Apple, North Star Horizon, printers, VDUs etc. Software is available for all these machines. The publication section boasts one of the biggest selections of books available. The components division sells chips, tools, kits, Jim-paks, UVEPROM erasing lamps etc.
They will exhibit all their machines, a selection of books and any tools, Vero boxes etc. that can be carried away by visitors.

## NEWTONS LABORA- <br> 19 \& <br> \section*{TORIES}

123 Wandsworth High Street, London SW18 4JB
01-870 4248
The computer division sells micros direct to end users and to OEMs. They sell their own software - order processing, invoicing, sales ledger, purchase ledger, nominal ledger and payroll. They offer full customer support.
They will be showing a 16 bit alpha micro with dual density dual sided 8 " Shugart drives plus VDUs and a printer. They will also have 10 MB and 90 MB hard disc systems. They will be demonstrating their packages.

## PERSONAL COMPUTERS

30

## LTD

## 194/200 Bishopsgate

London EC2M 4NR
01-283 3391

## 01-626 8121

This company is a long-established Apple distributor dealing in Apple and compatible products. These include Teksim, full size floppy disc drives, printers, analogue to digital converters and a wide range of software products.
They will have their full product range on show. Items of particular interest will be their Estate Agents software, their text processing package and the Milliken interactive medical education software.

## PETALECT LTD

5
33-35 Portugal Road,

## Woking, Surrey

048-62 69032
Last year they started selling PETS. They specialise in technical interfaces for the PET - electronic balances, spectrophotometers, light pens and so on. . . They produce the software and implementation service to back this up. In fact they are responsible for some very complex total systems.
See them on the stand where they will have weighing machines hooked up to PETs, lots of laboratory equipment, bar code readers, demonstration packages and a selection of Computhink products.

## RAIR LIMITED

30-32 Neal Street
London WC2H 9PS
$01-8364663$
Information not available at time of going to press.

## RESEARCH MACHINES

 48LIMITED
Chapel Street,
Oxford
086549792
A British microcomputer manufacturer, their product is the 380 Z . The product is aimed at specialist markets such as research, education and the larger existing data processing user. They also supply system software. They offer systems and hardware support.
They will be showing $380 Z$ based systems with a mixture of peripherals. On display will be a $1 M B$ " floppy disc system, VDUs - both memory-mapped and standard, high resolution graphics with the possibility of a new colour board.

## ROSTRONICS <br> 7 \&

118 Wandsworth High Street A18
London SW18
01-870 4805
They sell the Z Plus system, TRS80 and associated packages. They provide services from the initial investigation to programming plus training and full support.
On show will be their Z-Plus micro with its associated packages: Inventory, payroll, word processing, accounts receivable, and accounts payable. They will be showing the Paper Tiger printer, I/O boards, a double density, double sided disc controller and PASCAL-Z.

## SOFTPRINT

A8
The Vicarage, Kimpton
Nr. Hitchin, Herts
0438832094
This company specialises in the production of tape-based magazines for the PET. They have just published issue 1 of their magazine "Lettercette".
On show they will have Softwriter - a new word processor for the PET, with full editing and format facilities.

## THE SOFTWAREHOUSE A1 \&

146 Oxford Streed
A2
London W1
01-637 1587
They sell software, Apples and peripherals. They import, manufacture and distribute the software both wholesale and retail. They sell packages for almost every popular computer, covering a range of games and business applications.
They will be exhibiting "Be Wary" - a new game from the USA by Leo Christopherson. They will be showing other games, including the Creative Computing range. PET, TRS-80 and Apple machines will be on the stand.

## STRUMECH ENGINEERING LIMITED <br> 1 \& <br> Portland House,

Coppice Side, Brownhills,
West Midlands
054334321
This company holds the UK agency for Midwest Scientific Instruments and are European Master Distributors for Smoke Signal Broadcasting and MicroTerm International Inc. They offer a wide range of machines for use in educa-
tion, home computing and small businesses.
On show will be a new. multi-user BASIC interpreter and a graphic capability. Many microprocessors and peripheral devices based on the 6800 will be displayed.

## TANDY CORPORATION <br> 26 <br> (BRANCH) UK <br> 29

Bilston Road,
Holyhead Road,
Wednesbury,
West Midlands
021-556 61.01
Tandy are the manufacturers and suppliers of the TRS-80 computer. They also provide a wide range of perhipheral equipment. They will shortly open computer-only stores. On show will be two new line printers, a voice synthesizer, a P2 Quick printer and the new TRS-80 Model II. Other items on the stand will be the TRS-80 model 1 , expansion interface, printers, disc drives, system desk, software, voice synthesis peripheral and a range of books.

## TRANSAM COMPONENTS A6 \& <br> LTD <br> A7

12 Chapel Street,
London NW1
01-402 8137
Manufacturers and distributors of the British-designed TRITON system. They also sell firmware packages namely 7 K Scientific BASIC and 8K TRAP a system development package. They sell both wholesale and retail. Other products include components, books, connectors, cables, Ithaca products, Shugart drives and Compucolor.
3 levels of TRITON will be on show as well as Compucolor, Ithaca and Shugart drives. They will be running their home-grown software and firmware.

## V \& T ELECTRONICS <br> 23 <br> 82 Chester Road <br> London N19 5DZ <br> 01-263 2735 <br> This company sells chips, cassette players and a relocatable assembler for Nascom. With its associated software the cassette can perform high speed, bi-directional, searching at data rates

 of around 5 K baud.On show will be a faster cassette mechanism (30K baud). They plan to have a cassette based BASIC which will provide the normal disc facilities but for cassette.

## VERO ELECTRONICS <br> LIMITED

Industrial Estate,
Chandlers Ford,
Hants
0421569911
This company produces a range of useful electronic equipment. Products include: Universal prototyping boards; power supplies - including an S100 sub-rack; card housing systems; interconnection and wiring systems; instrument cases; small enclosures; racks and cabinets.
They will be displaying a wide range of their products.

13-19 MILFORD STREET, SWINDON WILTSHIRE SN1 1DW Tel: (0793) 42615 . Telex: 449703

Make more time available to enhance the quality of your life and improve your business

For less than 25p an hour for just one year you can COMPUTERISE YOUR BUSINESS NOW!
EVERYTHING YOU REQUIRE TO START COMPLETE - READY TO OPERATE.
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## £2,300

- MICROCOMPUTER WITH 48K RAM (Memory) - DUAL DISK DRIVES (Storage up to 400K)
- DOS DISKETTE (Disk Operating System)
- BOX OF 10 BLANK DISKETTES
- PRINTER WITH TRACTOR FEED
- BOX OF CONTINUOUS STATIONERY/LABELS
- EVERYTHING COMPLETE WITH MANUALS

comprising:
SALES/PURCHASE LEDGERS QUOTE/ORDER/INVOICE BANK RECONCILIATION STOCKS / SHARES ANALYSIS STOCK CONTROL MAILING LIST GAMES PACKAGE This package illustrates how to solve many of your business problems. They may or may not be suitable for your type of application but they will help you develop your own software for virtually any type of business. Worth over $£ 500$ this package is enclosed FREE.


## SOFTWARE

We are pleased to announce that we have been appointed Exclusive Distributor for UK, Europe \& the World for GRAMA WINTER SOFTWARE
for TRS 80, Apple, ITT 2020. Also dealer for Pet, Z80, SWTP.
Fully integrated suite of 30 complete business programs.
Usual cost of such Quality Programs would be $£ 2500+$
Complete support, updates, $\mathrm{NHI} /$ Tax changes etc.
Write for details.
Special introductory price ... $£ 575 \ldots$ inclusive of VAT.

## CONSULTANCY

Please write or telephone if you require advice on BEGINNING or EXPANDING your computer installation. Software programs customised to your requirements.
OUR BUSINESS EXISTS ON IMPROVING YOUR BUSINESS.

We are continually adding new products to our range and would be pleased to receive your enquiries. Quantity Discounts available.

## TRS 80

| TRS 80 |  | ex. VAT | inc. VAT |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 4K Level 2 (c) | (c/w K/bd, VDU, T/Rec) | 434.78 | 500. |
| 16K Level 2 (c) | (c/w $/ 1 / \mathrm{bd}, \mathrm{VDU}, \mathrm{T} /$ Rec) | 500.00 | 575. |
| OK Interface(to add | dd printer \& disk drives) | 195.66 | 225. |
| 16 K Upgrade kits | (for k/bd or interface) | 65.22 | 5. |
| Disk Drives, single | le (up to 200k) | 260.88 | 300. |
| Disk Drives, dual | (up to 400k) | 608.70 | 700. |
| Disk Drives, dual | 100 | 1173.91 | 350. |
| Disk Drives, dual | (up to 2000k) | 1521.74 | 1750. |
| Disk Drives, cable 2 | 2 \& 4 way from | 21.74 | 25. |
| Anadex Printer, Tra | ractor feed | 434.78 | 500. |
| Printer cable for An | Anadex/Centronics | 21.7 | 25. |

## APPLE II ITT 2020

16K (c/w Keybd \& Palsoft ROM) $\quad 608.70 \quad 700$.
16K Upgrade kits $65.22 \quad 75$.
Disk Drive, single with cable $326.09 \quad 375$.

Printer Interface
Anadex
Colour TV ITT 340
$108.70-125$
$434.78 \quad 500$
$239.13 \quad 275$.

## COMMODORE PET

| 2001-32N | (New keyboard \& 32k) | 673.91 | 775. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2040 Dual Disk | Drive 343K | 673.91 | 775. |
| 3022 Printer wit | graphics | 521.74 | 600. |
| Printer interface | and cables, each | 21.74 | 25. |
| MEDIA LIST |  |  |  |
| 51/4" Verbatim | from (Oty 10) | 17.39 | 20. |
| 511/" Dysan | from (Qty 10) | 26.09 | 0. |
| 81/2" 3 M | from (Qty 10) | 30.44 |  |

Blank $51 / 4$ " \& $81 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ Diskettes, Soft/Hard Sectored, Formatted/ Unformatted. We have Diskettes to suit many systems. When ordering please quote: SYSTEM MANUFACTURER, MODEL, MEDIA TYPE, AND DISK SIZE Available in smaller or larger quantities.

STATIONERY Listing Paper, Continuous Forms, Labels. Listing paper $11^{\prime \prime} \times 8^{1 / 2^{\prime \prime}}$, white/green music ruled, boxed 2000 .................. $£ 10$ Labels $23 / 4^{\prime \prime} \times 1^{7 / 16^{\prime \prime}}$, white, fantold, $f 5$ per $1000.10,000$ for £10
f 40

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Your enquiries assist us in forward purchasing.

Requirements
Description
inc. VAT
Microcomputer
Upgrade Kit
Interface
Disk Drive
Printer
Cable/Interface
Cluster System
Colour TV
Media
Stationery
Software
Post/Pkg/lns
PC/PCW/L
:(please tel. for cost) ..............
TOTAL:


## COMPUIER ANSWERS

and as such get shift allowances, but in general their salaries start at $£ 4000$.

The question of courses must really be dependent on whether your son wishes to follow a career in scientific computing or data processing. If he desires the former then the best course of action is probably A level computing science followed by a degree If he seeks the latter then this reduces to a further question
degree or not degree (pun intended). You can gain some very valuable experience by stopping at the stage of A level, City \& Guilds 746/747, Royal Society of Arts Compu ters in Data processing, a Threshold scheme, or a British Computer Society award, and getting a job immediately; in the three years that you would have been studying for a degree you could have become very knowledgeable in a purely practical environment. Please seek further advice as there are many points that I have not covered. However, I hope that I have given you a starting point on which to base further questions.
Sheridan Williams
(We feel that we should mention the almost universal misuse of the term Systems Analyst. Sheridan is quite right when he says that this is often the next step for a programmer - it is, but it often comes as a disappointment. To illustrate why let's pretend that there is another progres sion for a programmer - to Systems Designer. This job would involve designing a computer system based on a statement of the business requirements of that system. This statement of require ments would be produced by someone who had studied the existing system in detail - usually by thoroughly inter viewing users of that system and documenting the results. This would by followed by an analysis of the findings in order to establish the precise requirements of the system.

You can see that the skills required for the two jobs described are quite different, yet they are frequently given the same description systems analysis. The first, I imagine, would be a very satisfying next step for a programmer. The second may be extremely successful but, as well as a logical and analytical mind, it would also require a number of interpersonal skills which are not a natural adjunct to programming. Ed.)

## BIG AND BEAUTIFUL

My computer has BASIC and it makes a great programmable calculator, but when I try to write large programs I always get tangled and can't get the program to work the way I
want. How can I learn to write big programs that work?

The mistake most beginners make is to jump straight into coding a program without designing it first. The
problem with BASIC is that it makes coding very easy, but gives you no help at all in designing programs that are likely to do what was intended, or to be easy to test. Worse, beginners are usually taught flowcharting at the same time as BASIC and though a well drawn flowchart is excellent for telling you which bit of the program is connected to which, it can still leave you clueless about the relationship between the program and the problem it was meant to solve. The art of programming is being able to go from a clear statement of the problem (a game, a calculation, handling a file), through several stages of refinement and definition, to a set of small, intelligible routines executed in the right order.

Many programmers use a structured programming technique to help them analyse a programming problem and record their stages of progress. There are several different forms. Some use pseudocode a written problem definition language that looks like PL/1 or Pascal; some use a more pictorial technique such as a Warnier-Orr diagram, which brackets successive levels of the problem; some use

'Sorry. . . but we already have 27 Russian roulette programs.
methods are based on the same theory - that correct programs have three components: a set of input data, a set of output data, and a process to convert one into the other. If the process is too complex to comprehend in one go, it can be decomposed into simpler processes by applying straight forward rules.

1 There are only three basic processes; sequence - input process output; decision - IF condition THEN sequence A ELSE sequence B; iteration WHILE condition REPEAT sequence. 2 Any sequence block can be decomposed into two sequence blocks, or a decision block, or an iterat ion block. By using this tech nique the programmer is able to concentrate his efforts on one area of the program at a time (knowing the relationship with other parts) and push each area in turn towards more detailed definition, until he reaches a level from which he can code the final program. By this stage the design is complete and hopefully, most of the logic bugs have been discovered before a single statement is coded. The design stages have been recorded, so that the functions of the various sections of the program can be understood and tested, and there is a very good chance that the program will perform as intended as soon as the inevitable keying errors are eliminated. If it doesn't, then the design docu mentation enables you to backtrack and find out why.

There are two very good
oooks for micro users:"Software Design for Microcomputers" by Ogdin (Prentice Hall, 1978); this will help you define program inputs and outputs, and design appropriate control structure for your applications. 'Micro processor Programming for Computer Hobbyists" by Graham (Tab, 1977); this teaches pseudocode, plus a wealth of information on arithmetic, data structures, searching and sorting.

The American hobbyist magazines frequently have articles on program design and documentation:FLOWCHART - Ellis "Use of flowcharts to communicate" Kilobaud, Feb 1979 (for basic use of flowchart symbols) Dunn "Structural Decomposition" Interface Age June 1979 for structured floweharting (strongly recommended) WARNIER-ORR - Higgins various articles BYTE Oct 77, Dec 77, Jan 78, Mar 79. PROGRAM DESIGN - Hearn "Top-Down Modular Programming" Byte July 1978 Weems "Designing Structured Programs" Byte Aug 1978 Schwartz "Pascal Versus BASIC: An exercise" Byte Aug 1978. And may all your bugs be little ones.
L.S. Warner

## RAM DECODE

I found Mike Dennis' article
"Practising a Little Micro control"' most enlightening but I am not sure how to decode RAM. Is is the same as for ROM?
In a nutshell, yes! Remember any device connected to the data bus must only respond to either a specific individual address or a specific band of addresses. Address decoding achieves this and any device can be decoded to respond to any address. However, since the address bus doesn't always contain a valid address, it would be foolish to decode the device from the address bus alone. For this reason, the CPU provides suitably timed control signals that are present only when the address bus contains a valid address MREQ (Z80) and VMA (6800); These control signals must be gated with each uniquely decoded address to provide the unique Chip Selection that each device needs. Some micros discrim inate further with contro signals for either I/O or memory operations (IORQ and $\overline{M R E Q}$ in the Z80). Other micros ( 6800 and 6502) do not and so any I/O port is simply treated as a specific memory address - all the devices are said to be "memory-mapped". There is no reason why the Z80 cannot be used in this mode as well.
Mike Dennis

Sharp personal computer

* Z-80 based CPU
* 4K bytes monitor ROM
* Internal memory expansion up to 48 K bytes of RAM
* 14K extended BASIC (occupies 14 K bytes of RAM)
* 10 in. video display unit- 40 characters $\times 25$ lines display
* $80 \times 50$ high resolution graphics
* 78 key ASCII keyboard -alphabet (capital and small) plusgraphics
* Built in music function
* Fast reliable cassette with tape counter1200 bits/sec

Amazing it may be, but that should come as no surprise since the 'Portable Brain' comes from Sharp, who produced the worlds' first equally amazing Portable Desk Top Calculator. Who else would you expect to be first again with the 'Portable Brain'- a micro-computer with some very remarkable features, made just by Sharp. Find out about the National Sales \& Services Network which has been built-up by Sharp to look after this very special piece of advanced technology. Find out

* 50 pin universal BUS connector for system expansion - more about what it can do for you, by filling in this coupon printers, floppy discs etc.


Audio, Video, Business Systems, Calculators, Cash Registers, Copiers, Microwave Ovens.

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I would like to know more about the 'Portable Brain.' Send me the full facts now about how it can help me!


## SHAKESPEARE, BASIC ANDTHECIA

## Fingerprinting sentence structure

 A few miles out of Washington, approachingLangley, Virginia, there is a sign over the highway. A few miles out of Washington, approaching
Langley, Virginia, there is a sign over the highway. It reads 'C.I.A. Turn Right'. Shortly after making that turn a security barrier is encountered, and behind it a chain link fence. Identity documents are painstakingly checked against a list held by the guard, and your physical details verified with a computer housed in a large complex of buildings within the compound. This is the first of a series of increasingly stringent checks that one meets on penetrating the checks that one meett on penetrating the
heart of America's Intelligence machinery. And there, some six stories below ground, is a computer that plays with words. Exactly what this computer does, and indeed its very specification, remains a closely guarded secret. For at least part of the time, however, it is engaged in some fascinating literary detective work. by Julian Allason.

Literary detection is not a new science. Almost from the moment that Shakespeare was laid to rest, scholars have argued about the authenticity of various passages. In 1850 Spedding postulated that Shakespeare's disputed play, Henry VIII, was actually the result of a collaboration with Fletcher. This year Spedding's thesis was largely vindicated by Thomas Merriam - and a computer.

It was the Cold War,
with its ceaseless propaganda battles, that generated the interest of the Intelligence community in computerised linguistics. Forgeries and plants abounded. They needed to know what was authentic - and what was not.

A celebrated case concerned the auto-

biography of Kim Philby, the Soviet double agent who had reached the top of the British Secret Intelligence Service. After his defection, a book entitled 'My Silent War' appeared, complete with foreword by Graham Greene. Philby claimed it was entirely his own work. SIS, knowing that it was a final attempt to smear them and damage AngloAmerican relations, sent a copy to Langley. There, CIA specialists ran comparisons of 'My Silent War' with articles that Philby had written whilst operating as a Foreign Correspondent for the Observer. The tests showed that whole chapters had been written by others. The book is now regarded as highly suspect.

A similar thing hap-
pened when the memoirs of the West's top Kremlin agent appeared. Using similar methods, Soviet specialists swiftly "proved" the "Penkovsky Papers" a forgery. Penkovsky was shot and his book remaindered.

All methods of literary detection involve recognition techniques. The detective uses the computer to help establish an author's sub-conscious habits of speech or writing. Most Shakespearian scholars are capable of assembling a passable pastiche of the Bard's prose. To overcome vulnerability in this area, only very common "filler" words such as "and", or "it is" are tested. This is because use of these words is a matter of subconscious habit. Furthermore, they occur throughout written output whatever the mood or occasion. Position in the sentence is also held to be important.

Surprisingly, our syntactic habits are so ingrained that they show through even when an attempt is made to mimic the literary style of another. Usage of certain "filler" words remains fairly constant throughout a writer's work.

At the simplest level a literary detection program involves a series of string searches on text samples of established authorship. The incidence of certain strings, for example "such a", are noted. A profile of the author's literary style is then constructed. Similar tests are carried out on suspect text, and finally both profiles are compared. It should then be readily apparent whether or not all the samples were written by the same person.

Although fairly long samples of text are required for a definitive evaluation, it is possible to obtain reasonably accurate results from a short BASIC program. The routine I am working on for Petsoft uses less than 8 K . The following simplified example illustrates a string search for the word "and". 64 PCW



100 DATA"HANDSOME ANDREW AND HIS WIFE" 110 READ Ts 110 READ T\$
120 FOR C=1 TO LEN(T\$)

130 IF MID $(\mathrm{T} \$, C, 5)=$ AND $"$ THEN S=S +1

- 140 NEXT C

REM Text Sample
REM Read Sample
REM Set counter to no. of characters in string characters in string (including spaces) (including spaces)
REM Increments Character Counter
150 PRINT " 'AND'APPEARED"'S'TIMES"
160 PRINT"IN A STRING OF"LEN(T\$)"CHARACTERS"
170 PRINT"ITS INCIDENCE WAS" S/(LEN[T\$])*100 "\%"
Note that five spaces are allowed thesis. But it has given the machine for the string "AND" to avoid translation and literary detection acceptance of "HANDSOME", specialists a good deal to think "ANDREW" etc. An additional about. statement would be required to accept "AND" as the first word in a string.

In practice an expanded algorithm tests a much longer sample of text for the incidence and position of a number of such "filler" words and phrases.

At about the same time as the C.I.A. was trying to catch up on computerised literary detection they faced another problem. They needed English translations of all the scientific and technical information being published abroad. Their linguists could not keep up. Computers, it was argued, could provide the answer.

Early efforts at machine translation met with little success. The problem was the inadequacy of available syntactical analysis. Linguistics, the scientific study of language, was still in its infancy.

But in 1957, Professor Chomsky of the Massachussetts Institute of Technology, published a book called 'Syntactic Structures'. In it, he argued the existence of underlying or Deep Structures beneath the surface structure of the sentence. These do-ined and inter-related all the factors determining structural interpretation.

It is fair to say that not all linguisticians accept Chomsky's

Computerised linguistics is now finding a much wider, and academically more respectable range of applications. In 1974 Dr. Andrew Morton created a legal precedent with his evidence that only 7 of 11 police statements submitted in a case had been written by the defendant. The result was an acquittal.

In a recent book (Literary Detection, Bowker, £10.50) Dr. Morton examined the difference between Jane Austin and The Other Lady, who in 1965 completed the novel which had lain unfinished since Jane's death. Although in literary terms the imitation is quite good. Morton demonstrated that the probability of Jane Austin having penned the 4,000 words that were written by The Other Lady to be more than one thousand million against (see chart).
With the continuing evolution of linguistics and the rapid pace of micro-processor development, it is reasonable to project not only considerably more accurate machine translation than my pocket Craig translator offers, but the prospect of an infallible literary detective. Post script: Having run this article through my PET, the computer confirms that it is almost certainly not written by Shakespeare.

A comparison of Jane Austen and The Other Lady

|  | Occurrences of the Habit in |  |  | Sandition <br> (The Other Lady) | Chi squared |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Habit | Sense and Sensibility | Emma | Sandition <br> (Jane Austen) |  |  |  |
| an | 25 | 26 | 11 | 29 | (a) | (b) |
| $a+a n$ | 172 | 212 | 112 | 112 | 1.40 | 12.85 |
| $\stackrel{\text { P.B. such }}{ }$ | 147 14 | 186 | 101 8 | 83 | 0.20 | 3.92 |
| and | 253 | 299 | 151 | 154 |  |  |
| F.B.I. | 12 | 14 | 12 | 1 | 2.45 | 6.84 |
| the | 270 | 271 | 229 | 221 |  |  |
| P.B. on | 11 | 6 | 8 | 17 | 1.58 | 8.45 |
| F.W.S. | 22 | 26 | 19 | 8 | 0.43 | 6.34 |
| this | 32 | 39 | 15 | 15 |  |  |
| $\overline{\text { this + that }}$ | 126 | 144 | 52 | 37 | 0.25 | 3.64 |
| with | 59 | 74 | 28 | 43 |  |  |
| with + without | 77 | 84 | 38 | 47 | 5.02 | 3.71 |
| very | 37 | 68 | 26 | 27 |  |  |
| P.B. the | 4 | 2 | 3 | 7 | - | 12.7 |

Notes: 1. The samples are: Sense and Sensibility - Chapters 1, 3, Emma-Chapters $1,2,3$. Sandition, Jane Austen - Chapters 1,6. Sandition, The Other Lady Chapters 12,24
2. The figures for chi squared are for the comparison of the three genuine samples, (a), and then for the comparison of these samples taken together for the comparison with The Other Lady, (b).

# If your Accounts are a problemthe solution could be on your desk. 

You could use your telephone to call Comma Computers on Brentwood (0277) 811131.
Or you could use a pen and envelope to complete and return the coupon to us.
Later on, you could have a free copy of our 'no jargon' brochure on your desk from which you could see how Comma Computers have used advanced micro-processor technology to make business computers easy to understand, use and afford!
Still later, but not much later because Comma Computers are quick and simple to install, you


## READER SURVEY-AND WHATAGIVEAWAY!

That's torn it - the secret's out. Our Star Prize in PCW's 1979 Reader's Survey is a 10 k version of last month's "Mini Benchtest" machine:

THE SHARP MZ-80K
What a surprise for the sender of the first completed questionnaire drawn out of the bag! And that's not all - to each of the first twenty-five names selected goes a year's free subscription to Personal Computer World.
Where appropriate please either write in block capitals or tick relevent box. Please feel free to tick more than one box, if appropriate.

1. Age
2. Address
3. Age
4. Occupation
5. Married or Single
6. Sex M $\square \square$
7. Do you?
a) own your own home
b) rent your home
c) live with parents
8. Do you go to the cinema?
a) Once a week or more
b) More than once a month
c) Once a month
d) At least every 3
months
e) Once a year
f) Never
9. Which ITV channel do
you receive?
a) London
b) Southern
c) East of England
d) South West
e) Wales \& West
f) Midlands
g) Lancashire
h) Yorkshire
i) North Eastern
j) Scottish/Grampian
10. Do you watch television
11. Which of the following newspapers do you read?

| a) Daily Telegraph | Every day |
| :--- | :--- |
| b) The Guardian | Every day |
| c) Financial Times | Every day |
| d) Daily Mail | Every day |
| e) Daily Express | Every day |
| f) The Star | Every day |
| g) The Sun | Every day |
| h) Daily Mirror | Every day |
| i) Local morning | Every day |
| j) Local evening | Every day |

14. Which of the following Sunday Newspapers do you read?

| a) The Observer | Every week |
| :--- | :--- |
| b) Sunday Telegraph | Every week |
| c) Sunday Express | Every week |
| d) Sunday Mirror | Every week |
| e) The People | Every week |
| f) News of the World | Every week |

News of the World
15. Which of the following magazines do you read?
a) Radio Times
c) Melody Maker
d) Sounds
e) The Economist
f) Amateur Gardening
g) Country Life
i) New Scientist
j) Punch
k) Titbits

1) Motor Cycle News
m) Weekend
n) Shoot
o) Computer Talk
p) Computer Weekly
q) Computing
r) Datalink

Every week
Every week
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Every week
Every week
Every week
Every week
Every week
Every week
16. Which of the following monthly magazines do you read
a) Car Mechanics Every month
b) Do It Yourself
c) Family Circle
d) House \& Garden
e) Ideal Home

Every month
Every month Every month Every month Every month
$\qquad$

3 times a week
3 times a week
3 times a week
3 times a week 3 times a week 3 times a week
3 times a week 3 times a week 3 times a week
3 times a week
$\begin{array}{ll}\square & \text { Once a week } \\ \text { Once a week } \\ \text { Once a week } \\ \text { Once a week } \\ \text { Once a week } \\ \text { Once a week } \\ \text { Once a week } \\ \text { Once a week } \\ \text { Once a week } \\ \text { On a week }\end{array}$

Sometimes Sometimes Sometimes Sometimes Sometimes Sometimes Sometimes Sometimes Sometimes Sometimes
on average?
a) More than 3 hours per day
b) More than 1 hour per day
c) Less than 1 hour per day
d) At least 3 days per week
e) At least 1 day per week
f) Less than 1 day per week
g) Never
11. Do you listen to radio on average?
a) More than 3 hours
per day
b) More than 1 hour per day
c) Less than 1 hour per day
d) At least 3 days per week
e) At least 1 day per week
f) Less than 1 day per week
g) Never
12. Do you smoke cigarettes?
a) Yes
b) No
? 3 times a month 3 times a month
3 times a month 3 times a month 3 times a month 3 times a month

Sometimes Sometimes Sometimes Sometimes Sometimes Sometimes 3 times a month
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Once a month

Sometimes Sometimes Sometimes Sometimes Sometimes Sometimes Sometimes Sometimes Sometimes Sometimes Sometimes Sometimes Sometimes Sometimes Sometimes Sometimes Sometimes Sometimes

[^2]| f) | Mayfair | Every month | 9 times a year | $\square$ | 6 times a year | 3 times a year |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| g) | Men Only | Every month | 9 times a year | $\square$ | 6 times a year | 3 times a year |
| h) | Motor Cycle Mechanics | Every month | 9 times a year | $\square$ | 6 times a year | 3 times a year |
| i) | Penthouse | Every month | 9 times a year | $\square$ | 6 times a year $\square$ | 3 times a year |
| j) | Practical Motorist | Every month | 9 times a year | $\square$ | 6 times a year | 3 times a year |
| k) | Readers digest | Every month | 9 times a year | $\square$ | 6 times a year | 3 times a year |
| 1) | Electronics Today International | Every month | 9 times a year |  | 6 times a year | 3 times a year |
| m) | Wireless World | Every month | 9 times a year |  | 6 times a year | 3 times a year |
| n) | Director | Every month | 9 times a year |  | 6 times a year $\square$ | 3 times a year |
| o) | Investors Chronicle | Every month | 9 times a year | $\square$ | 6 times a year | 3 times a year |
| p) | Microprocessors and Microsystems | Every month | 9 times a year | $\square$ | 6 times a year | 3 times a year |
| q) | Which Computer | Every month | 9 times a year | $\square$ | 6 times a year | 3 times a year |
| r) | Management Today | Every month | 9 times a year | $\square$ | 6 times a year | 3 times a year |
| s) | Elektor | Every month | 9 times a year | $\square$ | 6 times a year | 3 times a year |
| t) | Omni | Every month | 9 times a year | $\square$ | 6 times a year | 3 times a year |
| u) | Video World | Every month | 9 times a year | $\square$ | 6 times a year | 3 times a year |
| v) | TV \& Home Video | Every month | 9 times a year |  | 6 times a year | 3 times a year |
| w) | Practical Electronics | Every month | 9 times a year | $\square$ | 6 times a year $\square$ | 3 times a year $\square$ |
| 17. | Which of the following computer | ines do you re |  |  |  |  |
| a) | Personal Computer World | Every month | 9 times a year | $\square$ | 6 times a year $\square$ | 3 times a year |
| b) | Practical Computing | Every month | 9 times a year | $\square$ | 6 times a year $\square$ | 3 times a year $\square$ |
| c) | Computing Today | Every month | 9 times a year | $\square$ | 6 times a year $\square$ | 3 times a year $\square$ |

18. Please specify the components of the system you own/have access to/are hoping to purchase. In the case of the Micro itself we are after the manufacturer and type, NOT the chip type or number.

| Owned | Have Access | Hope to Buy |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | To | Within 12 Months |

Micro $\qquad$
Cassette Drive
51/4", Floppy Discs
$\longrightarrow \longrightarrow$

8" Floppy Discs $\square$
Hard discs $\qquad$
Printer


Other
(Please Specify)

## 19. Please indicate your usage of computer media

1 per month
Ordinary cassettes
Special length cassettes
Data cassettes
Floppy discs ( $5^{1 / 4}{ }^{\prime \prime}$ )
Floppy dises ( $8^{\prime \prime}$ )
20. Please indicate if you purchase the following Continuous stationary
Special printed continuous stationary


1-5 per month
5+ per month

21. Please indicate the sections of the magazine that interest you most and least

## Newsprint <br> Benchtests

Computer Answers
Transaction File
Interrupt
Calculator Corner
On the Line
Diary Data
Checkout
In Store
Bookfare
User Group Index
Programs
Leisure Lines
Business Case Studies
Hardware Features
Software Features
Advertisements
22. I am interested in the following types of program:-
BASIC
Assembler
Machine Code
Calculator
Other
(please specify)

Games
Subroutines
Business
Engineering
Education
Home Applications
Other
(please specify)

23. I am interested in the following software features:-
Language descriptions Programming efficiency techniques
Systems design techniques $\square$ Descriptions of software
products available
Others (please specify)
24. What other topics would you like to see included?
$\qquad$
25. What topics would you like to see deleted?
26. What activities would you like to see PCW sponsor? Exhibitions
Conferences
Courses
Book publication
Software publication
Others (please specify)
27. Are there any other comments you would like to make?

| L |
| :--- |
|  |
|  |
|  |
| Please answer every ques- |
| tion as accurately as you |
| can, then post your |
| completed Questionnaire |
| to: PCW Reader Survey, |
| 14 Rathbone Place, |
| London W1P 1DE. |
| The draw for the prizes |
| will take place Monday |
| 10th December, winners |
| to be announced in |
| PCW's February 1980 |
| edition. |

The staff of Personal Computer World would like to thank all readers who have taken the time to complete this questionnaire.

# Even More! 

## DIGITAL RESEARCH

$=1 /$
CP/M* FDOS - Diskette Operating. System complete with Text Editor. Assembler. Debugger. File Manager and system
utilities. Available for wide variety of disk systems including utilities. Available for wide variety of disk systems including
North Star. Helios II. Micropolis. iCBM (all systems) and Altair. Supports computers such as Sorcerer, Horizon, Sol System III. Supports computers such as Sorcerer, Horizon, So System ind ICOM Attache. Specify desired configuration …... £75/£15
MAC - 8080 Macro Assembler. Full Intel macro definitions Pseudo Ops include RPC, IRP, REPT, TITLE, PAGE, and
MACLIB. Z-80 library included. Produces Intel absolute hex MACLIB. Z-80 library included. Produces intel absolute hex
output plus symbols file for use by SID (see below) $\quad \mathbf{~ 5 5} / \mathbf{\Sigma 1 0}$ SID -8080 symbolic debugger. Full trace, pass count and break-point program testing system with back-trace and histo-
gram utilities. When used with MAC. provides full symbolic gram utilities When labels and equated values ..... $\mathbf{£ 4 5} / \mathbf{\Sigma 1 0}$
TEX - Text formatter to create paginated, page-numbered and justified copy from source text files, directable to disk or
printer DESPOOL - Program to permit simultaneous printing of data from disk while user executes another program from the
console

## MICROSOFT

Disk Extended BASIC - Version 5, ANSI compatible with long variable names, WHILE/WEND, chaining, variable length
file records BASIC Compiler - Language compatible with Version 5
Microsoft interpreter and $3-10$ times faster execution. ProMicrosoft interpreter and 3-10 times faster execution. Produces standard Microsoft relocatable binary output includes
Macro-80. Also linkable to FORTRAN-80 or COBOL-80 code
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## CHAPTER 3 CONTROL STRUCTURES: 1. LOOPS

In the last chapter, the procedure was presented as a means of performing the repetitive tasks so often required in computer programming. Thus program WALKING executed in "steps" LEFT and RIGHT alternately by successive calls to the procedures of those names. Some programs however have to repeat their procedures a large number of times, the precise figure often depending on conditions arising within the data or during the calculation, and hence not known in advance. In order to deal with these requirements, a programming device known as the loop exists in almost all languages.

The function of the loop is to cause the execution of certain lines of code (the $b o d y)$ a certain number of times. Different types of loop may be distinguished by the way in which they decide how many repetitions (or iterations) are required. The process of deciding whether to repeat the body of the loop one more time or to continue with the rest of the program is called a test. Every loop therefore consists of a body and a test and is known as a control structure because it causes the program control or "flow" to differ from the normal sequential execution of program statements.

The most elementary type of loop is designed to execute the body a predefined number of times. This operation is controlled by an explicit counter variable and the test consists of comparing the value of the counter with the known finishing value. Depending on the outcome of the test, the counter is incremented (or sometimes decremented) and the body is repeated, or else program control passes to the code immediately beyond the loop.

In BASIC this structure is known as a FOR-NEXT loop and PASCAL has an equivalent called the FOR-DO loop. In addition, PASCAL has two loops for executing the body an unknown (or at least uncalculated) number of times. Here the test will depend on conditions arising within the body and a counter, if used at all, is not an explicit part of the loop. In the WHILE-DO loop, the test is made before the body is commenced whereas in the REPEAT-UNTIL loop, the test comes right at the end of the body. In the next few sections each of the above will be described, defined and exemplified in programs.

The body of a loop consists of either a single statement (now expanded to include the compound statement, as in the syntax diagram in Box 1) or in certain cases, a sequence of statements.

When laying out a program it is normal to indent the code between every BEGIN-END pair. When the body of a loop does not contain a BEGIN-END pair, however, by convention it is indented anyway, to emphasize that it is controlled within a loop.

## The FOR-DO Loop

Program ROLLOVER in Box 2 illustra-


## ENHANCED STATEMENT



COMPOUND STATEMENT
WRITELN(', IN A BEI AND THE LITTLE ONE SAII'')
RITELN
URITELN('SO THEY ALL ROLLEI OUER ANI ONE FELL OUT.') ;
WRITELN
ENI ; (*RESTOFVERSE*)
BEGIN (*MAIN FROGRAM*
FOR CROWDS: $=10$ IOWNTO 2 IIO
FOR CR
WRITE('THERE WERE ', CROWIS) ;
RESTOFVERSE
ENI ;
WRITELN('THERE WAS I IN THE BED ANI HE SAID ''GOODNIGHT'.'')
ENI
THERE WERE 10 IN A BEI AND THE LITTLE ONE SAII
THERE WERE 10 IN A
SO THEY ALL ROLLED OUER AND ONE FELL OUT.
THERE WERE 9 IN A BED ANI THE LITTLE ONE SAID
....
THERE WAS ONE IN A BED ANI HE SAID 'GOOLNIGHT' PROGRAM ROLLOVER

to 15 provide an example of a compound statement. Finally, note PASCAL's solution to the problem of printing a 'mark. Since tne quote (') is the text delimiter, the PASCAL compiler searches for pairs of quotes enclosing text. Two adjacent quotes will indicate that the text is not to be terminated but rather that a single quote is required for output.

The syntax diagram in Box 3 shows the precise structure of the FOR-DO loop. The different components appear as:

## FOR (test) DO (body)

The counter is a variable (not a REAL) and must therefore, like any other variable, be declared explicitly in the declaration part. The starting and finishing expressions must be integer expressions. Because these expressions are evaluated before the loop commences, rather than during each iteration, there is no loss of efficiency in using quite complex expressions if required.

The counter increases or decreases (depending on whether TO or DOWNTO, respectively, is used) by 1 on each iteration. The restriction of the step size creates a loop-test requiring a minimal number of machine-code instructions. If a different step size is required, a "dummy" counter can be constructed within the body of the loop, but on no account should the value of the actual counter be changed inside the loop (for obvious reasons). The FOR-DO loop test will discontinue the loop when the value of the counter moves beyond the finishing value (in the indicated direction). This ensures not only that the body is executed the correct number of times, but also, if the counter is accidently set up to move away from the finishing value, the body of the loop will be skipped over entirely.

When the loop has finished the counter variable loses any value it had (i.e. it becomes undefined). This feature
is included in PASCAL as a safety measure to guard against the tendency of some programmers to re-use a loop counter at a later stage of the program, without assigning a new value to it. EXERCISE:
Write a program to print out the song "Ten Green Bottles".

## The Generalized Loop

Circumstances can often arise in programming where the use of a fixedlimit FOR-DO loop is too restrictive to allow for a fluent program style. As an example consider the problem of entering a list of numbers from a keyboard into a program. If you don't want to count how many numbers there are before you start, you need to have a way of telling the program when the list has come to an end. This is usually done with a "rogue" value - a number which couldn't possible be a part of the list (eg. -9999). When the program detects the rogue value, this is an indication that the input list is complete and further processing can continue

It would be nice to place the item-by-item reading of such a list in a loop, but if the length of the list is unknown, then the only way of doing this with a FOR-DO loop leads to awkward and error-prone code. Because circumstances such as this arise quite frequently, PASCAL has a more generalized loop form.

The distinguishing feature of the generalized loop lies in the nature of its test. Instead of a steady incrementation of a counter, the test checks the validity of some relationship which is (presumably) affected by the body of the loop When the relationship holds, one course of action is taken and when events within the loop cause the relationship to change, a different course of action is embarked upon. Quite clearly, only two possibilities exist - the relationship holds or it doesn't (i.e. it is true or
false). Such a relationship is called a Boolean expression after the English mathematician George Boole who first studied the algebra of such expressions.

The syntax diagram in Box 4 fully defines the Boolean expression. Note that $<>$ stands for "is not equal to". Consider a Boolean expression like $\mathrm{A}=\mathrm{B}$. This expresses the relationship "A is equal to B " and the = is known as a relational operator as are all the other symbols shown in Box 4. Compare this with the assignment statement $\mathrm{A}:=\mathrm{B}$ which reads " A becomes equal to $\mathrm{B} "$. Here $:=$ is an assignment operator and it is this distinction which enables one to write $\mathrm{X}:=\mathrm{X}+1$ in a program where it would make no sense as an equation.

PASCAL provides two versions of the generalized loop. In the first, the WHILE-DO loop, the test is made before the body is commenced, and iteration occurs as long as the Boolean expression is true. If the expression is false when the program first encounters the loop, the entire loop will be skipped. The syntax diagram in Box 5 defines a WHILE-DO loop. As with a FOR-DO loop, the body is a single statement, generally compound.

The program in Box 6 illustrates the use of a WHILE-DO loop, which runs from lines 10 to 15 , line 10 containing the test and the rest comprising the body. While this is not a very practical sort of guessing game, it does show the unlimited nature of the loop which will go on asking for new guesses until the right number turns up. It also shows the major danger of the generalized loop suppose the test never fails? The program will stay in the loop forever. For instance, suppose TARGET was 16 while CORRECT and GUESS were REAL instead of INTEGER, and CORRECT became 3.99999 (as often happens). Any integer value guessed could never pass the test. This can happen quite easily especially when dealing with the mathematical functions with which rounding errors are associated. Consequently, it is good programming practice to check explicitly for realisable loop tests.

Examples of mathematical functions appear in line 6. SQRT(A) is a REAL value representing $\checkmark$ A while TRUNC(B) is the largest integer less than $B$ (when $B$ is positive). In line 6 the above functions are nested so that CORRECT is the square-root of the largest perfect square less than TARGET. A list of all mathematical or standard functions available in PASCAL appears in the Look-Up Table at the end of this chapter.

The second generalized loop in PASCAL is the REPEAT-UNTIL loop defined in Box 7. The test comes at the end of the body and iteration occurs as long as the condition is false. PASCAL has two complementary loops to allow for a fluent programming style. Sometimes it will seem more natural to use a WHILE-DO loop and sometimes a REPEAT-UNTIL will suggest itself. In the latter case however, the body will be executed at least once, whatever state the Boolean expression is in, because the test comes after the body. Program ANOTHERGO in Box 8 illustrates the use of a REPEAT-UNTIL loop running from lines 22 to 26 . Line 26 contains the test and the body lies above it.

The REPEAT-UNTIL loop has
reserved words which effectively bracket the body of the loop. This is not the case with the other two loops where the reserved word DO merely leads up to the beginning of the body. The PASCAL compiler needs to know where the loop body stops and the rest of the program begins. It is for this reason that the two DO loops restrict the programmer to a body consisting of a single statement (usually compound). Without the DO keyword possessed by the other loops, the REPEAT. UNTIL loop can contain more than one statement in its body (cf. syntax diagrams for the different loops). This means that one tends not to find BEGIN-END pairs following a REPEAT although the indentation convention is observed nonetheless.

The program from Box 6 has been converted into a procedure for ANOTHERGO. This is a sensible way to develop programs - writing a small, self-contained section as a separate program, testing it, and then incorporating it as a procedure in some larger program. This theme will be developed in more detail in the next section. Finally, line 2 introduces a new data type, the character type CHAR which consists of a single letter of the alphabet, digit or normal keyboard punctuation mark. The variable ANSWER can contain any one of these characters and can be compared with actual characters enclosed in 'quotes' as in line 26 Variables therefore can be declared as INTEGER, REAL or CHAR.

Each of the three control structures defined above is an extension of the definition of a statement, since it appears in the action part of a program. Consequently a complete syntax diagram for the statement must incorporate all of these, and this is shown in Box 9 .

## EXERCISE:

Computers (and calculators) are often tested for accuracy by computing a range of nested mutually inverse functions [eg. $\exp (\ln [x])=x]$.
Write a program to input a sequence of (positive) numbers (rogue values could be 0 or less), in each case calculating $\exp (\ln [x])$ and outputting this value, together with $x$ and the difference between them before reading in the next one.

## Using Loops

As an everyday application of the use of loops, consider the construction of a mortgage repayment table. These are normally constructed by actuaries from formulae which give the monthly payment incurred by a loan assuming a fixed interest rate and where repayment occurs over a fixed time period.

This reputedly boring occupation seems ideally suited for rendering into machine soluble form, releasing the actuary for more valuable tasks (like estimating the insurance risks on a personal computer). Instead of employing the actuarial formula, however, the problem will be used to illustrate a common programming technique which consists of taking a guess at the likely value, working out the implications, comparing the results with the required outcome, improving the guess, working out the implications again, and repeating this process until an acceptable


WHILE-DO LOOP


## REPEAT-UNTIL LOOP


answer is reached. Clearly, the loop provides a means of programming such an iterative solution - although it's unlikely to tempt any actuaries away from their formulae!

The approach we shall take in programming this problem is known as "Top-Down Design". The Top-Down designer begins by explicitly defining the problem, stating what results are expected from what initial information. The task is then coded by calling several procedures, each a distinct subtask or module which contributes to the solution of the total problem. Any consideration of the detail of these


```
PROGRAM REPAYMENTS
VAR MIN, MAX, LOAN, REPAY: INTEGER ;
PROCEDURE GETINPUTS ;
        (*READ IN INTEREST RATE, NUMBER JF YEARS
        MINIMUM AND MAXIMUM LOANS*)
    PROCEDURE PRINTHEADINGS :
            (*PRINT JUT INTEREST RATE, NUMBER OF YEARS
                AND TABLE HEADINGS-I.E.LOAN & REPAYMENTS*
    PROCEDURE CALCULATEREPAY
        (*WORK OUT MONTHLY REPAYMENTS*)
    BEGIN (*MAIN PROGRAM*)
    GETINPUTS :
        LOAN:=MIN,
        WHILE LOANC=
        BEGGIN
        CALCULATEREPAY ;
        WITELN(LOAN.
        LOAN:=LOAN + 1 IOO
    END
    END.(*REPAYMENTS*) PROGRAM REPAYMENTS - FIRST ATTEMPT
```

PROCEDURE CALCULATEREPAY ;
VAR TOTALMONTHS: INTEGER; ;MOUNTDUE: REAL
PROCEDURE TRYREPAY ;
*WORK OUT THE ACTUAL AMOUNT A GIVEN REPAYMENT
WILL ACTUALLY PAY OFF*)
BEGIN
MONTHLYINTERESTRATE:=INTERESTRATE/12
TOTALMONTHS:=12*YEARS
REPAY:=LOAN DIU TOTALMONTHS ;
REPEAT
AMOUNTDUE: =LOAN ;
REPAY:=REPAY + 1
TRYREPAY
UNTIL AMOUNTDUE<=\varnothing
END ; (*CALCULATEREPAY*)
PROCEDURE CALCULATEREPAY
PROCEDURE TRYREPAY
*WORK OUT THE ACTUAL AMO
WILL ACTUALLY PAY OFF*)
modules is deferred to a later stage of the design. In due course, each module will undergo the same treatment and thus the problem devolves into a hierarchy of more-or-less independent subproblems until a level is reached at which only elementary programming functions are required. At this point the final coding can be done quickly and accurately, and the result should be a well-structured program.

Returning to the mortgage table program, the problem definition could be:
Given the interest rate and a time period for repayment, create a table showing the monthly payment due over a given range of loans.
The input data required is therefore: 1. interest rate (\% p.a.)
2. repayment period (years)
3. maximum and minimum loans required (thousands of pounds).
The output should be a list of loans from minimum to maximum in steps of £1000, showing monthly repayments. The interest rate and repayment period should also be displayed.
The next stage is to decide on the method of solution in order to code the main program. At this level the tasks that must be accomplished include reading in the user's parameters, printing out the appropriate headings and, for each loan from the minimum to the maximum requested, calculating and printing the repayment amount. At this stage, the means by which the calculations are to be performed do not concern us and neither are we interested in the details of getting the input data or printing out the heading. The calculations will have to be performed in a loop which will stop when the maximum loan value is reached. In Box 10, we have called procedures named GETINPUTS and PRINTHEADINGS to handle the initial part of the problem, and introduced a WHILE-DO loop (lines $15-20$ ) to control the calculation and output of the table. Procedure CALCULATEREPAY will actually perform the calculations.

The declaration part of this first attempt includes all identifiers used in the main program. These include the integer variables MIN, MAX, LOAN and REPAY, together with the procedures GETINPUTS, PRINTHEADINGS and CALCULATEREPAY. Notice that these procedures have not been fully defined at this stage but merely contain a comment indicating what each will eventually do.

## EXERCISE:

Try re-writing this first attempt with a FOR-DO loop instead of a WHILEDO loop
We have now completed the highest level of the program design and are ready to proceed to the next level. The three procedures will be tackled in the same way that the whole problem REPAYMENTS was approached. The question arises as to which of the three should be dealt with first. We prefer to start with the "Heart" of the problem

CALCULATEREPAY (Box 11). The problem definition of CALCULATEREPAY could be:

- Work out the monthly repayment as follows - first guess an obviously low value and calculate how much that
would pay off over the given time period, taking into account the interest charges. If there is still a debt by the end, the repayment value was not enough, so increase it and try again. Continue until the repayment amount pays off the loan.
Input data

1. duration of loan
2. interest rate
3. amount of loan

Output data is the calculated monthly repayment amount.

In the declaration part, the variables required in the calculation will have to be declared only if they are local to the procedure, since the global variables will already have been declared. Thus a check should be made that the input and output variables, YEARS, INTERESTRATE, LOAN and REPAY appear in the variable declaration of the main program. Some of these may be missing in a "first attempt" version and so should be incorporated.

To start coding CALCULATEREPAY the first step is to generate the working data from the input data. The repayment period, for instance, is in years but is here required in months. as is the interest rate. Therefore two new (local) variables TOTALMONTHS and MONTHLYINTERESTRATE must be declared and calculated. Next, the initial estimate should be made, in order to start the whole process off. Since repayments will be increased to improve the "guess", it is important to start with an estimate below the likely value. A reasonable first estimate would be the amount one would pay back interestfree. This is simple enough to code at this stage as can be seen in line 10 of Box 11. (Note that DIV has been used since REPAY is an integer. This program could be changed to give pounds and pence if the user were willing to trade some speed for such accuracy). Since the initial estimate must be too low, the next step should be to add $£ 1$ to the repayment and test whether that will pay off the loan.

The process of incrementing the repayment amount and testing will be repeated until a figure is reached which actually does pay off the loan. This has been coded in the REPEAT-UNTIL loop, lines 11 to 15 , Box 11, but, just as this calculation was put off in the main program, so the job of calculating how much a given value of REPAY would actually pay off over the time-period is deferred to procedure TRYREPAY, which is the next problem to be tackled (Box 12).
The problem definition of TRYREPAY could be:
Evaluate how much a given value of REPAY would pay off over the given duration of the mortgage using the given interest rate, assuming monthly payments and the compounding of interest.
Input data

1. monthly interest rate
2. duration of loan (months)
3. value of loan (£)
4. value of repayment ( $£$ per month) Output data - amount of debt remaining when time period has elapsed.
What is owing at the end of one month? Suppose AMOUNTDUE contains the amount due at the beginning of one month and an amount REPAY is paid
back. At the end of that month, the amount due will be (AMOUNTDUE REPAY) + interest accrued during the month. This figure will become the AMOUNTDUE for the next month; for N months, this calculation should pass through N iterations.

This is coded in the FOR-DO loop, Box 12 , lines 6 and 7 . The only variable needed that has not been previously declared is the loop counter, which is declared locally in line 4 . This completes the definition of TRYREPAY which, in turn, completes the definition of procedure CALCULATEREPAY.

Having coded CALCULATEREPAY we now know exactly what information GETINPUTS must obtain. The problem definition could be:
Read in interest rate, duration of loan and maximum and minimum loans (in thousands of pounds). Convert interest rate to a decimal (instead of percentage) and loan values to pounds. Output data

1. interest rate (decimal fraction)
2. duration of loan
3. minimum loan
4. maximum loan

An input procedure should usually check that the data it accepts is reasonable and unlikely to cause the program to crash. For instance, if the repayment period YEARS were zero, then TOTALMONTHS would also be zero. But we divide by TOTALMONTHS in CALCULATEREPAY, so that apart from zero being an unreasonable figure for years it will also crash the program.

Box 13 contains procedure GETINPUTS. In the action part the four procedures GETINTEREST, GETYEARS, GETMIN and GETMAX are called. The declaration part lays down limits
within which the input data should fall (lines 2-4). If one of these should later on prove restricting, it will be easy to change the CONST declaration.

The four individual input procedures (Box 14) are so similar that only one, GETINTEREST, need be considered in detail. Its problem definition could be:
Output a message asking for the rate of interest. Check whether the response is within the range of reasonable values. Keep asking until an acceptable reply is received. Then convert this number from a percentage to a decimal fraction. Input Data
IMIN and IMAX - limits of "reasonable" interest rates (as a percentage). Output Data
INTERESTRATE - actual required interest rate as a decimal fraction.
A REPEAT-UNTIL loop (lines 6 to 9 ) is used to accept input. The program remains in the loop until an acceptable figure is entered.

The other three input procedures are developed in a similar fashion. Note that in procedure GETMAX, the minimum value for a loan is not LMIN but MIN DIV 1000 - the actual lower limit obtained from GETMIN (line 34).

Finally, PRINTHEADING is tackled (Box 15). Its problem definition could be:
Clear the screen, then print out a title followed by the required interest-rate and the duration of the loan. Skip several lines and print the headings MORTGAGE (for the loan) and MONTHLY REPAYMENTS.

## Input Data

1. yearly interest rate (\%) 2. duration of loan (years) Output Data - none as this procedure simply produces the headings.
Cont. on Page 81

## PASCAL STANDARD FUNCTIONS

| Arithmetic: |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| SIN (X) | Trig functions | Answer Real |
| COS (X) | Trig functions | Answer Real |
| ARCTAN (X) |  |  |
| EXP (X) | Exponential | Answer Real |
| LN (X) | Natural Logs | Answer Real |
| SQR (X) | Square | Real or Integer |
| SQRT (X) | Square Root | Answer Real |
| Transfer: |  |  |
| TRUNC(X) | Truncate | X real, Answer is integer part |
| ROUND (X) | Round to closest |  |
| [ROUND $(\mathrm{X})=\operatorname{TRUNC}(\mathrm{X}+0.5)$ when X is positive] |  |  |
|  |  |  |

COMPUTING JARGON
Control Structure
Counter
Compound Statement
Rogue Value
Boolean Expression
Relational Operator
Module
Iteration

## PASCAL RESERVED WORDS

FOR
DO
TO
DOWNTO
WHILE
REPEAT
UNTIL
CHAR

## UCSD Exceptions <br> $\operatorname{ATAN}(\mathrm{X})$ instead of $\operatorname{ARCTAN}(\mathrm{X})$

Also LOG(X) is $\log$ to base 10 .

## EXERCISE SUMMARY

1. Ten Green Bottles
2. Accuracy Test
3. Mortgage Table

## COMPUCOLOR II somemation


and from

Micro-Media Systems 14 Chepstow Road, Newport, Gwent. 063350528

Tand V Johnson 165 London Road, Camberley, Surrey. 027662506

Trans Am
12 Chapel Street, London W2. 01-262 0814

Protech Instruments 224 Selbourne Road, Luton, Beds. 0582596181

Mektronic Consultants 116 Rectory Lane, Prestwich, Manchester. 061-798-0803
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[^3]
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Interrupt is the place in PCW where readers can unburden their grievances and air controversial views. New subjects are always welcome; the 'right of reply'shall be wielded at the discretion of the Editor. Please hold all contributions to within 800 words.

Future-What future?


I am beginning to have strong suspicions that our leaders and the media are actively conspiring to keep the real implications of information technology from the general public. Having always held BBC documentaries in high regard, I was disturbed to see the recent three part production "The Right To Work?" brilliantly obscuring the most important issues.

There was the predictable argument regarding the amount of unemployment which may occur, and how best to minimise it, and a tantalising, albeit superficial, glance at the role of leisure in utilising the spare man hours. Unfortunately, however, any good intentions there may have been collapsed into a familiar political squabble between Sir Keith Joseph and two TUC representatives. The problem was one of approach. "The Right To Work?" provided an excellent example of that little known but highly pervasive phenomenon, best described as 'temporal chauvinism'. This is manifest in the inability of members of a society to envisage any future society without imposing their own contemporary political and economic structures upon it. The best, latterday example, would be the persistent attitude of unions and government alike towards unemployment; they see it as a social evil to be avoided at all costs.

The real question posed by the present technological revolution was summed up by Peter Large of the Guardian; "Do we want to work anyway, if our jobs are unsatisfying or unpleasant, if we are there just for the money? Can we rethink the work ethic and find another way, by whatever political means, of distributing wealth?"

In the present social climate, however, resistance to such ideas is very powerful (A Nation of Scroungers? reads the headline). Even aside from the indignant abhorrence of the average man in the street towards 'living off welfare', there are many respectable academics who would argue that, for the individual, unemployment causes depression and psychological instability. The latter is, of course, bound to be true in a society where a person's educa-
tion and culture, together with the media and the inadequacy of many welfare payments, conspire to make the experience as miserable as possible.

Those of you familiar with the work of Ivan Illich will know that education can logically be considered as preparation for failure. The fact is that in national terms, educational institutions are designed to feed the needs of society. Thus, in a society where intellectual activities are accorded more status than manual, but where manual jobs greatly outnumber those requiring intellect, it is necessary to ensure that
> "....it is necessary to ensure thatonlya small minority of people finish their educationfeeling intellectually adequate."

only a small minority of people finish their education feeling intellectually adequate. In order to achieve this end, examinations with a minority pass rate are held, and those who do not fall within the top twenty per cent or so are stamped 'failures'. Put simply, education is a subtle and apparently benign means of inducing people to accept their position within society.

Many young adults thus enter both manual and clerical jobs accepting that they are unlikely to be satisfying in any real sense, but nevertheless with an intense fear of the ultimate failure unemployment. The middle class college student, with some sense of intellectual adequacy and personal confidence, will find long periods of unemployment much more acceptable than the individual whose dignity relies heavily upon being able to run a car and buy a round in the pub. Thus we are brought up to think of our status in society almost entirely in terms of the job we do.

This is even reflected in linguistics; when asked "what do you do?" the words "for a living" are immediately implied, and one describes a job. If you were jobless you might say "I'm unemployed at present but. .."; you would be unlikely to say "I look' for a job one day a week, play basketball, read science fiction books and newspapers, go for walks and make love to my wife". Thus although many people are presently unable to accept unemployment - in the conventional sense - this is clearly a result of learning rather than any innate predisposition towards "employment" as such. It should therefore be possible, through
changes in education and parental attitudes, to produce a situation where members of society are capable of achieving a high degree of personal satisfaction, regardless of their source of income.

But what about the profit motive, I hear you scream. Is not man really driven by greed, his career being merely an expression of an overwhelming desire to own more than his neighbour? How can we distribute wealth in a way which will satisfy this inner need without some kind of capitalist employment structure? Isn't the alternative a totalitarian state where nobody is really satisfied? True, one doesn't have to look far for confirmation of the intrinsic nastiness of human nature, and it would be foolish to suggest that this could change overnight, if at all.

Nevertheless, I cannot accept that mankind is incapable of achieving a higher degree of social awareness, or of maintaining a more egalitarian and humanistic social structure. Social evolution, which has long since superseded biological evolution as the major instrument of change in man, is difficult enough to understand - let alone control. The so called 'profit motive' is just one aspect of the complex relationship between the individual and his society which must be understood if we are to survive the hazardous future ahead of us.

I am not alone in the belief that we are entering a period of social change as dramatic and pervasive as the industrial revolution. This change will affect us all whether we choose to have any control over it or not. As individuals we can avoid the issue (and the headaches) by taking the view of Ron Condon (Editor of Data Link) that: ". . . as for the future, well, let it look after itself as it is so unpredictable anyway. . ."

I am sure, however, that many of you, feeling as I do, both excited and terrified by the social implications of information technology, will agree that we must at least attempt to direct the course of events if we are to avoid a catastrophic outcome. I am convinced that if we ignore the problems we will face inevitable social collapse and/or totalitarianism.

I have covered only a few of the most obvious points, and clearly there is much ground to be explored before any realistic plans can be made. Those of us already involved will have to carry the discussion across to the general public. Social change can only come from the people, since controlling bodies are, by their very nature, concerned only with social maintenance. Do you want your future to remain in their hands?
Dick Granby, Fitzrovia, London

## Grow your own

From the way microcomputer hardware is sold these days you'd think that
round every corner there were large forests of software trees tended by 'green fingered' programmers. In fact there's more likely to be giant sized briar patches tended by Weed Killer manufacturers.
"If we could only find skilled workers we could double our growth rate over the next four years".
"We've been looking for skilled workers, for the past two years with no success".

These two comments were made by two exporters during recent television programs on the Malaise of British Industry.

It is, I suppose, a small comfort to see that the computer industry makes the same mistakes as the rest of British Industry. If you read the computer press, almost weekly you will see an article or letter bemoaning the 'lack of experienced programmers'. In fact, if you look at the job advertisements you see more and more companies offering larger and larger salaries to proportionally fewer and fewer programmers. On the other hand, one noticeable omission from the job advertisements is vacancies for trainee programmers. On those rare occasions when they do appear the response is normally overwhelming (one company reported 700 replies to one such advertisement).

As you can see our 'big' brothers in the mainframe business have already got a serious staff shortfall, (by the end of 1980 it is predicted that this shortfall will have reached $70 \%$ of the total requirements).

What are the prospects in micros?

> One noticable omission from the jobadvertisements is vacancies for trainee programmers. On the rare occasions when theydo appear,the response is normally overwhelming.

Let's look at the numbers first: in 1978 the average monthly sales volume of microcomputers was larger than the total worldwide number of all computers installed before that year. This fact alone seems to indicate that microcomputers are already in a disaster situation. So what can be done about it.

Solutions to the software problem, available now, are to either use standard packages or to custom build.

The package approach is the one
which seems to have been adopted as 'standard'. Every month we see in the microcomputer press ever increasing numbers of software houses advertising ever increasing numbers of 'standard' packages. The problems associated with this are:

1. It gets increasingly difficult for small companies to evaluate these products. Many of the products on offer are poorly documented and little indication is given of their scope.
2. No joint standards have been agreed between software houses. So even if you get a package which meets your functional requirements it will need customising to interface with products from other software houses.
3. The products on offer are all generalised and in most cases, therefore, demand that you change your business to meet the requirements of the software rather than changing the software to meet your business needs.

The custom build approach would seem to be ideal since you will get exactly what you ask for. The problems associated with this approach are:

1. The obvious problem of the small number of programmers available.?
2. The high cost of programmers. They usually cost between £5 and £10 per hour, so a customised system could turn out as much as 6 or 8 times the cost of the hardware.
3. Programmers know a lot about programming but they don't necessarily know about your business.

In my view the only satisfactory answer to the growing software problem is to combine both of these approaches. What is needed is industry specialisation. You, the businessman, bring your knowledge of your industry and its problems; the programmer brings his knowledge of computers. Together you provide an ideal combination which will lead to a standard package approach, but, since the package is specific to one industry, it is likely to meet the requirements of most companies in that industry. Obviously no two companies are exactly the same so some customisation is always going to be needed, although, only to a small degree. In addition, the cost of producing an industry standard package is offset by the higher likely demand for that product in that particular industry.

This all sounds ideal, but some of you will have noticed the slight flaw in my argument. I started by saying that we have a major shortfall in programming resource; how can this be overcome?

Well, the answer is in your own hands. It takes two years to develop a good programmer but programmers can be productive after six months. The answer then is to train your 'industry' knowledgeable staff to be programmers. The better software houses usually run training schemes (e.g. 'BASIC' programming courses) usually lasting $3-5$ days and costing approximately $£ 50$ per day (a lot of this 'expense' can be recouped from your own industry training board). These courses will enable you to provide your own programming, although they
will need some direction. Once again, the better software houses should offer consultancy services so that the initial system design and program specification can be done by computer professionals with the bulk of the programming being done by your own staff. In addition, the same software house would probably undertake the marketing of the finished 'industry package' for you.


In conclusion, one thing is certain if you just sit there and do nothing the problem will not go away, it will just get bigger.
Mike Rose, Croydon

## Micro-mania revisited

I would like to challenge Mr Smith's view of personal computing in PCW volume 2 Issue 5 , Interrupt column.

Mr Smith - I think you missed the whole point of the hobby. I would like you to show us the magazine or newspaper in which such fantastic claims were made for it. Or did you make them up for rhetorical effect? Because there is no hobby which can truthfully profess to fulfil any of your 'claims'.

Are you addicted, bored, dehumanised? Moreover, are you unable to justify
etc? Surely you had some reason for buying yours in the first place, some motivation? Or did you get it because it was the latest executive toy? Anyone who buys anything for such a reason deserves to be bored out of his/her tiny mind.

I am one of the genuinely poor people who cannot afford even the meanest computer kit. But already I have tens, even hundreds of ideas for my dream machine. None of them involves commercial equipment or software. The only reason I haven't tried to contribute to PCW is that I have not had the equipment to debug my ideas, and I doubt that the editor would enjoy reading any bug-riddled script, however valuable the core material.

As for your intro, we don't think of personal computers as liberating us in any sense. However the microprocessor will liberate a large proportion of the population, for a large proportion of their week, from the drudgery of work - whether in the typing pool or on a production line. Thus liberated there will have to be a cultural and educa-
tional renaissance, in which personal computers could play a great part.

The pocket computer you describe will follow the development of the plasma screen or else the ultra miniaturisation of existing LED/LCD screens. Whether Woolworths will sell them is a matter of speculation.

The only requirement for the 'mental annihilation' you talk about is a weak, even sick mind. No such mind could insinuate its owner into any position of responsibility. I must agree that computer art is boring. The reason is similar to the reason why musicians disdain 'disco' music, as being more or less speeded up Musak with heavy drums/bass overlaid. Computer art is constrained by:
Display and definition and colouring. Computer speed and memory capacity. Display medium; most have just a VDU and/or printer
Character graphics.
Could you produce a piece of art on a $25 \times 40$ grid with PET graphics which is not either totally random (sorry pseudorandom) or documentatively symbolic? If so - you're a genius! In any case, judgement of art on any basis other than technical exactness has to be subjective. Similarly 'disco' music is constrained to a dominant beat surrounded in time by audible-but-not-too-distractingly-brilliant music.

Lastly to your question about defence spending. The only way this could be stopped is by multilateral agreement, which would in turn be followed by multilateral distrust, and by a surge in spending on surveillance techniques, and secretion techniques. In any case, suppose some goodly invention does come from defence research; that is, an invention which, had it been sought from any other point on the 'knowledge map', would have had minimal chance of being found without a huge amount of extra expenditure? The ultimate aim of a scientific explorer is not as significant as the route taken and what he finds on the way. Example: The whole 'space race' was sparked off by military interest. Why don't you send for a catalogue of the valuable spinoffs that produced?


If you ever decide to drop your machine from your window, inform me beforehand. I'll be there with a butterfly net, and I promise to decapitate the first new enthusiast I see who even nearly imitates your attitude.
T. Magee, Bradford.

## SYSTIMS

PCW already has the most authoritative and comprehensive guides in the UK for hardware - namely our Benchtest and In Store contributions. Now, building on this success, we are pleased to introduce Systems. The brief for this new, monthly feature will be
to take a different business application each issue and to report on some of the software packages available around it. PCW's

David Tebbutt and Mike Knight of Mike Rose Micros take up the explanation.

Perhaps before looking at the fine detail of our approach for the future we should examine the reasons for introducing Systems.

You've probably seen or heard business packages described in glowing terms. They are said to be complete, comprehensive or total. Sometimes they are not described in any terms at all; sometimes they are described in terms which only the writer understands. Somehow the prospective buyer must decide from this morass of inadequate information, which packages to consider buying.

Nor do the problems end there Having selected a few possible packages, the potential buyer needs to know quite a lot more before making any final decision.

Is it well documented, for example? We can barely believe some of the apologies produced in the name of documentation. It can be inadequate in a number of ways. First of all it may simply not exist. . .not even instructions for operating the machine! Secondly, yes, it may exist, but in such a form as to be totally unintelligible to mere mortals - not to mention the prospective buyer/user. Thirdly, it may exist, but only in parts. The missing sections are usually the ones you need when you're burning the midnight oil and all the 'experts' are fast asleep in bed.

An exaggeration? In many cases we think not, although we have to point out that some companies do produce quite excellent documentation.

And here's something else to think about - bugs. What are bugs? .. .well, in common parlance, they are errors existing in the application package which cause it to go wrong from time to time. Of course, ideally, one would like any problems resolved on the spot - time, after all, can be expensive. Here the difficulty may be that the firm from which you bought the package no longer exists. Perhaps (more likely) they aren't too interested, or don't have the staff to tackle any bugs. Again we don't want to paint an unduly miserable and pessimistic picture, but these are very serious matters and they need to be considered before any money is exchanged
for software. For the businessman it could mean his business crashing down alongside the programs.

Okay, enough of the horror stories, time now to take a look at some constructive action.

Each month when we report on a particular application area, the feature will be divided into the following sections:
Objectives
Tasks and volumes
Evaluations
Comparisons
New products
Let's look at each of these in turn.

## Objectives

In this section we shall define the objectives of the application. We shall also describe the application and explain any relationship with other applications. Failure to be very clear about objectives will lead any investigation to likely failure.

Taking 'payroll' as an example, we might describe the overall objective as 'to pay employees the amount due on time and to meet statutory requirements'. Then we might describe the application as follows:
1 Capturing information upon which payment will be based.
2 Using this information to calculate net payment.
3 Maintaining records of payments to each employee.
4 Producing appropriate documentation for company, employee and government records.

Finally, we might define the relationship with other applications as: 'information gathering possibly the product of production hours recording. The payroll application will almost certainly create "transactions" for the accounting function'.

## Tasks and volumes

In this section we shall select, say, three packages and match them against the tasks to be performed. Staying with our payroll example, we might say something like this:
"Not only will this give a guide to three particular packages, it will also offer a framework against

## Tasks:

Create employee records Delete (suspend) leavers Maintain existing records
Build up to gross
Gross to nett
Print payslips
payroll
cash analysis
cheques or credit transfers
bank reconciliation
NI stamp analysis
Update employee records
Prepare P60s
Produce accounting transactions etc.
Maximum Volume/sizes:
Employee records
Record size
which to measure other packages of your choosing."

## Evaluations

In this section we shall again focus attention on the selected packages. This part of the feature will be written as a structured narrative, describing each package in turn. The main elements are as follows. Availability
Documentation
System content
System maintenance

## Costs

Hardware required
Support and training

## User comments

Availability covers number of suppliers, their distribution and whether the product is available 'off the shelf'.

Documentation describes the scope, content and quality of the manuals and guides supplied.

System content will describe the programs involved in the package, their functions and certain aspects of their operation. For example, it may be that each program, on conclusion, automatically loads the next in sequence. On the other hand, there may be a need for a lot of disc or tape changing during the operation. We will try to give a picture of what will be involved in the day to day running of the system.

## PASCAL. . . continued from P. 76

The coding for this procedure appears in Box 15 . The entire program can now be gathered together, incorporating the extra global variables (INTERESTRATE and YEARS) into the declaration part of the first attempt (Box 10) and filling out the details of the different procedures as they have subsequently been designed.
EXERCISE:
Adapt REPAYMENTS to produce a


System maintenance. We shall be interested in whether the system has been designed to be changed easily. Examples which spring to mind are tax rates and discount terms. We shall also see if customisation is easy. Some packages are written with 'hooks' to enable customised routines to be added fairly simply. The language used is also important here. Finally, we shall check out who you have to go to to have these changes made.

Costs need little explanation. We shall give the costs for various versions of the package and, if applicable, the cost of any maintenance agreements.

Hardware required. We shall describe the different hardware configurations and relate these to the volumes which can be handled by each. We shall also give a guide to the hardware costs.

Support and training. If either of these areas are neglected, it's likely that you'll end up very disappointed with your new system. Training should, at the very least, teach you how to operate the system. Support is the on-going advice and guidance you will get from the supplier. It also covers their response to any problem you may encounter - a hardware fault, a software fault or perhaps an accident such as over-writing some important files. We shall assess the
services offered.
User comments. We shall contact users of each system and summarise their opinions and experience of the package.

## Comparisons

This section comprises a straightforward comparison chart showing all the packages notified to PCW, for the application in question. Each will be evaluated against the criteria discussed in this article. Because we cannot do an in-depth analysis of every package, this information will be based on that made available by the suppliers. If the publicity documentation fails to mention something, we shall not make assumptions and the column shall be marked N/A - not applicable.

## New products

Finally, and quite separately to the above, we shall provide information on any packages newly notified, for application areas already covered.
We're sure that this structured approach to package evaluation will help readers in the selection of their business software. There are a lot of good and reliable suppliers of these products in the field, all of whom will give sound advice. But this series of articles, as much as anything, should help clarify your own thoughts on what can be a rather tricky subject.
From time to time, PCW publishes business case studies. This involves spending a few hours with a user of a computer and chatting through their experiences. Last month, you will recall, we featured a betting shop system. If you would like to tell the world about your system, be it a standard package or custom-built, then please get in touch - other people's successes (and failures) may offer invaluable information to businessmen working in similar areas.
table showing the 15 year, 20 year, 25 year and 30 year monthly repayment figures for a given range of loans. The input should be the interest rate and range of loans (and not the loan period) and the output should be a table with 5 columns - one for the amount of the loan and one each for each repayment period.

## Conclusion

Loops control the repetition of a set of
statements within a program. Every language needs a loop - PASCAL has three, which enriches the language and makes it versatile. Loops can be distinguished by the type and position of the loop test relative to the loop body.

Just as a program can be built up from basic blocks into an ordered structure, so can the data on which the program operates be organised into efficient and powerful data structures. The next chapter will serve as an introduction to these.

# BUGGING THE 6800 

This article presents a monitor program developed by John Moore for the 77-68 system (described in PCW vol. 1 issue 1). This is a very flexible computer system sponsored by the Amateur Computer Club and designed for home construction. It uses the Motorola MC6800 processor for which there is a wealth of readily available cheap and sometimes free software of good quality.

The 77-68 hardware is usually configured with an interrupt driven parallel keyboard, and a memory mapped VDU with a Teletext compatible $24 \times 40$ format of upper and lower case characters. Users of other 6800 systems may also find ideas in this program that could be of use to them

For those unfamiliar with machine code programming and debugging, or the function of monitors, a little explanation may be in order. A monitor serves three main purposes:

1. It includes routines to give the computer access to the outside world through input/output devices such as keyboards, VDUs and printers.
2. It is used as the executive or operating system to allow the user to run his own applications programs. For example it might support a BASIC interpreter which in turn runs user programs written in the BASIC language. Some monitors can support more than one user program simultaneously.
3. Used for machine code program development, it allows the operator to examine and alter memory contents one by one, to run sample programs, and generally to get them into working order.

Usually monitors are held in ROM so that they are available and running as soon as the computer is started. This particular one is unusual in that after switch on it has to be loaded from tape into a hardware determined 1 K byte block of memory (address FC00 FFFF).

Although this is incon- meet changing requirevenient it only takes 5 ments. The 1 K byte limiseconds at 2400 Baud, and it does allow for easy program modification to tation meant there had to be some compromise between the three re-


1. Example of the display while using the Edit function. The simple program shown is as follows:

| 0078 | 8E | F080 |  | LDS £\$F080 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 007B | 4 F |  |  | CLRA |
| 007C | 06 |  |  | TAP |
| 007D | 5F |  |  | CLRB |
| 007E | 86 | 55 |  | LDAA £ 555 |
| 0080 | 8D | 03 |  | BSR DELAY |
| 0082 | 7 E | FE85 |  | JMP CONTROL |
| 0085 | 36 |  | DELAY | PSHA |
| 0086 | 86 | 04 |  | LDAA £04 |
| 0088 | 4A |  | \$1 | DECA |
| 0089 | 26 | FD |  | BNE \$1 |
| 008B | 32 |  |  | PULA |
| 008C | 39 |  |  | RTS |

The pointer is at location 007 E .
quirements outlined above so, if anything, the emphasis was in favour of program development capabilities. In particular MIKBUG, the original standard Motorola 512 byte monitor, and similar related variations do not support modern I/O systems and have only slow and limited debugging facilities.

## MIKBUG <br> Compatibility

The monitor described here retains a good number of MIKBUG compatible subroutines and although their coding and locations are different they do achieve the same end results. The following are included:

1. CONTROL, the normal re-entry point.
2. Output to VDU: OUT2H, OUTHL, OUTHR, OUT4HS, OUT2HS, OUTS, and OUTEEE. (Note that PDATA could not be squeezed in, but commercially available software usually has it built in). 3. Input: BADDR, BYTE, INHEX, INEEE. All these operate from keyboard or tape, so that a MIKBUG format tape can be loaded, if necessary, by use of a short routine relying heavily on the monitor.

## Input/Output

Looking at the program
listing, the section from FEF8 to FFDD is the VDU driver. As most of it has been described before in the ACC news it will not be covered again in detail. The reason for it being so long ( 230 bytes) is that the $24 \times 40$ format is not simply divisible by binary numbers, and therefore some calculation is necessary. The HOME routine can be used at any time, even when a user program is running, because it is called by a keyboard interrupt (see FEDO) and and it is transparent, i.e. it saves and restores all registers that it uses so as not to disturb the user program.

The selections from FEB9 to FEBD and FEF4 to FEF7 handle the keyboard input. Its simplicity shows one of the advantages of using an interrupt driven keyboard. FEC8 to FEF3 handles the non-maskable interrupt itself, having been called by the vector at FFFC. The ability to break into a user program and escape from it (e.g. if stuck in a loop) is the other advantage of an interrupt driven system. The rather fiddly bit from FED9 to FEEB (19 bytes) is necessary to cater for the situation where a user program has stopped at a WAI instruction, to await a keyboard input. Press the Home key; after homing the screen, it re-establishes the WAI condition, (without that the user program would press on regardless).

## Commands

To use the monitor for program development, commands are entered at the keyboard and decoded by FE8F to FEA5. In this case, the use of a keyed jump table is more efficient than successive comparison with a list of characters. It also allows easy modification and expansion; in fact, space has been left at FFF3 to FFF6 for the inclusion of your own defined command. This could even be a prefix to a whole group of commands, contained in another area of memory.

The following are available in this monitor: G XXXX Go to user program at address XXXX. The user program runs in a stack whose pointer is extracted from TGTSTK (F0FA in the scratchpad RAM). After a system reset the stack will be from FOEO down to FODA, but after escaping from a user program this value could be indeterminate. It is thus good practice to make sure that your own programs set their stack pointer at an early stage.
Continue from an escaped point in a program. This will only work properly if the target stack has been initialised to some area not used by the monitor (try LDS $£ \$ F 080$ for example).

L XXXX Loads a binary tape into memory from address XXXX. In this mode the test of the data register switches at FEB9 is bypassed and their position is immaterial. When the tape has finished it is necessary to use the Escape key to return to CONTROL.

## D XXXX YYYY Dump a binary tape from

 address XXXX to address YYYY. This routine can be used to dump any area of memory including the monitor itself. The program starts at FE13 by calling INADDS, a useful subroutine to get a pair of addresses from the keyboard. When the dump is finished it returns to CONTROL. E XXXX YYYY Edit a block of memory from XXXX to YYYY. This routine is one of the central features of the monitor. It displays on the screen the first 276 bytes of memory contents starting from XXXX. The format is 23 lines and each contains the address at the start of line and 12 bytes of memory. A cursor, which is initialised to the first byte in the top left hand corner, points to one of the locations and may be moved left, right, up or down by the keys $\leftarrow, \rightarrow$, $\uparrow$, and $C / R$. The byteto a new area starting at ZZZZ . It is not necessary for the user to calculate the length of the block in advance. If desired, the effect of the move can be checked afterwards, with the Edit command. This routine (FDEA-FE04) is short and fast because it uses the stack pointer as a data counter in the absence of a second index register on the MC6800. You cannot, of course, move a block forwards to a new area which overlaps the old one. . . it will overwrite itself. In this case you have to move it first to a spare area and then to its destination.

## T WWWW XXXX YYYY

 ZZZZ This is a software single step and trace routine that provides a powerful debugging tool. It traces a target program WWWW to XXXX, starting at instruction address ZZZZ. It needs a spare block of memory which you define to start at
2. An extra byte $(30=T S X)$ has been inserted at 007 E and then the program run in the single step and trace mode. The order of the columns is: address, opcode, operand if any, condition codes register (CCR), B, A, X,SP. Note the movement of the stack pointer on entering and leaving the subroutine and the further movement when pushing and pulling data onto the stack; also how the Z ( $=\mathrm{Zero}$ ) bit 2 of the CCR is set at 0089 when A has been finally decremented to zero. Details like these of the internal workings of the processor are clearly demonstrated by this sort of display.

YYYY and must be of routine to save a copy of the same length as the the target in the area target. Any areas of data must be excluded from both and left intact as they are used by both the target program and the trace routine (or "host" program).

To understand how this routine works you should know that manual debugging of a user program uses the software interrupt (SWI, opcode $3 F$ ) as a breakpoint. The SWI is placed at a strategic point in the target so that, when the program gets to it, it responds to the artificial interrupt by dumping the processor registers on the stack and jumping to the address contained at FFFA. It is then possible manually to examine the stack to see what was happening at this point. There are some problems with this approach:

1. The program may never get to the SWI. You can counter this by placing several SWIs in different likely places in the hope of hitting one of them.
2 . The process of substituting bytes of target with SWIs, remembering them, and replacing them afterwards is tedious and prone to error.
3 . The whole business takes a long time and a lot of mental effort.

The solution adopted here is to extend this method to its logical conclusion by filling the whole of the target program, except for the instruction being executed, with SWIs. Whatever the instruction does it should now hit an SWI next. If it should jump right out of the target program this will be obvious from the display, so you will at least have located the problem instruction.

The trace, starting at FD0F, sets its own SP at FOCF, and the target's at F0B8 (to allow the target to run in an independent stack right from the start, and both target and host to be independent of the monitor stack). As soon as (or if) the target sets its own SP, this is used from then on. At FD32 the host calls the Transfer
from YYYY, and to fill the original with SWIs. At FD37 it starts a line by line print by displaying the first instruction address. From FD48 to FD74 it measures the length of the instruction (1, 2 or 3 bytes), then displays it. At FDA7 the program waits for the single step command from the keyboard $(\rightarrow)$ and at FDB2 it executes the one instruction. Usually an SWI will be encountered next which will vector to FDB9 and fill the rest of the display line with the resulting register contents for your information. At FDE1 Transfer again prepares the target area and the program then loops round to the start again and waits for the next single step command.

The result is a line by line trace of the program flow that shows exactly what happens at each step. Apart from its diagnostic use this is a first rate educational tool for showing the internal workings of the microprocessor.

If the target gets into a long loop (e.g. a timing loop) you can skip to the end as follows:

1. Press the Escape key once. Do not press it again while you are temporarily out of the trace routine.
2. Knowing from the display where the target SP is, use the Edit command to examine the 7 bytes below it. These correspond to the CCR, B, A, X , and PC registers. You can then modify the CCR, $B, A$, and $X$ registers (but not the PC) as necessary to shorten the loop. Press the space bar to leave Edit.
3. Alternatively you can modify areas of data in memory in the same way. 4. Press the continue key $(\leftarrow)$ to return to the Trace routine.

The only types of program that cannot be handled by the Trace are those with self modifying code or those with areas of data and program intermingled.

When you have finished, it is necessary to use the Move command to
shift the program copy from YYYY back to

## WWWW

## Conclusion

This monitor has been in use for about six months now and has made it possible to tackle programs like 8 K BASIC, study them and modify them to run on the 77-68 without too much difficulty. If you have more than 1 K available for your monitor I suggest the following inclusions:

1. Automatic return of a traced program to its original location when finished.
2. Automatic decoding and display of the individual CCR flags during Trace.
3. Addition of the MIKBUG PDATA routine.
4. Inclusion of more

## Program


sophisticated tape dump and load formats with file names and error checking before transfer from a buffer to storage, unlike MIKBUG which loads each block first and then checks the address and data to see if it got it right!
5. An even bigger Edit display if you have a bigger VDU format.
6 . Software vectoring of interrupts to allow more than one interrupt driven peripheral at a time, and also multi-programming.

Finally, may I add that suggestions for improvement of the existing monitor will always be welcome.
Copies of the monitor are available on 2708 EPROM at £14.10 + VAT. Contact John at 1 The Spinney, Fleet, Hants. Telephone: 02514 29553.

Dick Pountain analyses and reports on the micro-associated world of programmable calculators.


IN My glowing review of data file is found.
the Casio FX501/502P last month ("This one will run and run ..."), I promised a follow up on the FA-1 adaptor. Here it is.

Tempus of Cambridge kindly supplied the adaptor and also exchanged the 501 for a 502 (which, as I suspected, is just like the 501, but more so).

The FA-1 is a small cradle into which the calculator slips, connecting via a gold plated, 7 pin socket. The cradle has a lead ending in two mini jack plugs which fit into the microphone and earphone sockets of a standard cassette recorder. Cassette radios, mono and stereo cassette decks and even mini cassette dictation machines will work. Some hi-fi cassette decks will require a 5 -pin DIN plug to be substituted for the mini jacks.

Saving and loading are performed in the same manner as on a micro computer. The instruction SAVE is followed by a three digit file number, and is executed from the keyboard with the recorder running. Loading is by LOAD and the same file number. The calculator searches for the named file and displays, say, FP005 when a program file is found or FO05 when a

For speed, it is best to first roughly locate the file using tape counter readings, but if necessary, the calculator will search a whole tape - displaying each file name as it passes, but loading only the designated one.

The maximum time for a LOAD is about 15 seconds. . . correspondingly shorter for smaller programs. Therefore a C-60 cassette can hold over 200 programs.

As alluded to earlier, program and data are stored in separate files, unlike most magnetic card calculators which store the whole program and data register contents on one card. The separate way is of much more use as the same program can be used with any number of different data sets. Also, execution of a program may be halted partway through and a fresh data file loaded (manually, of course) which greatly increases the data handling facilities of the 502. In addition, the load instruction will fill all or any of the ten program registers. Therefore several different programs may be loaded into the machine simultaneously (size permitting), or parts of a large program may be loaded independently, or subroutines may be
stored on tape and added to existing programs in the machine.

I have used the adaptor with three different recorders including an 'electronic memo-pad' (which provides great portability) and found loading and saving very easy and reliable on all of them provided the output volume is set as high as possible.

The FA- 1 is also necessary for the music synthesizing function of the calculator, about which the less said the better. The world didn't need Rolf Harris and the Stylophone; it needs a robot Rolf Harris even less.

To summarise then, the Casio FX502P with the FA-1 and a mini cassette recorder provides a pocketable computing system which is in some ways unrivalled, even by the $£ 150$ plus Hewlett Packard and Texas machines, particularly in regard of ease of learning.

As a footnote, I must clarify a wrong impression my review last month may have given. I said that the $501 / 502$ have only ten labels available for use in programs. Of course, since there are ten independant program registers, all ten labels may be used ten time over, if the program is broken down into modules (which is a habit the machine rapidly encourages). This gives a potential of 100 labels, which is quite sufficient.

## Master pack

Following on from the above, I have been informed by Premier Publications that they are launching the Master Pack, a software package for the Casios. It takes the form of a cassette containing over 160 programs and a 60 page manual which includes an introduction to programming, advanced programming, plus full program documentation. At press time I hadn't seen the whole
package, though extracts I have looked at from the manual suggest that it will be far superior to Casio's own User Manual. The programs include all of Casio's own library programs ready to load, plus a variety of educational, games and personal finance routines and general purpose subroutines for advanced programmers.

The pre-production sample contained some quite sophisticated games with ingenious use of the Casio's display formats, including one which scrolls a 10 by 10 field, line by line over the display. Another routine provides, via data packing techniques, the equivalent of 100 independent memories - each to store a single digit variable. The Master Pack will be available from dealers after the middle of October and I shall report more fully when a production sample is available.

## Look sharp

A new pocket calculator from Sharp, the EL-5100, has reached me; although it won't interest PCW readers particularly, since it is not truly programmable, nevertheless it has some clever features which may give pointers to the future.

Immaculately presented in the inimitable Sharp fashion, it's distinguished from an ordinary scientific calculator by its unusually large LCD display. This display is alphanumeric (though only a part alphabet is provided).

When you enter a simple arithmetic calculation problem, the whole calculation is displayed, e.g. $5.7+3.8 \times 6.4$. On pressing $=$ the answer is displayed. But more intriguing is the Algebraic Expression Mode. In this mode, algebraic expressions of any complexity may be written in stan-

Cont. on Page 93

# Four ofahind! 




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## For almost a year now, David Hebditch in his 'On the Line'series has been expounding the basic concepts of using your personal computer to communicate with other systems over the public telephone network.

## HIGH-LEVEL <br> PROTOCOLS

By the way of review, we have now explored the basic hardware and software mechanisms for interfacing personal computers to the public telephone network and for moving blocks of data between processors with a minimal level of error control.

This may well be adequate for most users to be able to establish simple point-to-point 'conversations'. However, in order to determine what to do with this capability it may be useful to return to base and consider our original ideas for the practical application of personal computer networking.

Let's forget (for the time being) the medium-term possibilities of using Prestel, Teletext and tele-
conferencing etc. The most prac tical (and useful) applications in the short-term are listed below. 1. Conversations: Simply sending messages between systems. The benefits of this are:

- a fast (and relatively cheap) way of sending someone a message - electronic mail?
- an effective way of using the telephone for deaf people.
- a means of setting-up calls for other purposes (see below) - given the correct data link control, a basis for emulating a terminal for linking to another, larger computer (eg. a time-sharing service or database provider).

2. Program Transfer

- a means of swapping programs with another user.
- a means of sending the fixes to make the previous version of the program work.
It is technically feasible for software companies to use this as a method of distributing programs. Of course, the number of prospective customers with a communications capability needs to be big enough to make the investment on their part worthwhile and it may
be some time before this is achieved.

3. File Transfer is functionally very similar to program transfer but involves the shifting of data from one processor to another. This is more likely to be of use in a business system than in a domestic environment. For example, details of goods received at a warehouse could be transmitted to the order-processing computer for addition to the stock-on-hand file. The major difference between program transfer and file transfer is one of data format and this will be discussed later in the article.

I did consider including a category for interactive game-playing. The protocol required is, however, a function of the type of game involved. In the case of video games very little information needs to be sent (eg. the eight-bit value of a game-control) but it must be sent quickly (to avoid missing the ball!) In view of this and the relatively unimportant nature of the application, the use of a data link control with error handling would probably be too cumbersome. Other games like

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## THE RUTE SHIDP ITD CHITIMIEFIRIII ITI

chess and simulations could be handled using the conversational mode. To cut a long story short, I don't think that any special protocol is needed for game-playing.

A major problem with the three modes identified above is that of transparency. This is caused by the transmission of characters in the text of a message which could be mistakenly identified at the receiving end as a data-link control character. For example if you sent ASCII ETX (3) in a message the receiver will treat this as the last character in the transmission and lose all the subsequent characters. The same thing could happen with EOT (4).
"Well", you might ask, "why do such a silly thing?" But it may be difficult to avoid. For example, in conversational mode, the user may inadvertently type a controlshift key which generates a protocol character. The solution here is relatively straight-forward; impose a rule which says that only displayable characters may be included in messages. This means that your dialogue control program must 'filter out' any illegal characters.

But what if you have to transmit the equivalent of a control character in a message? This could happen during the transmission of a program in object form, or of a data file containing integer values, or of a program in source form with 'funny' characters between the quotes in a PRINT statement.

The standard way of solving this problem is to employ some form of 'escape logic'. This involves the prefixing of each dubious character with ASCII ESC (27). This has to be inserted by the transmitting program and tells the receiving software that the next character is not really ETX (or whatever). The receiver will delete the ESC.

Now the smart guys amongst you are already asking, "What happens if you want to send 'ESC'?" Clearly a spurious ESC immediately prior to the real ETX will cause the ETX to be ignored. More problems. In this case, a further ESC prefix is also required and will cause the following ESC to be treated as a regular data character.

Phew! That's enough of escape logic. Now let's move on to the high level protocols (HLP) needed for the three application modes.


First of all, I have to make a disclaimer; there are no internationally agreed standards for HLP. Indeed there are no national standards, either. Whilst writing this article, I have a three-foot molehill on my desk of working papers from the various standards organizations (BSI, ISO, ECMA, CCITT, ANSI et al) as well as the manuals for many proprietary networking standards (IBM's SNA, Digital Equipment's DECNet and so on). I even have articles from BYTE and INTERFACE AGE describing the procedures used in the various US personal computer networks. And I plan to ignore them all.

The reasons are as follows: 1. They are too complicated. 2. Although we are talking about the establishment of a Personal Computer Network the network we are employing is the plain old telephone system rather than any sophisticated multi node grid, permanently interconnecting a large number of users. Only two processors will be connected at any one time.
3. Implementation of the HLP should be possible by the average home user.
4. Costs must be kept to a minimum.
5 . Speed and reliability concerns are not so serious.
6. Which proposed 'standard' do we choose anyway?

Now having said all that, I would need an ego of enormous proportions to even consider that I might be able to come up with the definitive HLP for all future requirements. But as my ego is only of moderately large proportions (he says modestly) I am only going to suggest a possible protocol and then throw the floor open for discussion. In other words, we need a simple, minimal, easy to implement protocol with which we can play and experiment and
develop. HLP's are all based upon the use of a 'header' in each message which will contain all the necessary control information. A possible format is shown in Figure 1. The header occurs in every message of the exchange and comprises the following items: (Box 1). It is now necessary to consider how this header might be used for each mode. For example, I would suggest that the first message sent by each processor be a handshake message (Type 'H'). The action code would be set to 'I' and the transmission number to '001'. The data area might consist of:

- User name
( 20 bytes)
- Telephone number
(15 bytes)
- System type
(e.g. APPLE II 24 K ) (20 bytes) A handshake message must be received before any further communications can take place. At a later stage, a password might be incorporated in the message.

Immediately handshakes have been exchanged the system can enter dialogue mode to facilitate a conversation between the users. Subsequently, file or program transfer can be initiated.

We will look at these in more detail in another article. In the meantime, please send me your ideas and comments c/o The Editor, Personal Computer World.


# HARD TIMES 

## Winchester discs -secure or not?


#### Abstract

Comart Ltd. have just announced the Cromemco Z2H microcomputer system, incorporating a Winchester disc drive. David A. Broad, Managing Director and Chairman of Comart, gives a description of the device and presents some solutions to the data security problems imposed by it.


The emergence of high capacity low-cost disc storage units housed in the physical space previously occupied by first generation floppy disc drives has opened up a whole new spectrum of applications for the small computer and intelligent controller. The technology of "Winchester" drives was first pioneered by IBM with their Piccolo fixed drive systems; they were designed to incorporate high reliability with high capacity. The essence of the concept is a disc pack fixed and spinning inside a sealed enclosure. Air within this enclosure is internally filtered by convection through a micro filter, with the effect that the disc drive has its own environment.

Another aspect of the Winchester concept is that the disc heads and carriage are of very low mass and inertia, allowing them to come within a very close proximity of the spinning disc surfaces. This results in a high sensitivity to flux changes which, in turn, enables a high storage capacity. Electronics are normally mounted outside the enclosure itself, to minimise dissipation and the necessity for access into it.

The concept of the fixed disc is particularly relevant to the microcomputer market. This is a market where the owner, operator and programmer of a computer system is often one and the same person and the environment that the system is intended to work in is that of a normal office, workshop or laboratory. Exchangeable disc systems should ideally only be operated in environments which are controlled in terms of the dust and temperature.

The second important benefit relates to one of the prime aspects of all microcomputer devices. their very low cost. Systems are being brought to the marketplace now which enclose 11 M bytes of hard disc storage, 64 K bytes of main memory processors, and interfaces for a VDU and printer
all for less than $£ 5,000$; it's the price that the micro user wants to pay.

The other aspect is the very small size of the Winchester disc drives. They can be inserted in physical replacement of standard floppy drives and with very similar power supply requirements. Indeed their ability to work from DC supplies makes them not only very suitable for microcomputer applications, but also ideal for international use where there may be variations in mains frequencies and voltage. Of course the drives will find applications in the minicomputer industry and other types of small computer where low cost and compactness are desirable. But application areas will also open up in communications controllers, word processors and in other dedicated but intelligent devices where high capacity is required.

## Security aspects

One of the regular comments made on the fixed disc Winchester drives relates to their use in business applications. Here, the necessity exists for protecting and backing up the data in the event of a catastrophic failure and, indeed, advice is often sought from the suppliers on the best way for a customer to approach this problem.
> "..the necessity exists for protecting and backing up the data in the event of a catastrophic failure.."

Let us first, however, consider the nature of the problem in relation to the design of the drives. Firstly, because of the light head mechanism and loading techniques, consideration of 'head crashes' is of lesser concern. The media itself is lubricated and in certain circum-
stances the heads will come in contact with the media (for example during powering up or powering down of the disc drive). Secondly, because of the enclosed environment, the ingress of dust and other foreign bodies is almost totally restricted and build-ups of material on the head is eliminated.

Electronic controller design also allows individual surfaces to be write protected and operating system design further allows faulty tracks to be interchanged in the event of corruption. So the problem of disc failures is greatly reduced. Write circuitry in the controllers is also normally designed for fail safe operation so that the incorrect combination of conditioned signals will result in no current passing through the disc head.

But of course failures can occur and the MTBF of the drives are commonly quoted at 10 thousand hours or so. To back up these disc drives several methods are often proposed by the manufacturers. Firstly, individual files or transaction records can be backed up to floppy discs. Careful systems design can enable the history of changes to the 10 M byte data base to be recorded in concise form in transaction records. It is not necessary therefore for the entire disc to be saved in a back up procedure - the latest transactions are merely re-run to a different disc file.

Secondly, many suppliers propose the attachment of an auxiliary cartridge tape system. These systems often use high speed slewing of the tape across the head in order to record a very large amount of data in the shortest possible time. These devices, however, would still take some 15 minutes or so to back up a drive, and current deliverable versions of cartridge units average in the order or 4-5 $M$ bytes total capacity. Also, the data rates proposed often exceed the design specifications of the cartridge media.

The conclusion on tape cartridge back-up media may therefore be

that, because of these limitations, it is not the best method of protecting valuable data. Indeed, it is the very occasion when you need to recover using back up media that the best possible reliability is required.

A third method of data protection is perhaps more practicable and certainly most reliable. That is the provision of a second disc drive which can often be run from the same controller in a daisy chain fashion and which may well have write protect key lock switches for operator protection. With the very high data rates that
these drives possess, it is often possible to do a complete back up of data in a minute or so.

It's not surprising that back up procedures are often only followed where the operation is quick and easy. Most will be content to wait a minute or two to undertake a back up, whereas 15 to 30 minutes is unpopular and hence often avoided.

## Conclusions

Winchester technology has brought a new impetus to the microcomputer revolution. Few people
would have envisaged with the introduction of the floppy disc drive that it would become an essential part of the standard microcomputer system of today. Now, many anticipate that the microcomputer system of tomorrow will include a Winchester drive as a standard feature. There is no doubt that whole new ranges of applications can be brought within the capabilities of the microcomputer and that many who up to now have been using a mini, on an OEM basis, are starting to consider the micro as an alternative tool.

Calculated Corner
Cont. from P. 86
dard algebraic form, e.g. $\mathrm{A}^{2}+\mathrm{B}^{2}+\operatorname{SIN} \mathrm{C}^{2} \ldots .$. up to 88 characters. On returning to the Computation Mode, the calculator asks you for the variable values ( $\mathrm{A}=$ ?) and evaluates the expression! Editing is via a flashing cursor, and expressions
longer than the display scroll off to the left. The eleven memories are nonvolatile and a full set of scientific and statistics functions are provided.

The sophistication of this display is such that, surely soon, once large scale LCD displays are available, we will have a
hand held micro which is programmed in BASIC! For a user who needs to evaluate many algebraic functions and doesn't want to trouble to learn a calculator "language" for programmed solutions, this calculator will be useful; anyway, it's certainly a status symbol.

But the impossibility of any sort of recursive operation limits its flexibility drastically and at a price of $£ 69.90$, it cannot compare well with various programmables in this cost range. Perhaps worse is that it takes away all the fun of playing computers!


Why is it that a personal computing "amateur" can produce a multiprogramming operating system, compiler and utilities in a couple of years part-time work, whereas "professional" software suppliers can invest decades of man years to less avail?
"Perhaps it was because I didn't know that some problems existed, so I never encountered them", was the answer given to me by Tom Aschenbrenner who won the 1977 Porsonal Computer Fair competition at the US National Computing Conference (he had developed a message switching system for fellow radio hams in the Dallas area). As, another reason he added, "I did it because I enjoyed it not because I had to, in order to earn a living." Aschenbren ner's comments would fit very pertinently into Systemantics by John Gall which tries humourously to analyse the behaviour of a beast which seems to run amok through so many aspects of modern life - The System.
Written in a sometimes irritating, too-clever-by-half style, Systemantics offers a number of "laws" relating to systems behaviour, often paying homage to folk-lorish inventions like Murphy's Law that "If anything can go wrong, it will go wrong.' The Fundamental
Theorem of Systemantics is that "New systems create new problems". According to Gall, one starts with a problem, like getting rid of rubbish. Then a system is set up to organise garbage collection and the main objective of that organisation is to manage the system rather than to solve the original garbage problem. In fact, Gall says, "for the practising systems-manager, the greatest pitfall lies in the realm of problems and problem-solving. Systems can do many things, but one thing they emphatically cannot do is to solve problems. This is because problem-solving is not a systems-function, and

Malcolm Peltu has made his name writing and lecturing about the nature and impact of computer-related technologies.
there is no satisfactory sys-tems-approximation to the solution of a problem. A system represents someone's solution to a problem but does not solve a problem.
"Solutions," he continues, "usually come from people who see in the problem only an interesting puzzle and whose qualifications would never satisfy a select committee." There could be no better proof of Gall's pudding than in the exciting tang of the home-brewing personal computer world Aschenbrenner's remark about not being aware of the problems was true because many of the problems of software development are concerned with the complexities of managing large projects. A programmer in a Data Processing department or large soft ware development team is likely to be less productive and less creative than a hobbyist.

Gall's most biting comments are lashed out at the dangers of trying to control complex systems. "Any large system is going to be operating most of the time in failure mode," he says, putting the boot in further with the Fundamental Failure Theorem that "a system can fail in an infinite number of ways" and that "the mode of failure of a complex system cannot ordinarily be predicted from its structure.

For programmers he has two special axioms: programs never run the first time, and complex programs never run. In a more general context, these axioms are summarised by his belief that complex systems designed from scratch never work; the only complex systems that do work are those which have evolved from successful simple systems.

I believe that computers are ideal models of Gall's system world. Operating systems which hog machine resources in order to sort out machine rather than user problems are perfect examples of how complex systems fail to tackle the problems for which they were initially created. The way in which the personal computing market has focused on the development of more human interfaces, such as colour graphics, has also shown that the computer industry as a whole proves another Gallism, "To those within a system, the outside reality tends to pale and disappear.'

At the last National Computing Conference in New York, the hundreds of stands from the traditional computer industry paid lipservice to "user needs"' but were still essentially displaying evolutions from the grey elephants which form

their "user base". The personal computing show at the same event was filled with colour graphics, voice synthe sisers and other devices that offer a human window to the computer. And the reason is that the personal computer user is also a systems developer who focuses attention to the main goal of using the system.

For larger, established computer companies, the System has other goals, like growing and extending its administrative machine, its sales targets and all those other factors that have little to do with the user.

Systemantics is a book with a serious message and you'll find it if you scratch beneath its glossy, over-jokey veneer. Anyone working a bureaucracy whose purpose is to deal with people in need should, for example, spread the message "The dossier is not the person" which is Gall's extension of a sign he saw in a smallish hospital which said "The chart is not the patient"

The underlying strength of Gall's book is that it is based on a good appreciation of General Systems Theory and cybernetics. With tongue in cheek, Gall does in fact admit that the science of General Systemantics is a spoof of General Systems Theory, an idea inspired by one Ludwig von Bertalanffy (who coined the phrase system to describe the entity concerned with the organisation of a function rather than the function ratself).

In An Approach to Cybernetics by Professor Gordon Pask, von Bertalanffy's work is cited as one of the sources that lead to the study of cybernetics. Where Gall provides some glib but perceptive insights into the complexities of Systems thinking, Pask, who is a professor of cybernetics at Brunel University, takes a more scientific and mathematical approach in trying to explain the background and scope of one of the major Systems "sciences"

For example, Gall and Pask both quote Le Chatelier's Principle, derived from chemistry, which states that any natural process tends to set up conditions opposing the further operation of that process; thus equilibrium can be maintained when various forces, such as chemical reactants, are mixed in certain concentrations in a closed vessel.

Gall turns this Principle into a corner stone of General Systemantics, that "Systems get in the way and Systems tend to oppose their own proper functions". He clarifies this by the example of a research worker who is asked to define his aims and objectives to satisfy various organisational Systems needs - like touting for research money.

So he makes up objectives that look good to the System, such as writing $x$ papers in a year, even though his real objectives are different. But he then has to waste time meeting his Systems-inspired objectives. The System has therefore got in the way of real objectives.

For Pask, Le Chatelier provides a simplified analysis of what he regards as the crux of organisational
Systems study - stability.
"That which is stable can be described, either as the organisation itself or some characteristic which the organisation preserves intact He writes "The trouble with cybernetics is that the very substance of its study is an entity as amorphous and generalised as the words organisation' and 'systems'.
Pask, however, makes a brave attempt at trying to explain in relatively simple terms the unique characteristics of a science which, as he says, "cuts across the entrenched departments of natural science; the sky, the earth, the animals, and the plants." The book is well worth reading as a first step towards a deeper understanding and involvement in a subject which both fascinates and confuses by its general applicability to anything from running a company to developing a computer to studying the brain

A mad and magnificent book which puts the whole Systems and cybernetics approach into an imaginative galactic context is Stanislaw Lem's The Cyberiad. A combination of science fantasy, political satire and mathematical impishness, The Cyberiad consists of a number of short fables, most of them loosely linked by the journeys of the 'constructors' Trurl and Klapaucius.

The starting point of each fable is often a superbly illogical logical idea like a machine that can create anything that begins with $n$, then causes havoc when asked to create Nothing. Or the stupidest eight storey thinking machine in the world which terrorises the constructors because they challenge its belief that $2+2=7$.

My favourite is Trurl's Electronic Bard, the poetry machine. In Lem's words "Whenever Trurl felt he just couldn't take another chart or equation, he would switch over to verse, and vice versa. After a while it became clear to him that the construction of the poetry machine itself was child's play in comparison with writing the program. The program found in the head of an average poet, after all, was written by the poet's civilisation, and that civilisation was in turn programmed by the civilisation that preceded it and so on to the very Dawn of Time. Hence,
in order to program a poetry machine, one would first have to repeat the entire Universe from the beginning. . ." and that is what Trurl does to Universe-shattering effect.

A trip on Lem's Cyberiad machine gives a whole new perspective to the real world of machines, people and organisations and helps to point to the farcical pimples on the bum of the Systems beast.

## Learning thelingo

One day Grace Hopper, one of the founders of the Cobol programming language, found herself lost in Tokio. And she managed to get back to her hotel merely by speaking Cobol words such as MOVE and GOTO because, she says, Cobol uses such basic universal commands.

It would be nice if a stranger lost in computerland could rely on a similar simple language. (In parentheses it is worth noting that Grace Hopper is said to have originated that descriptive computer jargon word 'bug', meaning an error. According to the story, one of the early computers with which she was working was giving a lot of trouble, until one day she opened a processor cabinet and a moth flew out. Hence the 'bug' came into being).

Meanwhile, back with the stranger in computerland, it is necessary to provide him/her with two forms of route finding assistance - firstly some guidance through the jargon used to describe the technology, and then help with learning the programming languages that get the machines doing something useful.

The problem with introductory books in computing is that they tend to be either too general, and therefore of little use in finding out about one system, or else they are far too specific to give a good perspective on the intrinsic points of the technology.

Introduction to Microprocessors by G. L. Simons offers a general over-
view of the hardware and software technology together with sufficient detail of some popular processors, languages and microcomputers to give the stranger some confidence and sense of direction; however it can in no way be taken as a training or reference book.

In addition to the systems, Simons provides a useful overview of design needs and the range of applications for micros, as well as a summary of some contemporary views on the social consequences of microcomputing.

When it comes to learning a computer language, one's choice is usually limited to
those available on the machine at hand. With microcomputers, the most widely available language is, of course. BASIC.

The trouble is each machine has its own restrictions and dialects for any given language. And this is the major drawback with the otherwise excellent The BASIC Handbook by David A Lien

The Handbook is aptly described by its subtitle as being an "encyclopedia". It clearly admits in the introduction, however, that it is not intended to replace the manufacturer's handbook which describes the language facilities for that machine. Instead it concentrates on simple, clear descriptions of the fundamental core words that are common to most machines using BASIC.

The aim is to provide some help to those who wish to adapt programs in a magazine like Personal Computer World into suitable forms to run on particular machines. Each BASIC word discussed starts at the top of page. They are listed alphabetically and an indication is clearly given whether the word is part of the American National Standards Institute (ANSI) BASIC standard.

Then there is a standard list of topics dealt with for each word, such as its word category, general description and variations that might be encountered. Test programs for the word and sample runs are also given as well as some very useful hints, including what to do if your computer does not have a particular word. Used as an encyclopedia, the Handbook will be exceedingly helpful in a variety of ways.

But, as Lien says, "like the expanding universe theory, BASIC keeps expanding; we can only chase it but never catch it all.'

So, although the BASIC Handbook will shine a guiding light through some unknown territory, it will still be necessary to get a more detailed and updated A to Z of any real system you want to use.

Books discussed in this month's Bookfare have been Systemantics by John Gall (Fontana, 85p)
An Approach to Cybernetics by Professor Gordon Pask (Hutchinson's Radius Books, £1.00)
The Cyberiad by Stanislaw Lem (Secker \& Warburg, £3.90)
Introduction to Microprocessors by G. L. Simons
(National Computing Centre, £6.50)
The BASIC Handbook by David Lien (Compusoft, available through Rostronics, 118
Wandsworth High Street, London SW 18 - £11.00)

# THE ALPHA MICRO COMPUTER 

Multi-User, Multi-tasking, Timesharing, Memory Management


Basic 64K RAM, 2.4Mb Floppy Disk System:
Basic 64K RAM, 10Mb Hard Disk System:
 (Terminals \& Printers to be added to user specification.) ALPHA MICRO gives a new meaning to the words "CostEffective." It combines a powerful 16 Bit processor with a proven timesharing disk operating system to give you data handling and software sophistication parallel to that of high performance commercial minicomputers. It can be upgraded from a simple 64 K single terminal floppy disk system up to a 24 terminal, multi-printer, system with 2400 Megabytes of disk storage and 1.02 Megabytes of Random Access Memory without any hardware redundancy.


#### Abstract

ALPHA MICRO in Business A fully integrated Accounting System is available "off the shelf:" It includes Order Processing, Automatic Invoicing, Stock Control, Accounts Receivable Accounts Payable, Nominal Ledger, Payroll, and Sales Analysis by Customer, Product or Salesman.

\section*{ALPHA MICRO Word Processing}

Comprehensive word processing software is available which can run simultaneously with the accounting system (or any other program for that matter). It will handle anything from standard letters up to large and voluminous documents with automatic Index/Table of Contents generation.

ALPHA MICRO in Research \& Education Since the system can handle up to 24 terminals, where each user terminal has its own 32 or 48 K memory partition, it is ideal in education or research since each user can do his own application, i.e. one can be running the BASIC Compiler whilst another runs LISP; again another can do programming in PASCAL or ASSEMBLER etc.

\section*{ALPHA MICRO Standard Features} * Multi-User, Multi-Tasking, Time-sharing Disk Operating System * Memory Management from $64 \mathrm{~Kb}-1.02 \mathrm{Mb}$ $\star$ Disk storage from $2 \cdot 4 \mathrm{Mb}-2400 \mathrm{Mb}$


* Powerful WD16 16-Bit Processor
* Sl00 Bus Compatible
* Expands from 6-24 terminal ports
* Multi-Printer Spooler
* Adaptable to most RS232 peripherals
* Sequential, Index Sequential and Random Access files supported
* Comprehensive disk file management system and utilities
* Multi-User structured file system with programmer/project number and password protection
* Command file interpreter with parameter substitution
* Multiple level DMA and vectored intemupt system
* Multiple pass assembly programming system with linking loader
* ALPHABASIC Extended compiler and re-entrant runtime package
* Index sequential files supported in both Assembler and ALPHABASIC
* File management system with logical file I/O calls
* ALPHAPASCAL, one of the best UCSD implementations
* ALPHALISP, a textual data manipulation language

Britain's most up-to-date and comprehensive guide to the selection of microcomputer equipment, compiled for PCW by Richard Olney of Heuristic Consultants.


Please note: Software items listed in italic are not included in the basic price of the equipment. All prices are exclusive of VAT

| Machine (Price from) | Main Distributor/s (No. of dealers) | Hardware | SoftwareDocumen- <br> tation | - Miscellaneous |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| DIGITAL MICROSYSTEM DSC-2 (£5,395) | Modata: 089239591 <br> (TBA) | 64K RAM: Z80: dual 8" F/D (2.28MB): 4 RS232 ports: EIA port: 17 ' $\times 21$ "x7" | $\begin{aligned} & \text { CP/M: BASIC- H } \\ & \text { E: CBASIC: } \\ & \text { COBOL:FOR- } \\ & \text { TRAN:PAS- } \\ & \text { CAL: CAPB/P } \end{aligned}$ | Up to 6 additional F/D units possible |
| $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { DURANGO } \\ & (£ 7,750) \end{aligned}$ | Comp Ancillaries: 078436455 (12) | 48K RAM: 8085x3: dual 51/4" F/D (1MB): 9", 16x64 green VDU: 132 col 165 cps printer: N/P: options - add F/D £1,753; aux VDU £875 | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{O} / \mathrm{S}: \text { DBASIC: } \\ & \mathrm{S} \end{aligned}$ | Takes up to 4 workstations: fully integrated system 15 "'x 30 '"x 24 ' |
| DYNABYTE DB8/1 $(£ 1,500)$ | Dynabyte UK/Europe Ltd: 072365559 (6) | 32-64K RAM: Z80: S100 bus; 2 RS232 ports: $1 \mathrm{P} / \mathrm{P}$ : 20'"x18'x7'": option - dual $8^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{F} / \mathrm{D}(1 \mathrm{MB}), £ 2,000$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { CP/M: BASIC: } \mathrm{H} \\ & \text { COBOL:FOR- } \\ & \text { TRAN:PAS- } \\ & \text { CAL: W/P:B/P } \end{aligned}$ | Expands to multi-user system: also DB8/2 with dual $5^{1 / 4} "$ F/D (400K), £3,000 |
| $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { EQUINOX } \\ & 300 \\ & (£ 11,750) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Equinox: 01-7392387 } \\ & (\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}) \end{aligned}$ | 64-256K RAM: W/L 16 bits: 2MB H/D: 15", $24 \times 80$ b\&w VDU: 150 cps printer: $6 \mathrm{~S} / \mathrm{P}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { O/S: BASIC: } \mathrm{S} \\ & \text { COBOL: M/A: } \\ & \text { PASCAL: } \\ & \text { T/P: multi-user: } \\ & B / P \end{aligned}$ | Up to 1200 MB of storage possible ( $4 \times 300 \mathrm{MB}$, Calcomp Tridents) |
| $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { EUROC } \\ & (£ 7,995) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Eurocalc Ltd: 01-405 } \\ & 3113 \text { (TBA) } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 64K RAM: } 8080 \text { A: dual } 8^{\prime \prime} \\ & \text { F/D (1MB : } 15 ", 25 \times 80 \\ & \text { b\&w VDU: } 132 \text { col, } \\ & \text { 14Ucps printer } \end{aligned}$ | CP/M: CBASIC:S <br> A: account system: $\mathrm{U}: B / P$ | A year's maintenance and stationary supply inc. |
| $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { EXIDY } \\ & \text { SORCERER } \\ & (£ 650)(16 \mathrm{~K}, \\ & £ 760 ; 32 \mathrm{~K} \\ & £ 859) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Factor One: } 0736 \\ & 66565(10) \end{aligned}$ | 8-32K RAM: Z80: RS232: <br> $1 \mathrm{P} / \mathrm{P}$ : S100 connector: 30x64 VDU I/O: options dual $51 / 4$ "' F/D ( 630 K ), £1,200; 12', 30x64 green VDU, £240; S100 chassis, £210 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { O/S: ExBASIC I } \\ & \text { (ROM): } W / P: \\ & \text { Editor: } A: \\ & \text { games } \end{aligned}$ | High resolution graphics capability. |
| IMS 5000 (48K desk top $£ 5,100$ ) | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Equinox: 01-739 } \\ & 2387(20) \end{aligned}$ | 32-256K RAM: Z80: dual 51/4" F/D (320K): 15", $24 \times 80$ b\&w VDU: 150 cps printer: $2 \mathrm{~S} / \mathrm{P} ; 1 \mathrm{P} / \mathrm{P}$ : 18"x24"x3" | CP/M: BASIC: $\mathrm{S} \& \mathrm{H}$ COBOL: FOR- TRAN: PAS- CAL: W/P: $C A P B / P$ | Also available: IMS 8000 (dual 8" F/D); IMB desk top or stand alone models, £6,500 |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { IMSAI VDP } \\ & 42 \\ & (£ 3,900) \end{aligned}$ | Computermart: 0603 615089. Corner Comp: 0372741101 (2) |  | IMDOS (CP/M comp): A: ExBASIC: $\mathrm{U}:$ CBASIC: COBOL: FOR- TRAN | Can support 8 additional F/D drives; also available, VDP 44 with F/D (780K), £4,400 |
| IMSAUI VDP 80 <br> $(£ 6,200)$ | As above | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 32-64K RAM: 8085: dual } \\ & \text { 8'F/D (1.2MB): } 12 \text { ", } \\ & 24 \times 80 \text { b\& V VDU: } 1 \text { S/P: } \\ & 1 \text { P/P: 25"x15"x25" } \end{aligned}$ | IMDOS: A:Ex-H BASIC: U: CBASIC: COBOL: FORTRAN: CAP $B / P$ |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { ITT } 2020 \\ & (£ 867)(32 \mathrm{~K}, \\ & £ 916 ; 48 \mathrm{~K}, \\ & £ 995) \end{aligned}$ | ITT: 02683040 (15) | 16-48K RAM: 2020: 15 "x 18'"x4": options - single 51/4" F/D (116K), £425, C, £33; 60cps printer, £825; 16K RAM, £110; RS232 port, £110 | Monitor: A: B BASIC: Dis- <br> A: games | High resolution graphics capability: Integer BASIC in 6K ROM |
| LUXOR <br> ABC 80 <br> (£790) | CCS Microsales: <br> 01-444 7739 <br> (TBA) | 16-40K RAM: Z80A: C: 12", 16x40 b\&w VDU: 4680 bus: IEEE 488: RS232 port: option dual $51 / 4$ "' F/D (160K, own DOS), £895 | DOS: BASIC: S games: $W / P$ Database: Engineering \& construction prog | Graphics loudspeaker with 128 effects: Viewdata compatible. |
| MEGAMICRO $(£ 6,080)$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Bytronics: } 0252 \\ & 726814(5) \end{aligned}$ | 256K: 8080A: dual 8" F/D (1MB): 12", 20×80 b\&w VDU: $120 c p s$ printer: 2 S/P: $2 \mathrm{P} / \mathrm{P}$ : option printer stand, £100 | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{CP} / \mathrm{M}: \mathrm{U}: \quad \mathrm{H} \& \mathrm{~B} \\ & B / P \end{aligned}$ |  |
| MICRO- <br> ENGINE <br> (£2,080) | Pronto: 01-599 $3041 \text { (TBA) }$ | 64K RAM: MCP 1600: 2 RS232 ports: $2 \mathrm{P} / \mathrm{P}$ : 16 '"x13"'x5": options dual $51 / 4$ " $\mathrm{F} / \mathrm{D}(1 \mathrm{MB}$ ), £1,500; dual 8" F/D (2MB), £1,200 | $\begin{array}{ll} \text { BASIC: PAS- } & \text { H\&S } \\ \text { CAL: File } & \\ \text { Manager: U } & \end{array}$ | CPU has user written word set: PASCAL uses integral P code: available as board, £1,400 |
| MICRO- <br> NOVA <br> (£12,000) | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Digitus: 01-636 } \\ & 0101 \text { (3) } \end{aligned}$ | 64-1128K RAM: N601: 10MB H/D (5 fix, 5 rem): 12", 24x80 VDU: 132 col 60cps printer: $4 \mathrm{~S} / \mathrm{P}$ : $1 \mathrm{P} / \mathrm{P}$ | DOS: M/A: U: E T/E: I/S: debug: FORTRAN IV: BASIC: PASCAL: W/P: $B / P$ | Larger configs usual: bus system for multiuser; smaller system possible with F/D |
| MICRO- <br> STAR 45 <br> PLUS <br> (£4,950) | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Data Efficiency: } 0442 \\ & 57137 \text { (TBA) } \end{aligned}$ | 64K RAM: 8085: dual 8" F/D (1.2MB): $3 \mathrm{~S} / \mathrm{P}$ : RS232 port: 17 '"x26'x8" | STARDOS: <br> CP/M: BAS- <br> IC: COBOL: <br> FORTRAN: <br> UPDATE <br> (database): $B / P$ |  |


| Machine (Price from) | Main Distributor/s (No. of dealers) | Hardware | Software | Documentation | Miscellaneous |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { MSI 6800 } \\ & (£ 1,203) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Strumech: } 05433 \\ & 4321 \text { (5) } \end{aligned}$ | 16K RAM: 6800: C: (9", $16 \times 64$ b\&w VDU: 1 S/P: option - PROM prog | $\begin{aligned} & \text { BASIC: mini A } \\ & \text { T/E: U } \end{aligned}$ | H\&S | Up to 8 serial or parallel interfaces possible. |
| MSI 6800 SYSTEM 1 (£2,175) | As above | 32K RAM: 6800: dual 51/4" <br> F/D (160K): 9 ", 16x24 b\&w VDU: 1 RS232 port: option -dual 8" F/D ( 624 K ), £1,640 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { DOS, BASIC: } \\ & \text { U:A:FOR- } \\ & \text { TRAN:T/E } \end{aligned}$ | H\&S | As above |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { MSI 6800 } \\ & \text { SYSTEM } 2 \\ & (£ 7,500) \end{aligned}$ | As above | 56K RAM: 6800: Single 8" <br> F/D ( 312 K ): 10 MB H/D: <br> 1 RS232 port: 9", 16x64 <br> b\&w VDU: options - dual <br> 8" FYD ( 624 K ), £1,640 <br> 10MB H/D £4, 250 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { DOS: BASIC: } \\ & \text { multi-user } \\ & \text { BASIC: A: } \\ & B / P \end{aligned}$ | H\&S | Rack mounted |
| NORTH STAR HORIZON (£4,650 for 48 K ) | Comart: 0480 <br> 215005. Comma: <br> 0277811131. <br> Equinox: 01- <br> 7392387 (20) | 24-56K RAM: Z80A: dual $5^{1 / 4}{ }^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{F} / \mathrm{D}(360 \mathrm{~K}): 15^{\prime \prime}$, $24 \times 80$ b\&w VDU: 150 cps printer: $2 \mathrm{~S} / \mathrm{P}: 1 \mathrm{P} / \mathrm{P}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { DOS: BASIC: } \\ & \text { CP/M:CO- } \\ & \text { BOL:FOR- } \\ & \text { TRAN: PAS- } \\ & \text { CAL:B/P } \end{aligned}$ | E |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { PET } \\ & 2001-8 \\ & (£ 550) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Commodore: } 01-388 \\ & 5702(150) \end{aligned}$ | 8K RAM: 6502: C: 9", $25 \times 40$ VDU: IEEE488 (non standard) port: options - dual $51 / 4^{\prime \prime}$ F/D (353K), £795; 80 col 93 cps printer, £645; expand to 32 K RAM, £249 | O/S: BASIC <br> A: FORTH: <br> PILOT: games | I | Graphics facility: BASIC in 8K ROM: also available, dual $5^{1 / 4}$ " F/D ( 800 K ), £995 + £30 for operating ROM |
| $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { PET } \\ & 2001-16 / 32 \\ & (£ 675)(32 \mathrm{~K}, \\ & £ 795) \end{aligned}$ | As above | 16-32K RAM: 6502: C: 9', $25 \times 40$ green VDU: IEEE488 (non standard) port: options - dual $5^{1 / 4}$, " F/D (353K), £795; 80 col 93cps printer, £645 | O/S: BASIC: <br> A: FORTH: <br> PILOT: games | I | As above but disc operating ROM included. |
| POWERHOUSE II $(£ 1,650)$ | Powerhouse Micros: <br> 044248422 (TBA) | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 16-32K RAM: Z80A: 5", } \\ & 27 \times 96 \text { b\&w VDU: } 1 \text { S/P: } \\ & \text { 1 P/P: 17'"x11"x7": } \\ & \text { options - IEEE488 int, } \\ & £ 95 ; \mathrm{C}, £ 150 ; \mathrm{G} / \mathrm{C} \text {, } \\ & £ 250 \end{aligned}$ | FDOS: BOS: BASIC: games: C/P: ExBASIC (14K EPROM), $£ 350$ | I |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { RAIR } \\ & \text { BLACK } \\ & \text { BOX } \\ & (£ 2,300) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Rair: } 01-8364663 \\ & (\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}) \end{aligned}$ |  | CP/M: BASIC: COBOL: FORTRAN: M/A: T/E: B/P | H | 16K RAM expansion, £250. |
| RESEARCH MACHINES $380-\mathrm{Z}$ $(£ 1,048)$ $(56 \mathrm{~K}, £ 1,654)$ | Research Machines: 086549791 ( $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ ) | 16-56K RAM: Z80A: C: RS232 port: 19"x16"'x6": options - dual $5^{1 / 4}$ " $\mathrm{F} / \mathrm{D}$ (168K). £895; dual 8", F/D (1MB), £1,695 (fitted in machine) | Tiny BASIC: games: graphics: A: ExBASIC: CBASIC: COB OL: FORTRAN: AL GOL: $C P / M$ : U | S | Designed for education: high resolution graphics being developed |
| $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { SDS } 100 \\ & (£ 4,290) \end{aligned}$ | Airamco: 029457755 (11) | 64K RAM: Z80: dual 8" F/D (1MB): 12 ", $24 \times 80$ VDU: S100 bus: RS232 port: N/P: $1 \mathrm{P} / \mathrm{P}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { CP/M: A: } \\ & \text { ExBASIC: } \\ & \text { COBOL: } \\ & F O R T R A N: \\ & \text { CAPB/P } \end{aligned}$ | E | Facility for 8K PROM |
| $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { SEMEL } 1 \\ & (£ 2,900) \end{aligned}$ | Strutt Electrical: 0822 5439 (n/a) | 16-64K RAM: Z80: single 8" F/D (250K) : 12", <br> $24 \times 80$ b\&w VDU: RS232 port: options - single $8^{\prime \prime}$ F/D (250K), £500; light pen | $\begin{aligned} & \text { BASIC: } \\ & \text { COBOL: } \\ & \text { FORTRAN: } \\ & B / P \end{aligned}$ | I | Supports up to 8 drives |
| $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { SHARP MZ- } \\ & 80 \mathrm{~K} \\ & (£ 520-£ 740) \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sharp UK: 01-571 } \\ & 2157 \text { (TBA) } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 6-34K RAM; Z80: C: } 10^{\prime \prime}, \\ & 24 x 40 \text { b\&w VDU } \end{aligned}$ | BASIC: A: <br> games | B | Graphics: loudspeaker: BASIC in 14 K RAM |
| SMOKE <br> SIGNAL <br> CHIEFTAIN <br> 1 (£3,050) | Winrush Micro Designs: 069-24 5189 (TBA) | 32-64K RAM: 6800: dual 51/4" F/D (160K): 12", $24 \times 80$ VDU: 112 cps printer: RS232C port: option -16 K RAM expansion, £500 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { DOS: BASIC: } \\ & \text { DBASIC: } \\ & \text { RBASIC: A: } \\ & \text { FORTRAN: } \\ & U: T / E: B / P \end{aligned}$ | E | Also available, Chieftain 3 with dual $8^{\prime \prime}$ F/D <br> ( 1 MB ), £3,950. |


| List of Abbreviations | C/P Commercial | Introductory | P/P Parallel port | W/L Word length |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | package | int Interface | S Software | W/P Word processor |
|  | E Extensive | I/S Indexed sequen- | S/P Serial port | TBA To be announced |
| A Assembler | F/D Floppy disc | tial |  |  |
| B BASIC | G/C Graphics card | M/A Macro assembler | T/E Text editor |  |
| B/P Business package | H Hardware | N/P Numeric pad | T/P Text processor |  |
| C Cassette | H/D Hard disc | O/S Operating system | U Utility |  |
| Please note: Software items listed in italic are not included in the basic price of the equipment. All prices are exclusive of VAT |  |  |  |  |



| Machine (Price from) | Main Distributor/s (No. of dealers) | Hardware | Software | Documentation | Miscellaneous |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ZILOG | Micropower: 0256 | 64K RAM: Z80: dual 8" | Rio O/S: | H\&S | Debug in 3K PROM: |
| MCZ1/05 | 54121. Memec: | F/D (600K) : RS232 | M/A: U: |  | also available as desk top |
| (£4,200 - | 0844215471 (n/a) | port | T/E: BASIC: |  | unit or R/M model, both |
| portable) |  |  | COBOL: |  | $£ 4,800$. |
|  |  |  | FORTRAN: PASCAL:B/P |  |  |
| ZILOG | As above | 64K RAM: Z80: 10MB | Rio O/S: M/A: | H\&S | Internal dise control with |
| MCZ1/35 |  | H/D (5 fix, 5 rem) : | U: T/E: |  | own Z80 |
| (£1,200) |  | RS232 port | BASIC: |  |  |
|  |  |  | COBOL: FORTRAN |  |  |
|  |  |  | PASCAL: |  |  |
|  |  |  | $B / P$ |  |  |
| Z-PLUS | Rostronics: 01-874 | 32-64K RAM: Z80: dual | CP/M: A: U: | H\&S |  |
| (£4,000) | 3665 (TBA) | 8" F/D (1MB): 2 S/P: | BASIC: |  |  |
|  |  | $2 \mathrm{P} / \mathrm{P}: 10 \times 29 \times 11$ | FORTRAN: |  |  |
|  |  |  | PASCAL: |  |  |
|  |  |  | Database: B/P |  |  |

In response to reader demand PCW will soon be extending In Store to include single board computers.

## USERGROUPSINDEX

User Group Index is Britain's major, up-to-date listing of clubs, user groups and societies.
The details published here were correct at the time of going to press;
if YOUR group hasn't been included, then please let us have all relevant information. Send it to: PCW, 14 Rathbone Place, London W1P 1DE. Updates on changes would also be appreciated.

## AVON

Bristol Computing Club
£3.00 p.a. Meetings 3rd Wednesday, monthly. Contact: Leo Wallis, 6 Kilbirnie Rd., Bridge Farm Estate,
Bristol, BS14 0HY. Tel:
Bristol 832453.
Brunel Technical College Computing Club. The club divides into two sections . the "skilled" and the "not skilled". They share alternate Wednesdays at the College. Contact S.W. Rabona at 18 Castle Road, Worle, Weston-Super-Mare, Avon, BS22 9JW (0934 513068).

## BEDFORDSHIRE

UK Intel MDS Users Group. Contact: Lewis Hard, 29 Chaucer Rd., Bedford.
Cosmac Users Club (proposed) For People using the RCA 1802, Cosmac ELF, ELFII, Super Elf etc. Those interested contact James Cunningham at 7 Harrowden Court, Harrowden Road, Luton LU2 0SR (enclose sae, please).
The 6502 Users Club. Hoping soon to hold regional and national meetings, they offer "support, encouragement and fellowship". Contact: Walter Wallenborn, 21 Argyll Ave., Luton, Beds LU3 1EG.

## BERKSHIRE

77/68 User Group. Quarterly Newsletter. Free membership for 1st year if you buy the $77 / 68$ instruction manual $£ 1.50$ thereafter. Contact: Newbear Computing Store, 40 Bartholomew St.,
Newbury, Berkshire.
The Thames Valley Amateur Computer Club. Meetings are on the first Thursday of every month and from November on, that will be at "The Southcote", Southcote Lane, off the Bath Road, Reading, Berks. Starting time, 7.00 pm . Contact Brian Quarm (Camberley 22186) OR Brian Steer (Slough 20034).

BUCKINGHAMSHIRE
TRS-80 Users Group. Contact: Brian Pain, 40a High St., Stony Stratford, Bucks.

## CHESHIRE

Anyone interested in starting a Chester club please contact: Mr. W. Collins, 37 Garden Lane, Chester, Cheshire.
DERBYSHIRE
The Independant PET Users Group. IPUG. Secretary is Mike Lake of 9 Littleover Lane, Derby (Derby 23127).

## DEVONSHIRE

Exeter and District Amateur Computer Club. General meetings 2nd Tuesday monthly, specialist meetings 3rd or 4th Tuesday. £5.00 p.a.
Contact: Doug Bates, 3
Station Road, Pinhoe, Exeter, Devon.

## DURHAM

Northeast PETS. Contact: Jim Cocallis, 20 Worcester Road, Newton Hall Estate, Durham. The group meets on the 3rd Monday of each month (at 7.30 pm .) in: month at a2, Ellison Bldgs, Newcastle Polytechnic, Newcastle-upon-Tyne.

## ESSEX

TRS80 User Club (Chelms-
ford). Now part of the
National TRS80 User Club.
Contact Michael Dean, 22
Roughtons, Galleywood,
Chelmsford, Essex.
Amateur Computer Club.
Membership now costs £3.50. Contact D. Ellis (the Membership Secretary), c/o 118 Cambridge Avenue, Gidea Park, Romford, Essex RM2 6RA.
The Colchester Microprocessor Group. Meetings held at the University of Essex on the second and fourth Wednesdays of each month 7.30 pm start. Membership is open to all, on payment of $£ 5$ annual sub \&। for full-time students). Contact the Infor mation Centre at the Univer-
sity on the evening of the meeting.

## GLOUCESTERSHIRE <br> Cheltenham Amateur Com-

 puter Club. Meetings, 4th Wednesday monthly, 7.30 pm start. Microprocessor workshop starting October 2nd. Contact: Mr. M. Pullin, 45 Merestones Drive, The Park, Cheltenham, GL50 2SU (Cheltenham 25617).9900 Users Group, TI 9900 Users Group, TIMUG Contact: Chris Cadogan, 21 Thistle Downs, Northway Farm, Tewkesbury, Glos.

## HAMPSHIRE

Southampton Amateur Computer Club. Meetings 1st
Wednesday monthly (not July, Aug. or Sept.). Contact Paul'Dorey, Department of Physiology, University of Physiology, University of SO2 3SU or Tel: Paul Maddison on Winchester 4433 Ext. 6955.

## HERTFORDSHIRE

'11s Users Group. A sort of help service only. No meetings no newsletter. Contact: Pete Harris, 119 Carpenter Way, Potters Bar, Herts., EN6 5QB. Tel: 070752091 or 01-248 8000 Ext. 7065.
Harpenden Microprocessor Group. They hold meetings every fortnight, cover a wide range of interests and attract members from the area
around Luton, St. Albans and Welwyn. Contact: David James, 5 Ox Lane, Harpenden, Herts AL5 4HH ( 05827 5366).

## KENT

Medway Amateur Computer and Robotics Organisation. Contact: Tony Aylward, 194 Balmoral Rd., Gillingham, Kent. Tel: Medway 56830.
North Kent Amateur Computer Club. Meetings, the second Tuesday of each month - usually at the

Charles Darwin School, Jail Lane, Biggin Hill, Kent.
The sub is £2.50 per annum ( $£ 1$ for students). More members are needed . . contact: Barry Biddles at 3 Acer Road, Biggin Hill, Kent (09594 71742).
LANCASHIRE
Merseyside Microcomputer Group. Several sub-groups Contact: J.S. Stout, Department of Architecture, Liverpool Polytechnic, 53 Victoria St., Liverpool L1 6EY or Tel: 0512360598 or STEM Ltd., 19/23 Aberor STEM Ltd, C ( 9 Box 147 , crombie Sq., PO Box
Liverpool University, Liverpool L69 3BX.

## LEICESTERSHIRE

The Leicestershire Personal Computer Club. Meetings held the 2nd Monday in each month, at Leicester Univers ity and Loughborough University alternately. They start 7 pm . Membership is $£ 2$ per annum (£1 for under 16s). Contact Miss Jill Olorenshaw (Club Secretary) c/o Arden Data Processing, Municipal Buildings, Charles Street.
Leicester (0533 22255) OR Mr Dick Foden (Club Chairman) at 11 Gaddesby Lane, Rearsby, Leicester.
LINCOLNSHIRE
Lincolnshire Microprocessor Society. Various meetingplaces. For up-to-date information, contact the Hon. Sec., Mr Eric Booth, Senior Common Room, Bishop Grosseteste College, Newport Lincoln.

## LONDON

MK14 Club. Bi-monthly magazine called "Complement and Add". Contact: Geoff Phillips, 8 Podsford Rd., London NW9 6HP.
Southgate Computer Club. Meetings 1st Wednesday and 3rd Thursday monthly during term time. Newsletter. Contact: Paul Woolley,

## USERGROUPSINDEX

Southgate Technical College, High Street, London N14 6BS. Tel: 01-888 6521.
UK Pet Users Club. Contact: Commodore Systems Division, 360 Euston Road, London, NW1 3BL.
East London Amateur Computer Club. Meetings 3rd Tuesday monthly. $£ 2.50$ p.a. (1/2 price to school students). Contact: Jim Turner, 63 Millais Rd., London E11
The North London Hobby Computer Club. General meetings held on a Wednesday evening, once a month specialised topics on three evenings each week. Location: The Polytechnic of North London. Contact: Robin Bradbeer (Chairman) at the Dept, of Electronic and Communications Engineering Polytechnic of N. London Holloway, N7 8DB (01-607 2789).

## MIDDLESEX

Harrow Computer Group. Meetings (term time) at the Harrow College of Higher Education and (other time) the "Traveller's Rest"' Public House, in Kenton, Middlesex on alternate Wednesdays at 7 pm . Contact: Bazyle Butcher, 16 St. Peter's Close, Bushey Heath, Watford (01-950 7068) or P. Lecker, 23 Moss Lane, Pinner, Middx NOTTINGHAMSHIRE UK Apple Users Group, Con tact: Andy Witterick (Keen Computers), 5 The Poultry, Nottingham. Tel: 0602 583254/5/6.

## OXFORDSHIRE

Research Machines Ltd. National User Group. Inaugural meeting 5th October. Contact: M.D. Fischer, PO Box 75, Oxford, OX4 1EY, for a registration form.
Oxfordshire Microcomputer Club. $£ 5.00$ p.a. Contact: S. C. Bird, 139 The Moors, Kidlington, Oxford OX5 2AF Tel: Kidlington (08675) 6703
Microsoc, the Oxford Uni versity micro group holds shared meetings with the Oxford Microcomputer Club Contact: M Bourla, St. John's College, Oxford.

STAFFORDSHIRE
Central Program Exchange. Full membership £25
Europe, £40 overseas), provides 30 free programs p.a. Small User Serivce £10 Europe, £20 overseas) provides 10 free programs p.a. Contact: Mrs Judith Brown, The Polytechnic, Wilfruma St., Wolverhampton, WV1 1LY.

## SURREY

Exidy Sorcerer Users Group. Newly formed, and a division of the U.S. User Group. Fee is £5 p.a. Write, stating what hardware you own, to: Andy Marshall (Micro44), 44 Arthurs Bridge Road, Woking GU21 4NT (04862 66084). Richmond Computer Club. Held the second Monday of each month at the Richmond Community Centre (20p per meeting), members have the
use of a good range of equip ment. Contact: Robert Forster, 18a The Barons, St. Margarets, Twickénham, Middx (01-892 1873).

## SUSSEX

Independent PET Users Group - South. Free member ship - meetings the first Wednesday of every month $£ 1.50$ to receive monthly newsletter. Contact: John C Nuttall, 56 West Street, Shoreham-by-Sea, Sussex BN4 5WG

## WARWICKSHIRE

ACC (Midland) Group. They meet every 3rd Saturday in room P109 at Lanchester College, Coventry. . no sub, no magazine. Contact: Roy Diamond (Chairman), 27 Loweswater Road, Coventry , Warks (0203 454061).

## WEST MIDLANDS

West Midlands Amateur Computer Club. Newsletter meetings 2nd Tuesday monthly. £2 p.a., or $£ 1$ if under 18, or a full time student. Contact: John Tracey, 100 Booth Close, Crestwood Park, Kingswin ford, West Mids DY6 8SP. Phone Brierley Hill 70097.

## YORKSHIRE

South Yorkshire Personal Computing Group. (Please note, another publication has listed, incorrectly, a South Yorkshire Amateur Computer Club. It does not exist). For details of the SYPCG, contact Tony Rycroft, 88 Spinneyfield, Moorgate, Rotherham

## S. Yorks, (Tel : Rotherham

 74889 , eve).
## IRELAND

Computer Education Society of Ireland. A voluntary organisation that consists of a national body and an expanding number of local branches. Their brief is to monitor computer education in Ireland. National CESI (£3 p.a.) Diarmuid McCarthy, 7 St. Kevin's Park, Kilmacud, Blackrock, Co. Dublin. Cork branch (£1 extra) - Michael Moynihan, Colaiste an Spioraid Naomh, Bishopstown, Cork. Dublin branch (£1.50 extra) - Jim Walsh, C.B.S. Naas, Co. Kildare. Limerick branch (£1 extra) - Sr . Lourda Keane, Convent F.C.J., Laurel Hill, Limerick. Waterford branch' (£1 extra) - Mr. Hugh Dobbs, Newtown School, Waterford. Kilkenny branch (£1 extra) - Sr. Helen Lenehan, Presentation Secondary School, Kilkenny

## SCOTLAND

Ithaca Audio S100 bus UK User Group. Contact Dave Weaver, 16 Etive Place, Cumbernauld, Glasgow G67 4JE. Phone 0236736570.

## WALES

Gwent Amateur Computer Club. Covering the Gwent and Cardiff areas, the club has its own computer room and technical library. Meet ings held once a week, Wednesdays, starting 7.30 pm , at Room 149, Civic Centre, Newport. Contact: Peter Hesketh on Shirenewton 596.

## FAX

PCW introduces the first of a series of reference sheets with, this month, the 8080 instruction set. We plan to give you similar charts with the op-codes for all the common processors. Other areas we shall cover are standard codes ASCII, EBCDIC, BAUDOT etc, hardware interface standards and protocols and anything else which lends itself to this format.

THE 8080 MNEMONICS ARRANGED BY OP CODE

| Compiled by John A. Coll. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\frac{\text { MSB }}{\text { LSB }}$ | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | A | B | C | D | E | F |  |
| 0 | NOP |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{MOV} \\ & \mathrm{~B}, \mathrm{~B} \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{MOV} \\ & \mathrm{D}, \mathrm{~B} \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { MOV } \\ & \text { H,B } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{MOV} \\ & \mathrm{M}, \mathrm{~B} \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l} \hline \mathrm{ADD} \\ \mathrm{~B} \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline \text { SUB } \\ \text { B } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l} \hline \text { ANA } \\ \mathrm{B} \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline \mathrm{ORA} \\ \mathrm{~B} \\ \hline \end{array}$ | RNZ | RNC | RPO | RP | 0 |
| 1 | $\begin{array}{\|l\|l\|} \hline \text { LXI } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l} \hline \text { LXI } \\ \hline \text { D } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l} \hline \mathrm{LXI} \\ \mathrm{H} \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|l\|} \hline \text { LXI } \\ \text { SP } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{MOV} \\ & \mathrm{~B}, \mathrm{C} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { MOV } \\ & \text { D,C } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { MOV } \\ & \text { H,C } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{MOV} \\ & \mathrm{M}, \mathrm{C} \end{aligned}$ | $\underset{C}{A D D}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline \text { SUB } \\ \text { C } \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { ANA } \\ & \mathrm{C} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{ORA} \\ & \mathrm{C} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{POP} \\ & \mathrm{~B} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{POP} \\ & \mathrm{D} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { POP } \\ & \mathrm{H} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l} \hline \text { POP } \\ \text { PSW } \end{array}$ | 1 |
| 2 | $\begin{array}{\|l} \hline \text { STAX } \\ \hline \mathbf{B} \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline \text { STAX } \\ \text { D } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | SHLD | STA | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline \text { MOV } \\ \mathrm{B}, \mathrm{D} \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{MOV} \\ & \mathrm{D}, \mathrm{D} \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l} \hline \text { MOV } \\ \text { H,D } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { MOV } \\ & \text { M,D } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{ADD} \\ & \mathrm{D} \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline \text { SUB } \\ \text { D } \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l} \hline \text { ANA } \\ \text { D } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline \mathrm{ORA} \\ \mathrm{D} \end{array}$ | JZ | JNC | JPO | JP | 2 |
| 3 | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline \text { INX } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l} \hline \text { INX } \\ \mathrm{D} \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{INX} \\ & \mathrm{H} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l} \hline \text { INX } \\ \text { SP } \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline \text { MOV } \\ \text { B,E } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{MOV} \\ & \mathrm{D}, \mathrm{E} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline \text { MOV } \\ \text { H,E } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{MOV} \\ & \mathrm{M}, \mathrm{E} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l} \hline \mathrm{ADD} \\ \mathrm{E} \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline \text { SUB } \\ \hline \mathbf{E} \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l} \hline \text { ANA } \\ \mathrm{E} \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{ORA} \\ & \mathrm{E} \end{aligned}$ | JMP | OUT | XTHL | DI | 3 |
| 4 | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline \text { INR } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline \text { INR } \\ \hline \text { D } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline \text { INR } \\ \mathrm{H} \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l} \hline \text { INR } \\ \mathrm{M} \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{MOV} \\ & \mathrm{~B}, \mathrm{H} \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{MOV} \\ & \mathrm{D}, \mathrm{H} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { MOV } \\ & \text { H,H } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{MOV} \\ & \mathrm{M}, \mathrm{H} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{ADD} \\ & \mathrm{H} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { SUB } \\ & \mathrm{H} \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { ANA } \\ & \mathrm{H} \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{ORA} \\ & \mathrm{H} \end{aligned}$ | CNZ | CNC | CPO | CP | 4 |
| 5 | $\begin{array}{\|l} \hline \mathrm{DCR} \\ \mathrm{~B} \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline \mathrm{DCR} \\ \mathrm{D} \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l} \hline \mathrm{DCR} \\ \mathrm{H} \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline \mathrm{DCR} \\ \mathrm{M} \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|l\|} \hline \text { MOV } \\ \mathrm{B}, \mathrm{~L} \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { MOV } \\ & \mathrm{D}, \mathrm{~L} \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline \text { MOV } \\ \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{~L} \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{MOV} \\ & \mathrm{M}, \mathrm{~L} \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{ADD} \\ & \mathrm{~L} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{S} \\ & \mathbf{I} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l} \hline \text { ANA } \\ \text { L } \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline \text { ORA } \\ \mathrm{L} \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { PUSH } \\ & \text { B } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { PUSH } \\ & \mathrm{D} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{l\|} \hline \text { PUSH } \\ \mathrm{H} \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l} \hline \text { PUSH } \\ \text { PSW } \end{array}$ | 5 |
| 6 | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline \text { MVI } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l} \hline \text { MVI } \\ \mathrm{D} \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline \text { MVI } \\ \mathrm{H} \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l} \hline \text { MVI } \\ \mathrm{M} \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{MOV} \\ & \mathrm{~B}, \mathrm{M} \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{MOV} \\ & \mathrm{D}, \mathrm{M} \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l} \hline \text { MOV } \\ \text { H,M } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | HALT | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline \mathrm{ADD} \\ \mathrm{M} \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l} \hline \text { SUB } \\ \mathrm{M} \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { ANA } \\ & \text { M } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline \text { ORA } \\ \mathrm{M} \end{array}$ | ADI | SUI | ANI | ORI | 6 |
| 7 | RLC | RAL | DAA | STC | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline \mathrm{MOV} \\ \mathrm{~B}, \mathrm{~A} \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{MOV} \\ & \mathrm{D}, \mathrm{~A} \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{MOV} \\ & \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{~A} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{MOV} \\ & \mathrm{M}, \mathrm{~A} \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{ADD} \\ & \mathrm{~A} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline \text { SUB } \\ \mathrm{A} \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { ANA } \\ & \text { A } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline \text { ORA } \\ \text { A } \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{RST} \\ & \mathrm{O} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { RST } \\ & 10 \mathrm{H} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { RST } \\ & 20 \mathrm{H} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { RST } \\ & 30 \mathrm{H} \end{aligned}$ | 7 |
| 8 |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { MOV } \\ & \text { C,B } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{MOV} \\ & \mathrm{D}, \mathrm{~B} \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline \text { MOV } \\ \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{~B} \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline \text { MOV } \\ \text { A,B } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{ADC} \\ & \mathrm{~B} \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline \text { SBB } \\ \text { B } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{XRA} \\ & \mathrm{~B} \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline \text { CMP } \\ \mathrm{B} \\ \hline \end{array}$ | RZ | RC | RPE | RM | 8 |
| 9 | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline \mathrm{DAD} \\ \mathrm{~B} \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l} \hline \mathrm{DAD} \\ \mathrm{D} \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { DAD } \\ & \mathrm{H} \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline \text { DAD } \\ \hline \text { SP } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline \text { MOV } \\ \text { C, } \mathrm{C} \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline \text { MOV } \\ \mathrm{D}, \mathrm{C} \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \mathrm{MOV} \\ & \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{C} \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { MOV } \\ & \text { A,C } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l} \mathrm{ADC} \\ \mathrm{C} \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline \text { SBB } \\ \mathrm{C} \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l} \hline \mathrm{XRA} \\ \mathrm{C} \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline \text { CMP } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | RET |  | PCHL | SPHL | 9 |
| A | $\begin{array}{\|l\|l\|} \hline \text { LDAX } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline \text { LDAX } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | LHLD | J.DA | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{MOV} \\ & \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{D} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{MOV} \\ & \mathrm{D}, \mathrm{D} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { MOV } \\ & \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{D} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { MOV } \\ & \text { A,D } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{ADC} \\ & \mathrm{D} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline \text { SRB } \\ \text { D } \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{XRA} \\ & \mathrm{D} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline \text { CMP } \\ \mathrm{D} \\ \hline \end{array}$ | JZ | JC | JPE | JM | A |
| B | $\begin{array}{\|l} \hline \mathrm{DCX} \\ \mathrm{~B} \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l} \hline \mathrm{DCX} \\ \mathrm{D} \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { DCX } \\ & \mathrm{H} \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline \text { DCX } \\ \text { SP } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline \text { MOV } \\ \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{E} \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l} \hline \mathrm{MOV} \\ \mathrm{D}, \mathrm{E} \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { MOV } \\ & \text { H,E } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline \text { MOV } \\ \text { A, E } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l} \hline \mathrm{ADC} \\ \mathrm{E} \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline \text { SBB } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{XRA} \\ & \mathrm{E} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline \text { CMP } \\ \mathrm{E} \\ \hline \end{array}$ |  | IN | XCHG | EI | B |
| C | $\begin{array}{\|l} \hline \text { INR } \\ \hline \mathrm{C} \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l} \hline \text { INR } \\ \mathrm{E} \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { INR } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline \text { INR } \\ \text { A } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{MOV} \\ & \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{H} \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{MOV} \\ & \mathrm{D}, \mathrm{H} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{MOV} \\ & \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H} \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline \text { MOV } \\ \text { A,H } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{ADC} \\ & \mathrm{H} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { SBB } \\ & \mathrm{H} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{XRA} \\ & \mathrm{H} \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline \text { CMP } \\ \mathrm{H} \end{array}$ | CZ | CC | CPE | CM | C |
| D | $\begin{array}{\|l} \hline \mathrm{DCR} \\ \mathrm{C} \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l} \hline \mathrm{DCR} \\ \mathrm{E} \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \mathrm{DCR} \\ & \mathrm{~L} \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline \text { DCR } \\ \text { A } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { MOV } \\ & \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{~L} \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline \text { MOV } \\ \text { D,L } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { MOV } \\ & \text { H,L } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{MOV} \\ & \mathrm{~A}, \mathrm{~L} \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l} \hline \mathrm{ADC} \\ \mathrm{~L} \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline \text { SBB } \\ \mathrm{L} \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{XRA} \\ & \mathrm{~L} \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline \mathrm{CMP} \\ \mathrm{~L} \\ \hline \end{array}$ | CALL |  |  |  | D |
| E | $\begin{array}{\|l} \hline \text { MVI } \\ \mathrm{C} \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l} \hline \text { MVI } \\ \mathrm{E} \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l} \hline \text { MVI } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline \text { MVI } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{MOV} \\ & \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{M} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l} \hline \text { MOV } \\ \mathrm{D}, \mathrm{M} \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { MOV } \\ & \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{M} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { MOV } \\ & \text { A,M } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{ADC} \\ & \mathrm{M} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline \text { SBB } \\ \mathrm{M} \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{XRA} \\ & \mathrm{M} \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline \text { CMP } \\ \text { M } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | ACI | SBI | XRI | CPI | E |
| $\overline{\mathrm{F}}$ | RRC | RAR | CMA | CMC | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{MOV} \\ & \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{~A} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{MOV} \\ & \mathrm{D}, \mathrm{~A} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { MOV } \\ & \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{~A} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { MOV } \\ & \text { A,A } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l} \hline \mathrm{ADC} \\ \mathrm{~A} \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline \text { SBB } \\ \text { A } \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { XRA } \\ & \text { A } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline \text { CMP } \\ \mathrm{A} \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l} \hline \mathrm{RST} \\ 8 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { RST } \\ & 18 \mathrm{H} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { RST } \\ & 28 \mathrm{H} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { RST } \\ & 38 \mathrm{H} \end{aligned}$ | F |
|  | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | A | B | C | D | E | F |  |

## TRANSMGIONFIE

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Apply Mr J K Newman, 2 Carlton Drive,
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Triton micro. . full on board RAM, with cassette recorder - £280.
Nascom 1. . .with T2 \& B-Bug Monitors, complete in case with PSU - $£ 150$. Both units fully operational. Phone Ken on Shrewsbury (0743) 56698 (between $3 \& 5 \mathrm{pm}$ ).
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12 K words, cassette interface, ASCII keyboard for TV set, manuals. Offers - phone Ron James on 01-388 1827 (office hours).
Verbatim Soft Sector Discs. . . $51 / 4$ ", unopened box of ten - $£ 20$. Ten used very briefly - £1.90 each. Contact D. Briers, 53 a Newlands, Pershore, Worcs.
Nascom 1. . .PSU, B-Bug Monitor, graphics board, all neatly boxed in Vero case, fully tested and working, all documentation, 3 months old - $£ 220$. Phone 01-722 2039 or 01-249 6764 .
IBM "Golfball" Typewriter. . .with punch and reader, box of spares \& accessories \& literature, metal case with tape holder. Z80 program for linking IBM printer to Exidy Sorcerer included (will require adaptation for this machine). Works, but needs overhaul to remove small faults. As is $£ 290$. Phone Porthtowan 890688.
Pet 2001 . . 8 K plus twenty or so programs (Petsoft etc) - $£ 400$ and free delivery in the London area. Contact Mr Forrester, 24 Connaught Avenue, Plymouth. Phone 075229638.
Texas T158. . .with PC100A printer, includes Master \& Leisure libraries, electrical program "Pakette", programs \& paper. $£ 200$ or S 100 boards (RAM I/O A/D etc) in exchange. Phone Garelochhead (0436) 810605 evenings/weekends.
Pet 2001-8. . nearly new, plus many games and programming aids. Only used in home - $£ 500$ o.n.o. Contact Mr Hounsell after 7 pm on 0313328913.
MK.14. . new keyboard, revised monitor, cassette interface, single step facility, instruction manual \& amendments - $£ 50$. Phone K. Hones on Sandown (0983) 405256.

TRS-80 Level II 16K. . .with lower case, shift lock and control keys (Electric Pencil use), levels $1 / 2$ and technical manuals, keyboard cover, video monitor, CTR-41 recorder with audible CLOAD/ CSAVE and AUTO/MANUAL switch for rewind etc., "Electric Pencil"' tape, "Tandy Personal Finance Package", output only RS232 interface, various other tapes - £600. Phone Dave Holloway on Asthall Leish (093 387) 241 (evenings/weekends).
Mikbug 6830 L-7 ROM.
£8 o.n.o.

Also, anybody interested in implementing Pilot or Forth on 6502? - swap ideas, etc. Contact Mr Dunnicliffe, 19a Hitchin Road, Henlow Camp, Beds. Texas TI58. . . programmable calculator. Little used, too good for me, 240 and 110 volt adaptors - £45. Contact A. Park, Laburnum Cottage, Broomhall, Nantwich, Cheshire. Phone Crewe (0270) 780608.

Pet 8 K . . .new in March 79. Inc soundbox, software, manuals, etc - $£ 500$. Phone Peter on 01-883 1560.
System 68 VDU. . cards A\&B, socketed $\&$ wired, never used: teleprinter type 28 KSR, 115 V : Bunker-Ramo type 103A1 VDU, needs new main transformer: high speed Opto. paper tape reader, 8 or 5 holes. Will sell or swop for interesting/ useful bits. Contact Chris Warwick G8DSO, 44 Wellington Road, Birmingham B20 2SB.
VDU. . .need a VDU? Come and see mine and make me an offer I can't refuse. Phone 01-794 8419.
16 Dynamic RAM chips. . $4027,250 \mathrm{nS}$ - £48. Phone 01-907 9065 any timè.

TI59. . . noughts \& crosses program on mag card $-£ 1.35$. Contact M. Lancaster, 14 Barley Cote Road, Riddlesden, Keighley, W. Yorks.
PDP8-L. . .4K mini-computer with TTY interface and full set diagnostics software. Ideal for emulation of Harris HM6100 12 -bit micro. Seen working £400. Additional 4 K memory for above fitted and working in BA08 peripheral expander unit - $£ 150$. Phone Cobb on Portsmouth (0705) 385589.
Printer Mechanism. . $80-\mathrm{col}$. impact, unused, no logic - £65.
Star devices. . .touch keyboard - $£ 30$. MK. 14 computer. . .extra RAM. manuals, new keyboard - £30.
Phone David Pearce on Biggin Hill 73585.
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Flex owriter. . . electric typewriter with integral 7 -hole paper tape punch and reader. All solenoid operated, requires 110 volt transformer, includes handbook and cet diagram - £40.
Card Reader. . Burroughs, reads 200 $80-\mathrm{col}$ cards per minute, circuits and maintenance manuals included - $£ 100$. Maintenance manual. . for IBM Selectric I/O typewriter - $£ 8$. Phone 01-449 1690, evenings.
PET 2001-32N.
complete with cassette drive, dusteover and TIS workbooks 1-6. Commodore 2040 dual dise drive, just add printer for complete business system. Plenty of software included, both still under warranty. Cost over $£ 1700$ - open to offers. Anadex printer. . . DP-8000 80-col printer, RS232C and parallel interfaces, complete with CMC Pet interface for immediate use with any Pet. Cost over $£ 700$ - open to offers. Phone P. Wright on Blythburgh (050270) 252.
77:68 4K RAM boards. .three, fully working - $£ 50$ each. Phone Leeds 771681 between 9 and 5.30 or write to David Thatcher, 2 Halfpenny Lane, Featherstone, Yorks.

Olivetti printer/terminal. . . 10cps with papertape punch/reader (similar to ASR 33), recently reconditioned - £250 o.n.o. Phone 01-455 3888, evenings. Nascom 1. . . complete, fully socketed and working, with buffer board, cased keyboard, Cannon connectors - £180 o.n.o. PSU available if required. Phone Jon on 0217433442 (Solihull) evenings/weekends.
TRS-80 Level 14 K .
complete with monitor and cassette unit, plus program library - £300 o.n.o.
Olivetti TE 500 . . printer with tape punch/reader, believed good working order, but no documentation - hence £40 o.n.o.
Video writer. Practical Wireless design 7-bit ASCII in video /UHF out - £20 o.n.o. Phone Chelmsford 84732.

Pet $2001-8 \mathrm{~K}$. . . 6 months old, plus assorted games software and BASIC manuals - £475 o.n.o. Phone 01-572 4215 , evenings.
Texas SR-56 calculator. .programmable, 100 step, with operating manual and various sample programs - £25. Contact F. R. Applewhite, 252c Porchester Road, Nottingham NG3 6HE. Apple II (ITT 2020). . 32 K RAM, cassette recorder, 30 various programs, as new with box and packing - £950 or take good Pet in part exchange. Phone Warrington (0925) 811191, after 6 pm .
Sorcerer 32 K. . . as new and complete with all cables, manuals etc. Also tape deck and technical manual. Save $£ 150$ plus by buying mine at £650. Phone Charles Thompson on 0438832737 or 0438032321 (Herts).
Sorcerer 16 K . . . in excellent condition with all accessories - £615. Also available, TV monitor, cassette recorder, $D / A$ and $A / D$ converter, library of programs and cassettes, technical manual $£ 130$. Together - $£ 715$. Phone Southport 65787/64809.
7/8" paper tape.
to clear, $£ 1.50$ per $8^{\prime \prime}$ reel (includes p\&p). Contact C. E. Brough, 21 Ashdene Gardens, Stourbridge, W. Mids DY8 5JQ.
Printer/terminal.
ASR33 teletype (Westrex) with paper tape punch/ reader, RS232 \& SWTP MP-S interface
£300 o.n.o. Phone 01-764 5999. Nascom 1. . . built and working, plus modulator, without PSU - £120. Phone Pete Overall on 062668975.
Nascom 1. . . built and tested, including PSU, mounted in stylish wooden cabinet, all manuals and programs supplied - $£ 200$ o.n.o. Contact T. D Botterill, 48 Yardley Drive, Northampton. Phone N'ton 844338.
Kilobaud and Byte. exchange your unwanted copies - SAE list. Contact Geoff Smith, 84 Edenfield Gardens, Worcester Park, Surrey KT4 7DY.
Superboard II. with 8K RAM, fully operational, mounted in custom built and professionally finished metal cabinet. Supplied with all interface cables, diagrams and manuals and program tapes. Also UHF modulator. Needs 5 V PSU - £280. Phone Mr A. D. Sellers on $058238581,9 \mathrm{am}-6 \mathrm{pm}$. Comp 80. . fully built and working Powertran W. W. Comp $80-£ 300$.

## HRANSTGIONTILE

Phone 0632650653 and ask for Geoff. Superboard II. . with 8 K RAM, complete with $5 \dot{\mathrm{~V}} \dot{5 \mathrm{~A}}$ PSU and UHF modulator - £220 o.n.o. Phone Rod on Watford (0923) 20310, evenings. Ohio Disc System. . . C2-4P with TV monitor, as illustrated in the American Data adverts, complete with many business and games discs - £950 o.n.o. Phone Lichfield (Staffs) 54515.
SC/MP II. . . in superb Vero case, 1 K byte memory mapped VDU including cursor control, $2^{1 / 2} \mathrm{~K}$ byte memory expandable to $64 \mathrm{~K}, 5 \mathrm{~V}$ PSU, 10 digit 7 -seg LED $O / P$, cassette $I / P$ \& $O / P$ interface, 16-bit I/O port with handshake mode, light touch keyboard, programs and all documentation - £125.

Contact U. Yoltay, 1 Grosvenor Gardens, London N10 (top flat).
Triton. . . includes full on board RAM (4K) and the new BASIC and monitor in ( 4 K ) of ROM; has sprayed front and rear panels, also includes cassette recorder - £400. Phone 01-805 1878, after 6 pm .
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Pet. . . new ROM set for 8K Pet. Update your machine for $£ 25$, or offer. Phone Sandwich (03046) 7209, evenings.
TRS-80 Level 2. . . numeric keypad,

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394 K $£ 950$ plus VAT. Only a few months old. Phone Henfield (Sussex) 3101.

## Wanted

Mite printer.
any condition, any price considered. Contact Mr P. Spooner, 6 Ebor Close, West Parley, Dorset BH2 2 8LZ.
Software. . . copies of CP/M library programs on $5 \frac{1 / 4}{4}$, 16 sector Micropolis quad density. Also programs for the Sorcerer: IN BASIC, machine language, on disc or cassette, or on $\mathrm{CP} / \mathrm{M}$ format disc. Phone Garelochhead $(0436): 810605$, evenings/weekends.

## DIAFIV DAIA

| Moscow, Russia | Electronic Devices Production \& Control Exhibition, 'Expocentre', 1a Sokolnichesky Val, 107113 Moscow, U.S.S.R. | Oct 11- Oct 21 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Budapest, Hungary | MIPEL - International Exhibition of Industrial Electronics. Hungarian Foreign Trade for Fairs \& Publicity, Electronics, P.O. Box 44, H-1441, Budapest. | Oct 23 - Oct 28 |
| Birmingham, England | International Business Show. BETA 109, Kingsway, London WC2B 6PU. Tel: 01-405 6233 | Oct 23-Nov 1 |
| Harrogate, England | Management Services \& Equipment Exhibition. Peter Mirrington Exhibitions, 1 The Coppice, School Rd., Kelvedon Hatch, Brentwood, Essex. CM15 6DL Tel: 027774290 | Oct 25 - Oct 26 |
| Frankfurt, W. Germany | Office Equipment Exhibition. Collins \& Endress, 36 Sackville St., London W1X 1DB. Tel: 01-734 0543 | Oct 30-Nov 2 |
| London, England | 2nd Personal Computer World Show. Montbuild Exhibitions Ltd., 11 Manchester Sq., London W1M 5AB. Tel: 01-486 1951 | Nov 1 - Nov 3 |
| Cardiff, Wales | BEX - Business Equipment Exhibition. Douglas Temple Studios Ltd., 104B Old Christchurch Rd., Bournemouth, BH1 1LR, Hants Tel: 020220533 | Nov 5 - Nov 6 |
| London, England | COMPEC - Computer Peripheral \& Small Computer Systems. Iliffe Promotions Ltd., Dorset House, Stamford St., London SE1 9LU. Tel: 01-261 8000 | Nov 6 - Nov 8 |
| Dublin, Ireland | ITRON - Irish Electronics Exhibition. SDL Exhibitions Ltd., 68 Fitwilliam Sq., Dublin 2, Ireland. Tel: Dublin 763871 | Nov 6 - Nov 8 |
| Helsinki, Finland | FINNTEC 79/ELKOM 79 - Electrical Technology \& Professional Electronics Fair. ECL Ltd, 11 Manchester Sq., London W1M 5 AB. Tel: 01-486 1951 | Nov 6 - Nov 10 |
| Munich, W. Germany | PRODUCTRONICA - International Exhibition for Electronics Production, ECL Ltd, 11 Manchester Square, London W1M 5AB. Tel: 01-486 1951 | Nov 6 - Nov 10 |
| Dunstable, England | The All Business Show. Luton and District Chamber of Commerce and Industry, George Street West, Luton LU 1 2BT. Tel: 058223456 | Nov 13-Nov 15 |
| Hamburg, W. Germany | Office Equipment Exhibition. Hamburg Fairs \& Congress Co., 238 High St., Poole Dorset BH15 1DY. Tel: 020134450 | Nov 13 - Nov 17 |
| Madrid, Spain | SIMO - International Office Equipment \& Computers Exhibition. CITEMA, Plaza de Conde de Valle Suchil 8, Madrid 15, Spain | Nov 15 - Nov 23 |
| Manchester, England | Minicomputers, Word Processors \& Copying Machines Exhibition. Groundrule Exhibition Co. 7 Market St., Altrincham, Cheshire, WA14 2QW Tel: 0619282227 | Nov 20-Nov 21 |
| London, England | Electronics '79 Show. Industrial \& Trade Fairs Ltd., Radcliffe House Blenheim Court, Solihull B91 2BG. Tel: 0217056707 | Nov $20-$ Nov 23 |
| Brussels, Belgium | International Electronics Exhibition. Brussels International Trade Fair, Palais du Centenaire, Parc des Expositions, B 1020 Brussels, Belgium | Nov 26-Dec 1 |
| Tokyo, Japan | Semicon Japan. Golden Gate Enterprises Inc., De Anza Office Center, 1307, So. Mary Ave., Suite 210, Sunnyvale, CA 94087 U.S.A. | Nov 28 - Nov 30 |
| Bucharest, Romania | SYSTEMTECHNIK - International Electronics Exhibition \& Trade Fair. Glahe. International GmbH \& Co., Herler Strasse, 91-109, P.O. Box 800349, D-500 Cologne 80. W. Germany | Dec 3-Dec 8 |
| London, England | Breadboard Exhibition (Home Electronics). Trident International Exhibitions Ltd., 23a Plymouth Rd., Tavistock, Devon, PL19 8AU. Tel: 08224671 | Dec 4-Dec 8 |
| Paris, France | International Electrical Equipment Exhibition. French Trade Exhibitions, 54 Conduit St., London W1. Tel: 01-439 3964 | Dec $10-$ Dec 15 |
| Birmingham, England | TV MEX. Montbuild Ltd., 11 Manchester Sq., London W1M 5AB. Tel: 01-486 1951 | Jan 15 - Jan 17 |
| Wembley, England | Microsystems '80 Exhibition \& Conference. Iliffe Promotions Ltd., Dorset House, Stamford St., London SE1 9LU. Tel: 01-261 8000. | Jan 30 - Feb 1 |
| Leeds, England | BEX - Business Equipment Exhibition. Douglas Temple Studios Ltd., 104b Old Christchurch Rd., Bournemouth, Dorset. Tel: 020220533 | Feb 6-Feb 7 |
| Milan, Italy | INTEL - International Electrical \& Electronic Technology Exhibition. Intel, Via Luciano Manara 1, 20122 Milan, Italy | Feb 9-Feb 13 |
| Solihull, England | Mini Computers, Word Processors \& Copying Machines Exhibition. Groundrule Exhibition Company, 7 Market Street, Altrincham, Cheshire WA14 2QW. Tel: 0619282227 | Feb 12-Feb 13 |

$\left.\begin{array}{llll}\hline \text { London, England } & \begin{array}{l}\text { Business Computing, Word Processing \& Information Mgt., Exhibition \& } \\ \text { Conference. BED Exhibitions Ltd., Bridge House, Restmor Way, Walling- } \\ \text { ton, Surrey. SM6 7BZ. Tel: 01-647 1001 }\end{array} & \text { Feb 12-Feb 15 } \\ \hline \text { Wembley, England } & \begin{array}{l}\text { INFO EUROPE - European Information Management Exhibition \& } \\ \text { Conference. Clapp \& Poliak Europe Ltd., 232 Acton Lane, London }\end{array} & \text { Feb 18-Feb 21 } \\ & \text { W4 5DL. Tel: 01-995 4806 }\end{array}\right]$

## COMPETITIONSROUND-UP

One of the less appreciated inheritances for the new team at PCW was a collection of hitherto unresolved competitions. We believe, after some hours of research, that five (and possibly six) sets of results are outstanding (!) - please let us know if you spot others - and of those, at least two still require their instigators to pass judgement. They are: "Puzzle Dazzle 2", set in the February '79 issue; "'Alphametics" set in the May ' 79 issue. Others, which we can deal with now, are: "Magic Squares", set by Sheridan Williams in the June 79 issue: "Knight's Tour", again set by Sheridan Williams, this time in the January ' 79 issue; finally, "Witbit 1 " set by David Parkinson and Graham Trott in the June '79 issue.

It's obviously most unfair that the winners be kept waiting any longer. However, it'll come as no surprise to everyone to learn that the outlining of all these reports would take up far more space than any one PCW issue could possibly donate (not to mention the possibility of our readers going down with a nasty bout of 'competition overkill').

Therefore, this month we are restricting ourselves to little more
than a round-up of results although, through later issues, we hope eventually to publish a much fuller analysis.

## KNIGHT'S TOUR

The problem was to find a complete tour of the chessboard for a knight, so that the piece visits, in turn, every square on the board once, and once only.

Sheridan had purposely set a difficult competition. . . and yet the entries still came flooding in. Joint winners (£10 each) are Philip Crane of Romford in Essex and Brian Legg of Bishops Stortford in Hertfordshire. The run times of the two programs were 3.87 seconds and 2.36 seconds, respectively.

## MAGIC SQUARES

The problem here was to find a magic square that satisfies the following conditions: (1) It comprises of 2 -digit numbers (zeroes not allowed)(2) It's a $3 \times 3$ square (3) When the digits are reversed, another magic square is produced with none of the original numbers reappearing (4) The sum of the two magic constants is less than 200.

A prize was offered for the first correct entry supported by BASIC
program. The solution was as follows:

| 13 | 34 | 25 |  | 31 | 43 | 52 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 36 | 24 | 12 |  | 63 | 42 | 21 |
| 23 | 14 | 35 | ersed | 32 | 41 | 53 |
| $\mathrm{MC}=72$ |  |  |  | $\mathrm{MC}=126$ |  |  |

The winner is: Mr O. M. Dixon of Alverstoke in Hampshire, who receives £10. A consolation prize of $£ 5$ goes to Mr C. Palmer of Bradford, Yorkshire who, although not first out of the 'hat', submitted the best entry.

## WITBIT

The problem set was to write a short subroutine for an editor to execute a "Find string" command.

Solutions were accepted in Z80 and 6800 code, prizes to be awarded to the winners of each section. Z80. First prize (£10) goes to Mr J . Robertson of East Kilbride, Scotland for his neat solution which uses the minimum of temporary storage. Second prize (£5) goes to David MedlandSlater of Farnborough in Hampshire. 6800. Only four entries received in this section! Winner (£10) is Martin Bond of Didsbury, Lancashire and runner-up (£5), John Phillips of Saltash, Cornwall.

## Cryptic clue

Re September Issue 1979, Spaceship FX201-P . I have an entry for your diversions and puzzles page.

With reference to the above article:-
A Try and figure out how the list of step numbers applies to the program. B Make a list of incorrect function signs.
C Fill in the missing line which would give answer 4 your new radial distance.

I would be most grateful if you could send me the same copy that Dick Pountain wrote his review from. E. Fernie, Enfield, Middx Okay, pax. Corrections to Spaceship FX201-P in Blunders at the end of our Programs section.

## Faith healing

Further to my letter of 1st June, 1979, concerning difficulties I have experienced in obtaining a MPS 6550 memory chip for my Commodore PET. I now have the greatest pleasure to inform you of the remedy.. . a small shop in the town of Luton, Bedfordshire, called IsherWoods. I rang them and explained my problem and was told that they had the devices in stock. I was invited to take my PET over to them where they could test the device in situ.

Once at the shop I was received by their Wizard, John Rees, who operates in a well-organised (you should see mine) workshop with an air of calm confidence and rather like a slow-motion Magnus Pyke. That he knows what he is doing is evident from the constant flow of people seeking his advice and leaving satisfied. I was invited to participate in the operation (painless) but the best part was enjoying the interesting chat seeded with snippets of valuable information.

The Wizard introduced me to the Vizier, Ian Wade who is their Divisional Controller and obviously knows a lot more about the aspects of hard and software than he is telling! If you wish to discuss the purchase of either he is in an ideal position to give you the "low down" on it. I wonder how many persons in his position can say the same.

Throughout my visit I was impressed with the atmos-
phere of friendly co-operation and enthusiasm and I strongly urge anyone in the vicinity, to drop in and say hello. This really is an unsolicited testimonial; unless Isher-Woods reads your worthy publication they will never know about it.
S.R. Somers, Aylesbury Well earned "plugs" we never mind repeating $-E d$.

## Punter postscript 1

I read with interest "The Programmed Punter" by Dr. M.R.J. Morgan in the July issue of PCW. I was surprised at the low limits on the value of the permutations he could calculate until I realised that he calculated them from three factorials.

This is a very long winded and restricting method as many terms in the fraction always cancel out. To take his example:

$$
\frac{8!}{3!\times 5!}
$$

$8 \times 7 \times 6 \times 5 \times 4 \times 3 \times 2 \times 1$
$(3 \times 2 \times 1) \times(5 \times 4 \times 3 \times 2 \times 1)$

$$
=\frac{8 \times 7 \times 6}{3 \times 2 \times 1}
$$

The subroutine at line 1000 in the program below calculates the permutations this way cancelling the larger factorial on the bottom into the top.
10 REM *** BINOMIAL CO-EFFICIENTS ***
20 INPUT "M, N"; M, N
30 IF M $=0$ THEN END
30 IF M $=0$ THEN END
40 GOSUB 1000
50 PRINT C
1000 REM \$1\$ BIN CO \$1\$
1010 IF M-N $>=$ N GOTO 1030
$1020 \mathrm{~N}=\mathrm{M}-\mathrm{N}$
$1030 \mathrm{C}=\mathrm{M}$
$1040 \mathrm{IF} \mathrm{N}=1$ GOTO 1090
$1050 \mathrm{Ml}=\mathrm{M}+1$
1060 FOR I=2 TON
$1070 \mathrm{C}=\mathrm{C}^{*}(\mathrm{M} 1-\mathrm{I}) \mathrm{I}$
1080 NEXT I
1090 RETURN
This program will allow your readers to see how large they can get M and N on their systems. With M=122 I can do all values of N although my RML380Z overflows at about $10^{38}$
Hugh Williams (Past Chairman MUSE) West Bridgeford, Nottingham

## Punter postscript 2

In Dr Morgan's short article "The Programmed Punter" (July PCW) he used the formula M !/N! (M-N)! which gives the number of combina-
tions of N objects that can be chosen from M unlike objects. ABC and ACB are different permutations of the same combination of letters.

An alternative way of calculating the number of possible combinations, other than evaluating the three factorials as that program does, uses the fact that the coefficients of the binomial expansion $(\mathrm{x}+\mathrm{y})^{\mathrm{M}}$, are the number of combinations of $0,1,2, \ldots, \mathrm{M}$ objects from M objects. For example, the coefficients of the terms of $(x+y)^{7}$ are $1,7,21,35,35,21,7,1$ so there are 21 possible combinations of 2 objects from 7 objects.

Successive coefficients are related by:

$$
{ }^{m_{C_{n}}} /{ }^{m_{C}}{ }_{n-1}
$$

$=m!/ n!(m-n)!x(n-1)!(m-n+1)!/ m!$

$$
\begin{gathered}
{ }^{7} \mathrm{C}_{3} /{ }^{7} \mathrm{C}_{2}=35 / 21=5 / 3=(7-3+1) / 3 \\
\text { so } \mathrm{m}_{\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{n}}}=\mathrm{m}_{\mathrm{C}-1} \times(\mathrm{m}-\mathrm{n}+1) / \mathrm{n}
\end{gathered}
$$

As ${ }^{m_{C}} C_{0}=1$, the number of combinations can be evaluated by successively multiply. ing by (M-I+1)/I where $\mathrm{I}=1,2$, ...,N. A program, assuming that the data is always correct being:
10 INPUT M,N
$20 \mathrm{C}=1$
30 FOR I=1 TO N
$40 \mathrm{C}=\mathrm{C}^{*}(\mathrm{M}-\mathrm{I}+1) / \mathrm{I}$
50 NEXT I
60 PRINT C
$\mathrm{As}{ }^{\mathrm{m}_{\mathrm{C}}}=\mathrm{m}_{\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{m}-\mathrm{n}} \text { another }}$ line could be added to increase the efficiency of the program
15 IF M-N $<$ N THEN $\mathrm{N}=$ M-N

Using this algorithm, our RM 380Z, using DBAS12, can evaluate the number of combinations of N objects from 123 objects to an accuracy of 10 significant figures. Some results for values of $M$ greater than this can be obtained, but the greater M is, the smaller N has to be. When $\mathrm{M}=300, \mathrm{~N}$ can only be 26 or less. Using the formula for the number of combinations directly, the greatest value of M is 33 .

The formula for the number of permutations of N objects chosen from $M$ unlike objects is $\mathrm{M}!/(\mathrm{M}-\mathrm{N})$ ! and a similar method of evaluation can be used that does not involve working out factorials.

As the order in which multiplication and division are executed does not matter, it is worth investigating to see if the equivalent statement
$\mathrm{C}=\mathrm{C} / \mathrm{I} *(\mathrm{~N}-\mathrm{I}+1)$ will enable greater values of $M$ to be evaluated.
Peter Butt, Chadwell Heath, Essex.

## MK14 sound out

In musical or noise generating applications of the Science of Cambridge SC/MP based Mk. 14 microcomputer, a crystal microphone insert may be used as a high impedance loudspeaker, driven directly by the logic levels at the flag outputs of SC/MP. The prototype used an ACOS type MIC-43 connected as shown below.
flag 1 (32)

The brief program listed here may be used to generate a sound to test the set up. It operates by incrementing a store, loading the result to the Status (flag) Register, and also using the result as a parameter for a variable delay before jumping back to the start. The program is written in locations 0F20 to 0F26 inclusive with 0F1F as a store but it is relocatable to any eight contiguous locations in RAM. The type of output sound may be varied by altering the delay base number in location 0F24.

| 0F1F | 00 | Store: |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 0F20 | A8FE | Start: | ILD Store |
| 0F22 | 07 |  | CAS |
| 0F23 | 8F00 |  | DLY |
| 0F25 | 90F9 |  | JMP Start |
|  | 0000 |  | .END |

See the Mk. 14 User Manual Music section for more ambitious programs using this circuit.
T. J. Spriggs, Havant

## Dodgy delays

The SC/MP micro-processor has a DELAY instruction (opcode 8 F ) which provides a pause, corresponding to a specified number of microcycles, with very simple software. (In the 6800 MPU , we have to write a short subroutine to achieve the same effect).

In the manual for the Mk. 14 (which uses the SC/MP chip) there are programs (on Pages 65 and 66)
for Serial Data Input and Serial Data Output. These programs use the DELAY instruction. In a program I wrote, similar to the Serial Input program, I found that the constants for the DELAY operation suggested in the Mk. 14 programs, were not correct. My program worked correctly when the constants were changed to values which were found after some experiments guided by theory.

Page 64 of the manual gives a table for delay constants based on a frequency of 4 MHz . These constants are used in the Mk. 14 program for Serial Data Input. But the Mk. 14 works in association with a crystal which has a frequency of 4.433618 MHz (this is the value stamped on the casing of the crystal). It would therefore seem to be wrong to use the constants in the table.
In my project, I was working at 300 baud, the "bit time" is 3.333 milliseconds. For this condition, the table suggests
$" \mathrm{C} 45 \mathrm{E}$
$8 \mathrm{~F} 03 "$

This means "Load 5E into the accumulator and set the displacement in the DELAY instruction to 06"

This leads to a delay of $n$ microcycles, where $n$ is given by $13+2 \times$ (accumulator) + 2 x displacement $+2^{9} \mathrm{x}$ displacement; i.e.
$13+2 \times 5 \mathrm{E}+2 \times 6+512 \times 6$.
This statement is somewhat confusing in that decimal numbers are mixed with hexadecimal. " 5 E " in hex means " 94 " in decimal. Thus $\mathrm{n}=$
$13+188+12+3072$ $=3285$ microcycles.

At a frequency of 4 MHz , one microcycle lasts 1 microsecond. The delay is thus 3.285 milliseconds.

We require 3.333 milliseconds. This leaves 48 microcycles for the SC/MP instructions - a reasonable figure.

However, when SC/MP is working at 4.433618 MHz , the delay corresponding to 3285 microcycles is

3285 x

## $\frac{4}{433618}$

i.e. 2.9637 milliseconds.

For my project, I found that the program would work with
"C4 22,
The constants were chosen
by taking the mean of the upper and lower limits of the delays found to be satisfactory.

Because of the synchronising action of the START and STOP bits in the program, there is a certain range within which operation is satisfactory. With
" 8 F 07" the program would work with values stored in the accumulator varying from 00 to 44 (in hex).

In addition to changing the constants for "bit time" I changed those required for "half bit time". To save space, those changes will not be mentioned here. The purpose of this letter is to suggest that values in a table intended for a frequency of 4 MHz should not be applied to an MPU working at
4.433618 MHz .

Tom Palmer, Kew
We rang Science of Cambridge who confirm your observations. They did point out, however, that since January they have incorporated a genuine 4 MHz crystal. They also mentioned that their manual page numbers have changed following a recent update so you may find Tom's references different to your own. One last thing - they also told us that because the input and output routines use the same byte in memory, spurious data can find its way onto the output line as it is displaced by incoming data. You can work out your own solution to this by either dealing with the content of this byte before a read or by 'gate'-ing the output. -Ed.

## Pascal possibilities

Alex Cawley's letter in your September Issue gives incorrect information concerning the availability of PASCAL Compiler RAM requirements.

Our company has a 3 Pass PASCAL Compiler designed for the RCA 1802 Microprocessor which runs in a 20K RAM System with Floppy Discs. This Compiler, whilst designed for the 1802 family, can be adapted to other microprocessors by alteration of the 2 K run time kernel to suit the required instruction set.

The 2 K interpreter makes application programs as smal as 3 K a practical possibility;
the package is designed to appeal to the professional and industrial user looking for minimum read only memory costs.
M. J. Dalgleish, Golden River Company, Bicester

## Routine business

I read an aritcle in PCW recently describing Dr. Roger Quy's 380 Z system at the National Hospital's Institute of Neurology. In it, Dr. Quy was quoted as saying that he had found PCW to be a useful source of assembler multiplication and division routines. As a fairly recent convert to PCW and a new user of a 380 Z , I should like to track down these routines. I wonder if you can quote me chapter and verse? I'd be very grateful.
Mrs A M Guenault, Lancaster We rang Dr. Quy and, with his help, tracked down an article by Neil Harrison in volume 1 number 2. It's called 'Four Easy Pieces' and in it, among other things, he describes a multiplication routine. He thinks that his division routines came out of a hardware manual -Ed.

## Was ist das?

I would be grateful if you could kindly inform me of any computer that translates German into English, it would also be a great help if you could supply the companies' names and addresses.
PS I do take your magazine. H. Thomas, Shirehampton, Bristol.
Nice to hear from another discerning reader! The company distributing translators in the UK is Lexicon. Their head office is in Parliament Street, London (Tel: 01-930 3030). They supply to shops all over the country - the nearest one to you is probably Communications Imports in Cheltenham. The phone number there is 0242 41173. It is probably worth noting that the translator has a repertoire of some 1500 words and translates word for word in the present tense, first person singular. Therefore, although it's no replacement for a human interpreter, it does provide a very useful means of communication. One last thing - price; a Lexicon

3000 with one language module of your choice costs $£ 148+15 \%$ VAT. Each additional module costs $£ 32.95+15 \%$ VAT. Each module plugs in and allows translation in either direction.
Stop Press: Lexicon have just announced that they are selling 'personal program' modules - you can store recipes, 'phone numbers jokes etc. - Ed.

## Sorcerertips <br> Despite claims to the

 contrary, there is no GET statement in Sorcerer BASIC. It is, however, possible to simulate a GET statement using a machine code routine that is POKE'd in from BASIC.The statements are as follows:
firstly,
FOR X $=1$ to 14
READ W
POKE $223+\mathrm{X}$, W
NEXT X
DATA $62,0,50,240,0,205$, 9, 224, 200, 50, 240, 0, 201, 0.
then,
POKE 260, 224
POKE 261, 0
To use this routine:
$\mathrm{V}=\operatorname{USR}(0): \mathrm{A}=\operatorname{PEEK}(240)$ A now has the value of the ASC11 code of the last key to be pressed.
If no key is pressed then $\mathrm{A}=0$.
An example is shown below:

```
10 PRINT "DO YOU WANT TO CONTINUE"
30 IF A = O THEN 20 PEEK (240)
40 IF A = ASC ("Y") THEN }8
40 IF A = ASC ("Y") THEN 80
50 IF A = ASC ("N") THEN 100
70 GO TO 20
80 REM Do something
90 GO TO 10
100 END
```

To control a printer from BASIC, rather than from the monitor, USE the output vectors:

7FD0 H 32720 D and 7 FD 1 H 32721 D
The contents of these locations will change depending on the output option selected. To turn on the line printer (Centronics) POKE 32720,147 and to switch it off again POKE 32720 , 240. (A word of warning, we've found that if we mess about in the monitor before executing POKE 32720 , 147 we lose our program entirely - some caution is needed). Rob Beynon, Liverpool University.


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PERI PERI
£6.00


## Reactions

I can see that the major problem about this page is going to be finding space to print all the good stuff that comes in. We have given some thought to this problem and perhaps there is a place for publishing a whole selection of programs in book form in addition to the regular page in PCW. Anyway that remains to be seen. Also, of course, we are able to "overflow" into the Programs section.

However, I have only had one reply to my request for an idiot proof input subroutine, but I guess that may be because of the misprints which made the idea a little difficult to follow! I will leave that topic open for a while in the hope that others will try.

## Calculator programmes

I've been surprised at the number of calculator programs sent in. S.P Tait (17) is an apprentice with Marconi Communications Systems in Chelmsford and he has submitted five programs for the T157. One uses Kirchoff's and Ohm's laws, one plays pontoon. The other three deal with Matrix Multiplication, Number Base Conversion and a version of Mastermind. One of his programs is printed below.

## Numberbase conversion

| STO 2 | 322 |
| :---: | :---: |
| R/S | 81 |
| STO 0 | 320 |
| R/S | 81 |
| STO 5 | 325 |
| RCL 2 | 332 |
| LBL 1 | 861 |
| STO 2 | 322 |
| 1 | 01 |
| STO 3 | 323 |
| LBL 6 | 866 |
| RCL 5 | 335 |
| INV PROD 2 | -392 |
| X | 55 |
| RCL 2 | 332 |
| INV INT | -49 |
| INV SUM 2 | -342 |
| X | 55 |
| RCL 3 | 333 |
| = | 85 |
| SUM 1 | 341 |
| RCL 0 | 330 |
| PROD 3 | 390 |
| RCL 2 | 332 |
| $\mathrm{X}=\mathrm{T}$ | -66 |
| GOTO 6 | 516 |
| RCL T | 331 |
| INV SUM 1 | -341 |
| R/S | 81 |
| RST | 71 |

The program converts any integer in any base 1 to 10 to decimal or any decimal integer to any base 1 to 10
To use the program enter the number then R/S. Enter the base of the first number then R/S, then enter the base of the result followed by R/S.

## CESIL

Undoubtedly the most interesting letter this month came from Richard Clyne (15) of London SW11. He has written a CESIL interpreter in BASIC. CESIL is a language which makes the computer behave like a very simple machine and
illustrates how an assembler works. Space does not permit a detailed explanation of how to work the program but it's fairly obvious. It was not the length of the program that was impressive but rather the fact that it was so clearly set out and easy to use. Richard's program was written to run on the ILEA RSTS Systime 6000 but it will be easy to alter the file handling for other systems. A fine piece of work.

See you at the show and in the meantime keep sending me useful bits and pieces. My address is Laxton House, Oundle, Peterborough PE8 4AQ. Thanks.

## Program listing

```
CESIL 13:37 13-SEP-79
10 RANDOMIZE
20 PRINT " MODES AVAILABLE :"
30 PRINT TAB(10)," (1) INPUTING A PROGRAM"
40 PRINT TAB(10),", (2) LISTING A PROGRAM""
50 PRINT TAB(1.0),", (3) EDITING A PROGRAM",
60 PRINT TAB(10)," (4) RUNNING A PROGRAM"
70 PRINT TAB(10)," (5) RECALLS A SAVED PROGRAM"
70 PRINT TAB(10),",
80 PRINT TAB(10),"" (6) INDEX OF ALL SAU
90 PRINT TAB(10)," (8) LIST OF VARIABLES'
100 PRINT TAB(10),"" (8) LIST OF VARIABLES
110 PRINT TAB(10),"" (9) LIST OF LABELS'
120 PRINT TAB(10)," (10) DELETING A PROGRAM"
1,30 DIM C$[ 3, 200],L[200],L$[200],V$[200],V[200], P$[100]
131 DIM D[100]
140 PRINT: INPUT "MODE";M
150 IF M>10 GOTO 20
- 160 M= INT (M)
170 IF A9>A6 THEN AG=A9
180 IF M>7 GOTO 1940
190 ON M GOTO 200,310,410,530,1530,1610,1710,1950
200 OPEN 'KB:'FOR INPUT AS FILE 9%
210 A9=1
220 INPUT #9,"L<";CS(1,A9)
230 IF C$(1,A9)="END"GOTO 290
240 INPUT #9,"C<";C$(2,A9)
245 IF C$(2,A9)="DATA" GOTO 301
250 INPUT #9,"A<";C$(3,A9)
260 PRINT
270 A9=A9+1
80 GOTO 220
290 ClOSE #9
300 GOTO 140
301 INPUT "HOW MANY DATA ITEMS"; D:FOR DI=1 TO D:INPUT #9,D(DI):NEXT DI
302 D2=D
303 GOTO 140
310 ! LISTING PROGRAM (CESIL)
320 PRINT: PRINT
330 PRINT \becauseCABD NUMBER",
340 PRINT "LABEL", "C OMMAND", "LABEL /VARI AbLE"
350 A9 =1
360 IF CS(1,A9)= "END" GOTO 140
375 IF C$(2,A9)="DATA" GOTO 401
377 PRINT A9,
380 PRINT C$(1,A9),C$(2,A9),C$(3,A9)
390. A9=A9+1
400 GOTO 360
401 PRINT "DATA",: PRINT D(D); FOR D=1 TO D2
402 GOTO 140
410 ! ****
420 A9=1
440 INPUT "ADD MORE";Y$
450 IF LEFT(Y$,1)= 'Y'" GOTO 220 ELSE GOTO 140
460 PRINT C$(1,A9),C$(2,A9),C$(3,A9)
470 INPUT "KEEP" ; E$
480 IF ES="E" GOTO 140
490 IF ES="C" GOTO 500 ELSE A9=A9 +1: GOT0430
500 INPUT C$(1,A9),C$(2,A9),C$(3,A.9)
510 A9=A9 +1
520 GOTO 430
```


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$530 \mathrm{~L}=1: \mathrm{D}=1$
540 FOR AB=1 TO A6-1
550 IF $C \$(1, A 8)=\cdots \operatorname{GOTO57O}$
$560 \mathrm{~L} \$(\mathrm{~L})=\mathrm{CS}(1, A 8): L(L)=A 8: L=L+1$
570 NEXT AB

- $\begin{aligned} & 580 \\ & 590 \\ & 59 \\ & \\ & \\ & \mathrm{~V}=1\end{aligned}$
$590 \quad \mathrm{~V}=1$
600 FOR AB=1 TO A6-1
610 V9 $\$=C \Phi(2, A 8)$
620 IF'V9 $\$=$ "STORE" GOTO 650
630 NEXTAB
640 GOTO 680
650 V9 \$ $=\operatorname{LEFT}(\operatorname{CS}(3, A 8), 1)$
660 IF V9 $\$="+"$ OR V9 $\$="-"$ GOTO 630
$670 \quad V \$(V)=C S(3, A B): V=V+1: G 0 T O \quad 630$
$680 \mathrm{~V}(0)=\mathrm{V}$
$690 \quad P=1$
$700 \mathrm{~A}=\mathrm{INT}(\mathrm{A})$
$710 \mathrm{Xs}=\operatorname{Cs}(2, P)$
720 IF Xs="IN" GOTO 890
730 IF XS="OUT" GOTO 920
740 IF Xs="HALT" GOTO 950
- 750 IF $\mathrm{XS}=$ "LOAD" GOTO 980

760 IF XS= "JIZERRO" GOTO 1090

- 780 IF XS="JUMP" GOTO 1140

790 IF $\times$ S="STORE" GOTO 1210
gOO IF XS="PRINT" GOTO 1270

- 810 IF XS="LINE" GOTO 1290

820 IF Xs="ADD" GOTO 1310
830 IF X $\$=$ "SUBTRACT" GOTO 1340
830 IF XS="SUBTRACT" GOTO 1370
840 IF XS="MULTIPLY" GOTO 1370
850 IF Xs="DIVIDE" GOTO 1400

- 860 IF $\operatorname{Cs}(2, P)=\cdots$ GOTO140

870 PRINT CS(2,P);" IS NOT A LEGAL COMAND
880 PRINT"EDIT IT OUTI":GOT0140

- $890 \mathrm{~A}=\mathrm{D}(\mathrm{D}): \mathrm{D}=\mathrm{D}+1$
$900 \mathrm{P}=\mathrm{P}+1$
910 GOTO 700
920 PRINT A;
$930 \mathrm{P}=\mathrm{p}+1$
940 GOTO 700
950 GOTO 130
$960 \mathrm{PaP}+1$
970 GOTO 700
$98 \mathrm{~J} \$=\mathrm{C}(3, \mathrm{~F})$
990 IF LEFT (J\&,1)="+" OR LEFT(J\$,1)="-" GOTO1060
- 1000 fOR A9=1 to V(U)

1010 IF C\$(3, P)=V\$(A9) GOTO 1040
1020 NEXT A9: P=P+1
1030 GOTO 700 !NEVER REACHED
$1040 \mathrm{~A}=\mathrm{V}$ (A9)
$1050 \mathrm{P}=\mathrm{P}+1$ : GOTO 700
1060 A $=\operatorname{VAL}($ RIGHT(J\$,LEN(J§)-1))
1070 IF LEFT $(J \$, 1)="-"$ THEN $A=-(A)$

- $1080 \mathrm{P}=\mathrm{P}+1$ 1:G0T0 700

1090 IF A=O GOTO 1140
$11.00 \mathrm{P}=\mathrm{P}+1$
-
$1120 \mathrm{IF} \mathrm{A}<0$ GOTO 1140
11140 FOR ABE1 700
1140 FOR AB=1 TO L( 0 )
$1150 \mathrm{IFCS}(3, \mathrm{P})=\mathrm{L} \Phi(\mathrm{AB})$ GOTO 1190
1160 NEXT A8
1170 PRINT"LABEL ERROR CAPD"; P
1180 GOTO 140

- 1190 G=L(A8)

1200 GOTO 700
1210 FOR A7 $=1$ TO V(0)

- 1220 IF US(A7) $=$ CS(3, P) GOTO 1260

1230 NEXT A7
1240 PRINT "VARIAELE ERROR! CARD"; F

- 1250 GOTO 140
$1260 \quad \mathrm{~V}(\mathrm{~A} 7)=\mathrm{A}: \mathrm{P}=\mathrm{P}+1:$ GOT0700
1270 PRINT C\$(3,P);
$1280 \mathrm{P}=\mathrm{P}+1$ : GOTO 700
1290 PRINT
1300 P $P=P+1$ : GOTO. 700
1310 GOSUB 1430
$1320 \mathrm{~A}=\mathrm{A}+\mathrm{T}$
$1330 \mathrm{P}=\mathrm{P}+1$ : GOTO 700
1340 GOSUB 1430
$1350 \mathrm{~A}=\mathrm{A}-\mathrm{T}$
$1360 \mathrm{P}=\mathrm{P}+1$ : GOTO 700
1390 GOSUB 1430
$1380 \quad A=A * T$
$1390 \mathrm{P}=\mathrm{P}+1$ : GOTO 7.00
1400 Gorub 1430
1400 GOYU 14
$1420 \mathrm{P}=\mathrm{P}+1$ : GOTO 700
$1420 \quad \mathrm{P}=\mathrm{P}+1: \mathrm{GOTO}$
$1430 \mathrm{~J}=\operatorname{CS}(3, \mathrm{P})$
$1440 \operatorname{IF} \operatorname{LEFT}\left(\mathrm{~J}, \mathrm{~L}^{2}\right)="+" \operatorname{OR~LEFT}(\mathrm{~J}, 1)="-"$ GOTO 1500
1450 FOR A7 = 1 TO $V(0)$
1460 IF VS (A7) =J S GOTO 1490
- 1470 NEXT A7

1480 PRINT" VAFIABLE ERROR!!!!(MATH FUNCTI ON) CARD"; P: GOTO140 $1490 \mathrm{~T}=\mathrm{V}(\mathrm{A} 7)$ : RETURN

- $1500 \mathrm{~T}=\mathrm{VaL}(\mathrm{RI} \operatorname{GHT}(J \$, \operatorname{LEN}(J \$)-1)$ )

1510 IF LEFT (JS, 1 ) $=$ " - " THEN $T=-(T)$
1520 RETURN

- 1530 INPUT "PROGRAM NAME"; PS

1540 OPEN PS FOR INPUT AS FILE 1\%
$1550 \mathrm{~V}=1$

- 1560 InPUT \#1,C玉(1,V)

1570 IF CS(1, 1 )="END" GOTO 1590
1580 INPUT\#1,CS(2,V):INPUT \#1, C\$(3,V):V=U+1:GOTO 1560
1590 CLOSE\# 1

## Piocerains

```
1600 GOTO130
1610 OPEN 'INDEX' FOR INPUT AS FILE 1%
```

1620 A=INT (RND*6) +7
1630 PRINT TAB(A), "CESIL PROGRAMS"
1640 INPUT $1, J$
1640 INPUT $1, \mathrm{~J}$
1650 FOR $05=1$ TO J
1650 FOR 05 7 TO
1660 INPUT $\# 1$, PS
1660 INPUT \#1, P
1670 PRINT PS
1680 NEXT 05
1690 CLOSE \#1
1700 GOTO 130

- 17 10 INPUTVPROGFALI NATEII; FS
1720 OPEN PS FOR OUTPUT AS FILE $1 \%$
1730 FOR A7 $=1$ TO A6
1740 PRINT \#1, C $\$(1, A 7)$
1750 PRINT *1, C\$(2,A7)
1760 PRINT \#1, C\$(3,A7)
1770 NEXT AT
1780 PRINT \#1,"END"
1790 CLOSE \#1
1800 OPEN'INDEX' FOR INPUT AS FILE 1\%
1810 INPUT \#1, J
1820 FOR $A=1$ TO J
1830 INPUT \#1,PS(A)
1840 NEXT
1850 CLOSE \#1.
$1860 \mathrm{P} \$(\mathrm{~J}+1)=\mathrm{PS}$
1870 OPEN •INDEX' FOR OUTPUT AS FILE 1\%
1880 PRINT \#1, J+1
1890 FOR $A=1$ TO $\mathrm{J}+1$
1900 PRINT \#1, P\$(A)
1900 PRINT
1920 CLOSE \#1
1930 GOTO 130
1940 ON M-7 GOTO 1950, 2070, 2110
1950 ! LIST OF VARIABLES
$1960 \quad 2=1$
1970 FOR $X=1$ TO V(O)
1980 FOR $Y=1$ TO X-1
1990 IF V\$ $(X)=V 9 \$(X)$ GOTO 2030
2000 NEXT Y
2010 v9 $\$(Z)=v s(x): v 9(Z)=v(x)$
$2020 \quad \mathrm{z}=\mathrm{z}+1$
2030 NEXT $X$
2040 PRINT
2040 PRINT "VARIABLE", "CONTENTS"
2050 PRIINT V9 $\$(X)$, V $9(X)$ FOR $X=1$ TO Z-1
2060 GOTO 130
2070 LIST OF LABELS
2080 PRINT"CARD", "LABEL"
2090 PRINT $L(Z), L \$(Z) F O R Z=1$ TO L(O)-1
2100 GOTO 130
2110 !DELETEING A FILE
2120 INPUT"PROGRAM TO DELETE"; PS
2130 OPEN'INDEX'FOR OUTPIIT AS FILE 1\%
2140 INPUT \#1,J
2150 FOR $X=1$ TO J
2160 INPUT \#1,P\$(X)
2170 IF $\mathrm{PS}=\mathrm{PS}(\mathrm{X})$ THEN 2210
2180 NEXT X
2190 PRINT"NO SUCH PROGRAM"
2200 GOTO 130
2210 INPUT \#1, P\$(X)
2220 FOR $Y=X+1$ TO
2230 -INPUT \#1,PS(Y)
2240 NEXT Y
2250 CLOSE \#
2260 KILL PS
2270 OPEN'INDEX•FOR OUTPUT AS FILE1\%
2280 PRINT \#1, J-1
2290 FOR $X=1$ TO J-1
2300 PRINT \#1, P\$(X)
2310 NEXT X
2320 CLOSE
2320 CLOSE 11
2330 GOTO 130
32627 END


## BZLLS: WHISTLES

Recently PCW has received several cassette handling programs and subroutines. Here are two which should prove particularly useful. '.

## READ/WRITE ROUTINES

Thomas Turnbull, PETSOFT consultant presents a method for reading and writing PET data files without error.

This method gives close to $100 \%$ reliability. It involves two subroutines to increase the gap between data blocks written to tape, thus allowing the machine to read back all the data without dropping a single block. Remember, if a block that is lost contains an EOT or EOF the computer will crash with hardly any hope of recovery.

My subroutine starts at line 5000 for tape 1 and line 6000 for tape 2.

These subroutines need only be used on PRINT files (not READ files). Before opening a print file to CASSETTE 1 have the following POKE commands:
10 POKE 244,2:POKE 243,122:open 1,1,1
This is the POKE command for CASSETTE 2:
20 POKE 244,3:POKE 243, 58:OPEN 3,2,1

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These POKE commands tell the PET which buffer it is to use and make sure that a proper tape header is written. If this is not done you will be unable to open that file for read operations. These POKE commands need only be put before the open statements and
nowhere else in the print file used.
To use these subroutines you must GOSUB 5000 for tape 1 or GOSUB 6000 for tape 2 after every print to the file.
Here is an example:

```
- 40 PRINT*1,A\$:GOSUB5000:REM THIS IS FOR TAPE 1
    TAPE 1
    5000 IF PEEK(625)<180 THEN RETURN:REM LOCATION
        625 IS THE TAPE 1 BUFFER COUNTER
5010 POKE59411,53:T=TI:REM POKEING LOCATION
        59411 WITH 53 STARTS TAPE 1 MOTOR RUNNING
        5020 IF TI-T<6 THEN 5020:REM THIS SETS TAPE
        RUNNING FOR 1/10TH SECOND INCREASING GAP
        POKE59411,61:RETURN:REM THIS POKE COMMAND
        SWITCHES CASSETTE 1 OFF
        TAPE 2
        6000 IF PEEK (626) < 180 THEN RETURN: REM LOCATION
        626 IS BUFFER FOR TAPE 2
        6010 POKE 59456,207:T=TI:REM THIS STARTS CASSETTE
        2 MOTOR
    6030 IF TI-T<6 THEN 6030
6040 POKE 59456,223:RETURN
```

All PETSOFT programs that use files have this subroutine included and they are very reliable in use.

The reason that the buffer is made to check the number 180, and not 191 as you would expect, is because this keeps the motor running in small
starts until the buffer is finally emptied. Once empty, there is no need for the tape recorder to build up to writing speed as it will already be at the right speed and the data will be written at the correct rate.

## GLITCH FREE LOADING

by J. Luxford

This is written for NASCOM 1 users but the principles described may be easily applied to other micros.
Problem:
You have a cassette written on another recorder which (due to incompatible head alignment, speed differences or poor tape quality) will not give error free program loading. You do not have listings in order to make manual corrections and, anyway, even if you did there may be too many. What to do?

## Solution:

1. Load the corrector program in a disused location.

2 Clean the tape recorder heads. 3 Load as normal, (keep a note of errors). We will call the memory block just loaded block 1.
4 Copy block 1 to a free memory area. Call this area block 2.
5 Re-run the tape, reloading block 1 to free memory area. Call this block 3.
6 Re-run the tape, reloading block 1 7 Execute the corrector program. If there are any remaining errors the faulty locations will be listed. If none are listed the program is loaded.
8 If errors still exist copy block 1 to block 2, reload block 1. Execute correc-

- PROGRAM: Data error corrector for Nascom 1 (Z.80)

| CP | Machine Code | Label | Mn | Op1 | Op2 | Comments |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0D00 | 21000 E | START | LD | HL | - 0 E00 | Initialise pointers |
| 03 | DD210016 |  | LD | 1X | \#1600 | to start of mem. |
| 07 | FD21001E |  | LD | 1 Y | -1E00 | blocks $1,2 \& 3$. |
| 0 B | 7 E | NEXT | LD | A | (HL) | Get the bytes |
| 0 C | DD5600 |  | LD | D | (1X+d) | for comparison |
| 0 F | FD5E00 |  | LD | E | ( $1 \mathrm{Y}+\mathrm{d}$ ) | 仡 |
| 12 | BA |  | CP | D |  | Are blocks 1,2 same? |
| 15 | ${ }^{2812}$ |  | ${ }_{\text {JR }}$ | Z | GOOD | If so, good |
| 16 | 280F |  | JR | Z | GOOD | If 1,3 same good |
| 18 | 7A |  | LD | A | D | 1 Else compare |
| 19 | BB |  | CP | E |  | blocks 2 \& 3 |
| 1 A | 77 |  | LD | (HL) | A | Upgrade block 1 |
| 1 B | 280A |  | JR | Z | GOOD |  |
| 1 D | E5D5 |  | PUSH | HL | DE | If data bad |
| IF | CD3202 |  | CALL | TBCD3 |  | print bad addr. |
| 22 | CD1E1 |  | CALL | ${ }_{\text {DE }}^{\text {CRLF }}$ | HL | and scroll |
| 27 | 23 | GOOD | INC | HL |  |  |
| 28 | DD23 |  | INC | 1X |  | Set pointers to next byte |
| 2 A | FD23 |  | INC | 1Y |  |  |
| 2 C | 010016 |  | LD | BC | (\#END | Check to see |
| 2 F | B7 |  | OR | A | bLK1+1) | if finished |
| 30 | ED42 |  | SBC | HL | BC | frnshed |
| 32 | 09 |  | ADD | HL |  |  |
| 33 | CA8602 |  | JP | Z | PARSE | Exit to monitor |
| 36 | 1BD3 |  | JR | NEXT |  | Else get next byte |

## PROCRAMS

tor program.
9 If errors are still listed repeat step 8. Note: If insufficient memory is available to load the whole program in one go, split the program into segments. When each segment is cleaned up, DUMP on to scratch tapes, then assemble the individual good tapes to re-form the complete program.

## Example:

1 The corrector is loaded at 0D00 0D37. (This may be relocated as only relative jumps are used). Our program to be loaded resides in 0E00 to 15 FF so we define block 1 as 0 E 00 to 15 FF , block 2 as 1600 to 1DFF and block 3 to 1 E 00 to 25 FF .
Note: corrector lines 0D00, 0D03 and 0D07 are set to point at the start of these blocks and line 0D2C is a terminator set at [(END OF BLOCK 1) +11 . Notice Z80 practice of putting Lo order
byte first.
2 Load block 1. Copy to block 2. $>$ CE00 1600 7FF NL
3. Reload block 1. Copy to block 3. $>$ CE00 1E00 7FF NL
4. Reload block 1
5. Execute corrector program, but because block 1 overlaps page $0-1$ first modify R.SP. to 0 C 33 to prevent corruption of block 1. (see PCW March 1979 letters).
$>$ M0C3D NL
33 0C. NL
$>$ E0D00 NL
The monitor will now list any remaining errors. If none, the monitor will return a prompt $(>)$ and the program is loaded.
Final note: This represents a very simple process of choosing any two from three, more sophisticated combinations may be used but it is doubtful if more complex and hence longer programs are justified on this application.

## FUN\&GANES <br> APPLE WORMS

by Ray West, freelance programmer

TAPEWORMS: A KEYBOARD VIDEO GAME FOR THE APPLE
'Tapeworms' is a game for two players which uses the keyboard interactively. Each player has four allocated keys, which are identified by the keyboard PEEK function. Two shape tables are loaded by the program, and these give each 'worm' a different appearance. To improve the appearance of the display, the rotation feature of the shape table is used so that the direction of movement of the worm is matched by the rotation of the shape. A game ends either when a player crosses the rectangular border of the playing area, or collides with a previously plotted shape; the collision counter provides a way of checking for this event. For a detailed explanation of the listing, now read on. .

Lines 510-640 are the main program control. There are essentially six subroutines which are called.

SUB 20000. This sets up a shape table of two shapes. Line 20000 sets up pointers in locations 232 and 233, the low and high bytes respectively. Since $117 * 256+48=30000$, the Apple expects the shapes to start at 30000 . This works for a 48 K or 32 K machine. Line 20001 tells the machine there are two shapes in the table, and lines 20005 and 20010 give their addresses, offset from 30000. So shape 1 begins at $30000+256 * 0+$ $159=30159$, for example. The two shapes are ' $A$ ' and ' $V$ ', and were used because they happened to be available. If you don't like them, try adjusting the table!

SUB 10000. This prints the title page onto the screen, enabling one of three playing speeds to be selected. In addition, variables are stored just after the program; line 10010 ensures that the coordinates and directions of each 'worm' are stored where retrieval time is minimised. Random start points and directions are generated for each player; in line 10220 they are checked to avoid starting too close to each other. Direc-
tions 1 to 4 are converted into the relevant keystroke equivalent for each player.

SUB 1000 \& SUB 1400. This symmetrical pair of routines reads the keyboard. The point of the last statements of lines 1000 and 1400 is that the Apple seems sometimes to admit a low ASCII value. If on A's turn his part of the keyboard registers an input, its ASCII value is saved; and similarly on B's turn. In a fast game, only one peek at the keyboard is allowed.

SUB $2110 \&$ SUB 2510. The $x$ or $y$ coordinate is incremented/decremented as required, and the direction indicator AD or BD set to correspond. Lines 2145 and 2545 test the new plot. If it is an acceptable move, the other person's score is increased by 1 and exit to the end-ofgame routine occurs. The POP instruction removes the subroutine's return address from the stack: were this instruction omitted, after about 24 games the stack would fill up and an OUT OF MEMORY message appear. The formulae for ROT need to introduce multiples of 16 , for which the values differ for the shapes plotted, so that lines 2147 and 2547 use different calculations. The direction is coded as 1 for north, 2 for east, and so on.

SUB 25000. This is entered only in a slow or medium speed game. It uses simple delay loops, which, however, have diminishing effect as the game proceeds. So the tempo accelerates towards the end.

SUB 26000. This routine displays the aggregate scores to date, the player sitting on the left having his score shown at the left of the screen and vice versa. The set of games can be terminated in order to change speed, or start afresh, by entering ' $N$ '. Since some characters may remain in the buffer, line 26040 checks for the presence of an ' $N$ ' within it. If the set of games continues, line 26040 loops back to reset new starting positions and directions, before returning to the program's main control.

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Here, by popular demand, is the continuation of David Parkinson's Revas.
We apologise for the delay - it disappeared during the recent move.


## Pioctians



## BLUDNERS

## Basic Problem

You all spotted the \$s coming out as Ss in Bench Test and ESP didn't you? If not, why not!

## Puzzle

We've decided that Pythagoras was right after all - the area of a right-angled triangle is (once again) $1 / 2 \mathrm{~B} \times \mathrm{H}$.

## Spaceship

We think that we've had phone calls from every Fx 201-P owner! Just in case we haven't, $\div$ came out as -in the following steps: $40,59,74$, and 86 (the second one). Step 98 reads $4=7 \div$ $\mathrm{K} 2+9+4$ :

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## PUZZIES LEISURE LINES

With J.
J. Clessa

Most of you spotted the deliberate (?) mistake in our first Leisure Lines gulp!

Puzzle 1A involves some logical reasoning, and should not have proved much of an obstacle to our readers. The solution is that the pilot's name is SMITH.

Puzzle 1B was a bit tougher, and although it can be solved analytically, by anyone who's familiar with Diophantine analysis, it's a much simpler task to write a small program for desk calculator or microcomputer.

Since we made the error in defining the area of a triangle we decided we would accept either of the two possible solutions - many entries included both anyway.

Using our formula for triangle area (area - axb), the smallest solution possible is a triangle with sides 36,48 and 60 units, which has a perimeter of $12^{2}$ and an area (?) of $12^{3}$

However, using the correct formula for area ( $\mathrm{a} \times \mathrm{b} / 2$ ), the smallest solution is a triangle with sides $144,192,240$, with a perimeter of $12^{2}$ and an area of $24^{3}$

Since there was no outright winner, we made a draw and the two lucky readers are: Puzzle 1A: D. E. Arnett of Grimsby. Puzzle 1B: Paul Durrant of Norwich.

Congratulations to both and stand by for a shower of chocolate bars (not to mention the subsequent visit to the dentist).

Just one puzzle for this month, but it's really a rather interesting one. Three friends, Alan, Bert and Colin each possess vehicles. Alan owns a big foreign car, Bert a small English car and Colin, a moped.

One day while discussing mileages, Alan reports that his mileometer, which gives 6figure mileage readings, is currently showing a
palindromic reading of 006600 miles (for those that know not, a palindromic number is one which reads the same from right to left as it does from left to right).
"What a coincidence", explains Bert, "So is mine. The 5 -figure reading at the moment is 18981 miles".
"Well I never", says Colin, "although' the mileometer on my moped only shows 4-figures, it's reading 5335 miles, which is also palindromic".
'I wonder if we're ever likely to get such a coincidence
says Alan.

Well, of course, since each vehicle does a different weekly mileage from the others, there's no way that the question could be answered. But, supposing all three mileometers were connected to just one vehicle, and also supposing that they were equally accurate, then what is the least number of miles that would elapse before a) Alan's and Bert's mileometers are both showing palindromic readings again? b) Alan's and Colin's mileometers are both showing palindromic readings again? c) Bert's and Colin's mileometers are both showing palindromic readings again? and d) all three mileometers are mutually palindromic?
Answers please on a postcard to Puzzle No. 3, Personal Computer World, 14 Rathbone Place. London W1P 1DE. Entries must reach our offices by November 30th.

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3802 mini floppy disk systems are available with the drives mounted in the computer case itself, presenting a compact and tidy installation. The FDS-2 standard floppy disk system uses double-sided disk drives, providing 1 Megabyte of on-line storage.
*Trademark, Digital Research.
Versions of BASIC are available with the $380 Z$ which automatically provide controlled cassette data files, allow programs to be loaded from paper tape, mark sense card readers or from a mainframe. A disk BASIC is also available with serial and random access to disk files. Most BASICs are available in erasable ROM which will allow for periodic updating.

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## COMMANDS

CONT LIST NEW NULL RUN
STATEMENTS
CLEAR DATA DEF DIM END FOR GOTO GOSUB IF.GOTO IF..THEN INPUT LET NEM RESTORE RETURN STOP PRINT REA
EXPRESSIONS
OPERATORS VARIABLES
A.B.C. ...Z and two letter variables

The above can all be subscripled when used in an array. String variables use above names plus \$.e.g.A\$

*8K Microsoft Basic means conversion to and from Pet, Apple and Sorcerer easy. Many compatible programs already in print. HARACTERS
(a) Erases line being typ @ Erases line being ty
Erases last character typed
CR Carriage Return - must be at the end of each line.
Separates statements on a line
CONTROL/C Execution or printing of a list is interrupted at the end of a line. icating line number of next is printed, indicating line number of next statement to be ted or printed.
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| LOG(X) | PEEK(I) | POS(I) | RND(X) |
| SPG(I) | SQR(X) | TAB(I) | TAN $(X)$ |
| FRE(X) | INT(X) |  |  |
| SGN(X) | SIN(X) $(X)$ |  |  |
| USR(I) |  |  |  |
| STRING FUNCTIONS |  |  |  |
| ASC(X\$) | CHRSS(I) | FRE(X\$) | LEFT\$(XS.I) |
| RIGHT\$(X\$.I) | STR\$(X) |  |  |

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